

A. Kulichenko, T. Titiyevska

THE LATIN LANGUAGE

TEST TASKS

for Independent Work

for the First-Year Students of the Pharmaceutical Faculties
with the English Medium of Instruction,
Speciality 226 “Pharmacy, Industrial Pharmacy”



**Zaporizhzhia
2021**

**ZAPORIZHZHIA STATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES**

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*Test tasks are approved and recommended for using in learning process by the
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К 91 The Latin Language. Test Tasks for Independent Work for the First-Year Students of the Pharmaceutical Faculties with the English Medium of Instruction, Speciality 226 “Pharmacy, Industrial Pharmacy” = Латинська мова: зб. тест. завд. для самост. роб. студ.-іноз. гром. I курсу фарм. ф-тів спец. 226 “Фармація, промислова фармація” / А. Kulichenko, Т. Titiyevska. – Zaporizhzhia : [ZSMU], 2021. – 155 p.

Test tasks are made up for the first-year students of the pharmaceutical faculties with the English medium of instruction, speciality 226 “Pharmacy, Industrial Pharmacy”. Test tasks contain specialized design-structure tasks for independent work. The purpose of test tasks is to revise the material learnt during Latin classes and to prepare for assessment and credit in the Latin language.

UDC 811.124(075.8+079.1)

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PREFACE

Test tasks on discipline “The Latin Language” are made up for the first-year students of the pharmaceutical faculties with the English medium of instruction, speciality 226 “Pharmacy, Industrial Pharmacy”.

Test tasks contain 30 themes that correspond to practical classes within the 1st semester (Section I. Latin Grammar. The Prescription) the 2nd semester (Section II. Latin Grammar. Special Terminology). Each theme has detailed instructions on test-taking and 25 questions, closed-ended ones (multiple-choice tests) and open-ended ones (to type/write a word, a word combination or a prescription). The purpose of test tasks is to revise the material learnt during Latin classes and to prepare for assessment and credit in the Latin language, the Unified State Qualification Examination (USQE), Stage 1 for the students majoring in “Pharmacy” that consists of the following parts: the “Krok-1” Integrated Test-Based Exam and the English Language Proficiency Test. Moreover, the manual consists of preface and references.

Note that it is highly recommended to use test tasks for independent work. For successful completion of each theme and test-taking, students need to learn information that deals with a specific grammar point from a textbook. Evaluation criteria (scores – a traditional mark):

37-40 scores – 5;

31-36 scores – 4;

21-30 points – 3;

0-20 points – test is failed.

The manual is a supplement to the textbook *Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.* Besides, it is based both on it and other references.

SECTION I. LATIN GRAMMAR. PRESCRIPTION

THEME 1. **THE LATIN ALPHABET. THE STRESS.**

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The letter C is pronounced in a word OCULUS as
 - A. s
 - B. f
 - C. ts
 - D. k**
 - E. kv

2. The letter S is pronounced in a word GRADUS as
 - A. z
 - B. s**
 - C. ts
 - D. k
 - E. ch

3. The letter combination QU is pronounced in a word AEQUALIS as
 - A. u
 - B. g
 - C. k
 - D. kv**
 - E. ku

4. Choose the line where the letter S is pronounced as [Z].
 - A. sedativum, bonus, lapsus, solus
 - B. Cerasus, basis, mosaica, causa**
 - C. structura, universus, vetuste, aspectus
 - D. saepe, emulsum, febris, insula
 - E. sanitas, res, erysimum, sepsis

5. Choose the line where the letter C is pronounced as [K].

- A. glycosidum, gracilis, lac
- B. velociter, Victoria, glycerinum
- C. crista, facies, Hypericum
- D. dulcis, educere, excerptum
- E. capsula, nucleus, oculus**

6. Choose the line where the letter C is pronounced as [TS].

- A. vesica, tunica, specialis
- B. praescribere, modice, musca
- C. locus, medicamentum, iudicium
- D. facies, cyclus, cuprum
- E. facies, nocens, cerebrum**

7. Choose the line where the letter combination NGU is pronounced as [NGV].

- A. angulus, lingula, singularis
- B. sanguis, lingua, anguis**
- C. frangula, quadrangularis, unguentum
- D. sanguineus, signum, singulus
- E. triangularis, unguentum, cingulum

8. Choose the line where the letter combination TI is pronounced as [TI].

- A. consolatio, traumatis, triplicis
- B. transplantatio, spatium, contineo
- C. ostium, mixtio, ustio**
- D. lymphaticus, frontis, curatio
- E. abscedentis, patientis, rotatio

9. Choose the line where the letter combination TI is pronounced as [TI].

- A. mixtio, tibia, cartilago**
- B. dentinum, luxatio, inflammatio
- C. bicipitis, diabeticus, stipes
- D. curatio, articulatio, palpatio
- E. teretis, intestinum, insertio

10. The letter S is pronounced as [Z]

- A. before the consonants
- B. before the vowels

- C. before e, i, y
- D. in position between two vowels**
- E. before the diphthongs

11. The digraph CH is pronounced as

- A. [h]
- B. [k]
- C. [c]
- D. [ts]
- E. [ch]

12. The letter S is pronounced as [Z] in

- A. fossa
- B. dorsum
- C. sella
- D. incisura**
- E. processus

13. The letter C is pronounced as [TS]

- A. before ae, oe, i, y, e**
- B. in the end of the word
- C. between vowels
- D. between consonants
- E. at the beginning of the word

14. The letter combination NGU is pronounced as [NGU] in

- A. lingu
- B. lingula**
- C. sanguis
- D. inguen
- E. unguentum

15. The letter combination PH in RAPHE is pronounced as

- A. [ph]
- B. [p]
- C. [r]
- D. [f]**
- E. [rf]

16. The letter combination TI is pronounced as [TI] in

- A. rotatio
- B. articulatio
- C. eminentia
- D. curatio
- E. ostium**

17. The letter combination TI is pronounced as [TSI] in

- A. eminentia**
- B. ostium
- C. mixtio
- D. tibia
- E. Tilia

18. The letter C is pronounced as [TS] in

- A. oculus
- B. coelia**
- C. corpus
- D. crista
- E. costa

19. The letter C is pronounced as [K]

- A. before the vowels
- B. before e, i, y
- C. before the consonants**
- D. before ae, oe
- E. before i, y

20. The letter combination QU in a word QUERCUS is pronounced as

- A. [ku]
- B. [k]
- C. [gv]
- D. [kju]
- E. [kv]**

21. The letter C is pronounced as

- A. [ts] or [k]**
- B. [k]

- C. [c]
- D. [s] or [k]
- E. [ch]

22. The letter combination AE is pronounced as

- A. [a]
- B. [i]
- C. [e]**
- D. [j]
- E. [y]

23. The letter Y is pronounced as

- A. [j]**
- B. [u]
- C. [i] or [j]
- D. [i]
- E. [e]

24. The letter combination NGU in a word SANGUIS pronounced as

- A. [ngu]
- B. [ngi]
- C. [ngv]**
- D. [nju]
- E. [ng]

25. The letter Z is pronounced as

- A. [k]
- B. [ts] or [z]
- C. [s]
- D. [z]**
- E. [ts]

THEME 2.
**LATIN VERBS. GRAMMATICAL CATEGORIES. IMPERATIVE OF
THE VERBS. VERBS IN PRESCRIPTIONS**

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct line with THE 1ST CONJUGATION VERBS is

- A. laborāre, terēre, vertēre
- B. solvēre, macerare, sumēre
- C. siccāre, colāre, dāre**
- D. invenire, agitāre, coquēre
- E. habēre, defendēre, dividēre

2. The correct line with THE 3RD CONJUGATION VERBS is

- A. vivēre, finire, habitāre
- B. dividēre, destillāre, laborāre
- C. legēre, audire, ponēre
- D. ponēre, defendēre, minuēre**
- E. habēre, defendēre, dividēre

3. The correct line with THE 4TH CONJUGATION VERBS is

- A. vertēre, ponēre, scire
- B. praevenire, linire, audire**
- C. extrahēre, vertēre, miscere
- D. aspirare, diluēre, servāre
- E. audire, salvēre, ponēre

4. The correct line with THE 2ND CONJUGATION VERBS is

- A. bibēre, obtinēre, concidēre
- B. ponēre, recipēre, finire
- C. audire, dividēre, colāre
- D. fabricāre, legēre, terēre
- E. salvēre, continēre, habēre**

5.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 4TH CONJUGATION IN IMPERATIVE MOOD is

- A. concide, dilue, studēt,
- B. continēte, salvēte, coquite
- C. audīte, veni, dormi**
- D. ambulare, aude, cedīte
- E. comparāte, gaude, intra

6.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 2ND CONJUGATION IN IMPERATIVE MOOD is

- A. colligīte, para, macerāte
- B. formāte, valēte, nutrīte
- C. solve, dividīte, fini
- D. studēte, vive, coque
- E. miscēte, salvēte, contine**

7.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 3RD CONJUGATION IN IMPERATIVE MOOD is

- A. obducīte, tere, scribīte**
- B. lini, quiesce, purifica
- C. demonstra, colāte, agita
- D. demonstra, concide, cogitāte
- E. spera, lege, venīte, servāte

8.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 1ST CONJUGATION IN IMPERATIVE MOOD is

- A. verte, infundīte, contundīte
- B. recipe, capta, firmāte
- C. exercēte, impedīte, obducīte
- D. agita, sterilisate, obducīte
- E. muta, sicca, signa**

9.The correct line with the stem for the verb PRAECIPITĀRE is

- A. praecipi-
- B. praecipitat-
- C. praecipita-**
- D. praecipitar-
- E. praecip-

10. The correct line with the stem for the verb CONTUNDĒRE is

- A. **contund-**
- B. contunde-
- C. contun-
- D. cont-
- E. contender-

11. The correct line with the stem for the verb CONTINĒRE is

- A. contin-
- B. **contine-**
- C. conti-
- D. cont-
- E. container-

12. The correct line with the verb in its IMPERATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. finit
- B. colāre
- C. **conspergite**
- D. vertunt
- E. audi

13. The correct line with the verb in its IMPERATIVUS SINGULARIS is

- A. extrahite
- B. agitantur
- C. **habe**
- D. maceratur
- E. trahit

14. The correct Infinitive ending for the third conjugation verb EXPRIM... is

- A. -āre
- B. -āte
- C. -ēre
- D. -īre
- E. **-ĕre**

15. The correct Infinitive ending for the first conjugation verb IMPER... is

- A. -īre
- B. **-īte**

- C. -āre
- D. -ēre
- E. -ěre

16. The correct Infinitive ending for the second conjugation verb VID... is

- A. -ete
- B. -āre
- C. -īre
- D. -ēre**
- E. -ěre

17. The correct Infinitive ending for the fourth conjugation verb NUTR... is

- A. -āre
- B. -īte
- C. -īre**
- D. -ēre
- E. -ěre

18. The correct line with Infinitive and conjugation of the verb (determine it by the form of Imperativus pluralis) SIGNĀTE is

- A. signēre 2
- B. signat 1
- C. signěre 4
- D. signīte 3
- E. signāre 1**

19. The correct line with Infinitive and conjugation of the verb (determine it by the form of Imperativus pluralis) PRAESCRIBITE is

- A. praescribēre 2
- B. praescribīre 4
- C. praescribē 3
- D. praescribēre 3**
- E. praescribāre 1

20. The correct line with Infinitive and conjugation of the verb (determine it by the form of Imperativus pluralis) SALVĒTE is

- A. salvēre 3
- B. salvēre 2**

- C. salvēre 1
- D. salvēre 4
- E. salvāre 1

21. The correct line with Infinitive and conjugation of the verb (determine it by the form of Imperativus pluralis) NUTRĪTE is

- A. nutrīre 1
- B. nutrīre 3
- C. nutrāre 1
- D. nutrēre 2
- E. nutrīre 4**

22. Translate into Latin: Twice repeat! (bis – twice) – Singular form.

23. Translate into Latin: Prepare and give! (and – et) – Plural form.

24. Translate into English: Solvite et infundite! Answer the question: What Imperative form – Singular or Plural?

25. Translate into English: Adde cito! (cito – quickly) Answer the question: What Imperative form – Singular or Plural?

THEME 3.

LATIN NOUNS. GRAMMATICAL CATEGORIES. LEXICAL FORMS. 5 DECLENSIONS OF NOUNS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. Choose the correct number of declension for SCABIES, EI F

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V**

2. Choose the correct number of declension for GELU, US N

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV**
- E. V

3. Choose the correct number of declension for PUPILLA, AE F

- A. I**
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

4. Choose the correct number of declension for CAPUT, ITIS N

- 1. I
- 2. II
- 3. III**
- 4. IV
- 5. V

5. Choose the correct number of declension for MUSCULUS, I M

- A. I
- B. II**
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

6. The correct stem for the noun ASTHMA, ATIS N is

- A. asthma-
- B. asthmat-**
- C. sthmati-
- D. asthmatiss
- E. asthm-

7. The correct stem for the noun SINUS, US M is

- A. si-
- B. sin-**

- C. sinusi-
- D. sini-
- E. sinusus-

8. The correct stem for the noun TROCHANTER, ERIS M is

- A. trochanter-**
- B. trochant-
- C. troch-
- D. trochanteri-
- E. trochanteris-

9. The correct stem for the noun MERIDIES, EI F is

- A. meridie-
- B. meridiei-
- C. merid-
- D. meridi-**
- E. meridies-

10. The correct stem for the noun MAGISTER, TRI M is

- A. magister-
- B. magist-
- C. magistri-
- D. magistr-**
- E. magis-

11. The correct dictionary form for the Latin noun OLEUM is

- A. oleum, o m
- B. oleum, i n**
- C. oleum, i m
- D. oleum, ae f
- E. oleum, ae m

12. The correct dictionary form for the Latin noun COLUMNA is

- A. columna, ae f**
- B. columna, i n
- C. columna, ei f
- D. columna, i m
- E. columna, atis n

13. The correct dictionary form for the Latin noun FACIES is

- A. **facies, ei f**
- B. facies, i n
- C. facies, eris f
- D. facies us n
- E. facies, ae f

14. The correct dictionary form for the Latin noun MARGO is

- A. margo, ionis m
- B. margo, eris f
- C. margo, us m
- D. margo, i n
- E. **margo, inis m**

15. The correct dictionary form for the Latin noun PROCESSUS is

- A. processus, i m
- B. processus, ae f
- C. processus, eris n
- D. **processus, us m**
- E. processus, ei f

16. The correct translation for English TINCTURE OF CAMOMILE is

- A. Chamomillae tinctura
- B. tinctura Chamomilla
- C. **tinctura Chamomillae**
- D. tincturae Chamomilla
- E. tinctura Chamomillarum

17. The correct translation for English DA (Imperativus singularis) WATER OF ROSE is

- A. Date aquam Rosae.
- B. **Da aquam Rosae.**
- C. Da aquam Amygdalarum.
- D. Da gemmam aquae.
- E. Da herbam Rosae.

18. The correct translation for English MIX (imperativus pluralis) A MASS OF PILLS is

- A. Miscete massam pilulae.
- B. Miscete massae pilularum.
- C. Miscete massam pilularum.**
- D. Date massam pilularum.
- E. Misce massam pilularum.

19. The correct translation for English DISSOLVE (Plur.) A TABLET OF MINT is

- A. Solve tabulettam Menthae.
- B. Solvate Menthae tabulettam.
- C. Solvite tabulettam Menthae.**
- D. Solvate tabulettam Menthae.
- E. Solvite tabulettas Menthae.

20. The correct translation for English PREPARE (Sing.) TINCTURE FROM VALERIAN is

- A. Praepara tincturam ex Valerianā.**
- B. Praepara tincturam in Valerianam.
- C. Praepara tincturam contra Valerianam.
- D. Praeparate tincturam cum Valeriana.
- E. Date tincturam ad Valerianam.

21. The correct Latin translation for Latin MIX WATER WITH TINCTURE is

- A. Misce aquam ex tincturam.
- B. Misce aquam in tinctura.
- C. Misce aquam cum tincturā.**
- D. Misce aquam per tincturam.
- E. Misce aquam sine tincturam.

22. Translate into Latin the following word-combination MIXTURE OF MARIGOLD (e.g. aqua Plumbi).

23. Translate into Latin the following word-combination TINCTURE OF ARNICA (e.g. aqua Plumbi).

24. Translate into English the following word-combination TINCTURA VALERIANAE CUM TINCTURA SALVIAE (e.g. tablets of Mint).

25. Translate into English the following word-combination SOLVE TABULETTAM MENTHAE IN AQUA.

THEME 4.
NOUNS OF THE 1ST DECLENSION. DIRECT OBJECT. DISAGREED
ATTRIBUTE. PREPOSITIONS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. Choose the correct case to denote DISAGREED ATTRIBUTE.

- A. Nominativus
- B. Accusativus
- C. Dativus
- D. Ablativus
- E. Genetivus**

2. Choose the correct questions to denote DISAGREED ATTRIBUTE.

- A. Who? What?
- B. To whom? To what?
- C. Whom? What?
- D. Of what? Of whom?**
- E. By whom? By what?

3. Choose the correct question for DIRECT OBJECT.

- A. What? Who?
- B. Of what? Of whom?
- C. Whom? What?**
- D. By whom? By what?
- E. To whom? To what?

4. Choose the correct case for the Latin translation of noun WATER in the sentence ADD WATER.

- A. Accusativus**
- B. Dativus

- C. Ablativus
- D. Nominativus
- E. Genetivus

5. Choose the correct line with the noun in the form of DISAGREED ATTRIBUTE.

- A. Da tincturam**
- B. Tinctura Schizandrae
- C. Cum Schizandrā
- D. Addite tincturas
- E. In tincturam

6. Choose the correct line with the noun in the form of DIRECT OBJECT.

- A. Aqua Menthae
- B. Praepara mixturam**
- C. Aqua ex Mentha
- D. Mentha cum aquā
- E. Praepara et da

7. The correct translation for DROPS OF TINCTURE OF VALERIAN is

- A. gutta tincturae Valeriana
- B. guttae tincturae Valeriana
- C. in guttis tincturae Valerianae
- D. guttae tincturae Valerianae**
- E. guttae tincturam Valeriana

8. The correct translation for BUDS OF PLANTS is

- A. gemma plantae
- B. plantae gemma
- C. plantarum gemmae
- D. gemmae plantarum**
- E. gemmarum plantarum

9. The correct translation for MASS OF PILLS is

- A. massa pilulae
- B. pilularum massa
- C. massae pilulae
- D. massa pilularum**
- E. massa pilularum

10. The correct translation for HERB OF PLANT is

- A. herbae plantarum
- B. plantae herba
- C. herba plantarum
- D. herba plantae**
- E. herbae plantae

11. The correct translation for MIXTURE FROM TINCTURES

- A. mixtura cum tincturis
- B. mixtura ex tincturis**
- C. mixturae ex tincturis
- D. tincturae ex mixturis
- E. mixture ex tinctura

12. The correct translation for DROP OF TINCTURE OF MARSH MALLOW WITHOUT WATER is

- A. tinctura Althaea gutta sine aquā
- B. guttae tincturarum Althaeae sine aquā
- C. sine aquā gutta tincturae Althaeae
- D. gutta sine aquā tincturae Althaeae
- E. gutta tincturae Althaeae sine aquā**

13. The correct translation for TINCTURE OF CALENDULA WITH WATER is

- A. tinctura Calendulae cum aquā**
- B. aqua cum tincturā Calendulae
- C. tincturae Calendularum cum aquā
- D. cum aquā tincturam Calendulae
- E. tinctura cum aquā Calendulae

14. The correct translation for TABLETS OF MINT IN A BOX is

- A. tabuletta Menthae in scatulā
- B. Menthae tabulettae in scatulā
- C. Scatula cum tabulettis Menthae
- D. Tabulettae Menthae sine scatulā
- E. tabulettae Menthae in scatula**

15. The correct translation for DISSOLVE (sing.) TABLETS OF MINT IN WATER is

- A. Solve tabulettam Menthae in aquā
- B. Solvite tabulettam Menthae in aquā
- C. Date tabulettas Menthae ad aquam
- D. Solve tabulettas Menthae in aquā**
- E. Aqua solvit tabulettas Menthae

16. The correct translation for English USE (plur.) WATER OF CAMOMILE AGAINST PNEUMONIA is

- A. Adhibe aquam Chamomillae contra pneumonia.
- B. Adhibēte aquae Chamomillae contra pneumonia.
- C. Adhibēte aquam Chamomillae contra pneumonia.**
- D. Adhibēte aquas Chamomillae contra pneumoniis.
- E. Adhibēte aquam Chamomilla contra pneumoniae.

17. The correct translation for English FORM (plur.) PILULAS FROM MASS OF PILLS is

- A. Forma pilulas ex massā pilulae.
- B. Formāte pilulas ex massā pilularum.**
- C. Formāte pilulas ex massae pilulae.
- D. Formāte pilulas cum massa pilularum.
- E. Formāre pilulas ex massis pilularum.

18. The correct translation for English MIX (imperativus plur.) A MASS OF PILLS WITH WATER is

- A. Miscēte massam pilulae cum aquā.
- B. Miscēte massae pilularum cum aquā.
- C. Miscēte massam pilularum cum aquā.**
- D. Dāte massam pilularum ex aquā.
- E. isce massam pilularum cum Camphorā.

19. The correct translation for English DISSOLVE (Plur.) A TABLET OF MINT is

- A. Solve tabulettam Menthae.
- B. Solvate Menthae tabulettam.
- C. Solvate tabulettam Menthae.
- D. Solvite tabulettas Menthae.
- E. Solvite tabulettam Menthae.**

20. The correct translation for English PREPARE (Sing.) MIXTURES FROM TINCTURES is

- A. **Praepara mixturas ex tincturis.**
- B. Praepara mixturam ex tincturis.
- C. Praepara mixturae ex tincturis.
- D. Praeparāte tincturam ex mixturis.
- E. Praeparat mixturam cum tincturis.

21. Translate into Latin: DROPS OF TINCTURES (e.g. aqua Plumbi).

22. Translate into Latin: TINCTURE OF SAGE WITH WATER OF MINT (e.g. aqua Plumbi).

23. Translate into Latin: STERILIZE (Sing.) WATER OF CHAMOMILE DURING AN HOUR (e.g. aqua Plumbi).

24. Translate into English: ADDE AQUAM AMYGDALARUM AD TINCTURAM SALVIAE (e.g. Add water of lead).

25. Translate into English: MISCE GUTTAS TINCTURAE SCHIZANDRAE CUM TINCTURE OF MINT (e.g. Add water of lead).

THEME 5.
INDICATIVE AND CONJUNCTIVE OF VERBS. VERBS IN
PRESCRIPTIONS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct line with THE 1ST CONJUGATION VERBS is

- A. laborāre, terēre, vertēre
- B. solvēre, macerare, sumēre
- C. **siccāre, colāre, dāre**
- D. invenire, agitāre, coquēre
- E. habēre, defendēre, dividēre

2. The correct line with THE 3RD CONJUGATION is

- A. vivēre, finire, habitāre
- B. ponēre, defendēre, minuēre**
- C. dividēre, destillāre, laborāre
- D. legēre, audire, ponēre
- E. habēre, defendēre, dividēre

3. The correct line with THE 4TH CONJUGATION is

- A. vertēre, ponēre, scire
- B. extrahēre, vertēre, miscere
- C. aspirare, diluēre, servāre
- D. praevenire, linire, audire**
- E. audire, salvēre, ponēre

4. The correct line with THE 2ND CONJUGATION is

- A. bibēre, obtinēre, concidēre
- B. ponēre, recipēre, finire
- C. audire, dividēre, colāre
- D. fabricāre, legēre, terēre
- E. salvēre, continēre, habēre**

5. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 4TH CONJUGATION IN 3RD PERSON SINGULAR ACTIVE is

- A. concidit, diluit, studet
- B. continet, salvet, coquit
- C. audit, venit, dormit**
- D. ambulat, audit, cedīt
- E. audiunt, recipit, extrahunt

6. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 2ND CONJUGATION IN 3RD PERSON PLURAL PASSIVE is

- A. colligunt, parantur, macerantur
- B. formāntur, valentur, nutriuntur
- C. solvitur, dividītur, finitur
- D. studēte, vivite, coque
- E. miscentur, salventur, continentur**

7.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 3RD CONJUGATION IN 3RD PERSON ACTIVE PLURAL is

- A. **obducunt, terunt, scribunt**
- B. liniunt, finiunt, audiunt
- C. demonstrant, colant, agitant
- D. demonstrate, concide, cogitāte
- E. legunt, veniunt, servānt

8.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 1ST CONJUGATION IN 3RD PERSON SINGULAR PASSIVE is

- A. vertitur, infunditur, contunditur
- B. recipit, captat, firmāt
- C. exercetur, impeditur, obducitur
- D. agita, sterilisate, obducite
- E. **mutatur, siccatur, signatur**

9.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 3RD CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON SINGULAR ACTIVE is

- A. **vivit, legit, conspergit**
- B. finit, agitant, bibuntur
- C. colat, mutat, movet
- D. vertunt, addunt, solvuntur
- E. audiunt, sumit, venit

10.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 2ND CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON SINGULAR ACTIVE is

- A. vertit, addunt, extrahunt
- B. finit, agitantur, videt
- C. maceratur, legunt, finiunt
- D. **videt, movet, habet**
- E. finit, sumit, trahunt

11.The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 4TH CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON plural active is

- A. sumunt, addunt, sterisant
- B. finitur, solvit, bibunt

- C. vidētur, movētur, adhibet
- D. macerat, leguntur, finiunt
- E. audiunt, finiunt, liniunt**

12. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 1ST CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON PLURAL ACTIVE is

- A. finītur, solvit, bibunt
- B. agitant, probant, dant**
- C. propant, signnat, habēt
- D. maceratur, leguntur, finiuntur
- E. imperat, colantur, agitant

13. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 3RD CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON PLURAL PASSIVE is

- A. finiuntur, agitantur, bibuntur
- B. colātur, mutant, moventur
- C. vivunt, legitur, finiunt
- D. vertuntur, adduntur, extrahuntur**
- E. audiuntur, sumuntur, veniuntur

14. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 2ND CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON SINGULAR PASSIVE is

- A. vertitur, adduntur, sumitur
- B. finiurt, agitatur, bibuntur
- C. vidētur, movētur, habetur**
- D. maceratur, leguntur, finiunt
- E. audiuntur, sumuntur, veniuntur

15. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 4TH CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON PLURAL PASSIVE is

- A. sumuntur, adduntur, teruntur
- B. finītur, solvit, bibunt
- C. vidētur, movētur, habētur
- D. macerāntur, leguntur, finiuntur
- E. audiuntur, finiuntur, liniuntur**

16. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 1ST CONJUGATION IN THE 3RD PERSON SINGULAR PASSIVE is

- A. audiātur, adduntur, extrahunt
- B. finītur, solvitur, bibuntur
- C. vidētur, movētur, habētur
- D. macerātur, agitātur, formātur**
- E. audiuntur, finiuntur, liniuntur

17. The correct English translation for Latin IN AQUAM GUTTAS MIXTURAE ADDIT is

- A. They add drops of mixture in water.
- B. Drops of mixture are added in water.
- C. He adds drops of mixture in water.**
- D. Add drops of mixture in water.
- E. He adds drop of mixture in water.

18. The correct English translation for Latin GEMMAE ET BACCAE PLANTĀRUM PRO OFFICINIS COLLIGUNTUR is

- A. Collect buds and berries for pharmacies.
- B. They collect buds and berries for pharmacies.
- C. He collects buds and berries for pharmacies.
- D. Bud and berry are collected for pharmacies.
- E. Buds and berries are collected for pharmacies.**

19. The correct English translation for Latin MASSA PILULĀRUM PRO PILULIS PRAEPARANTUR is

- A. They prepare mass of pills for pills.
- B. Pills are prepared for mass of pills.
- C. He prepares mass of pills for pills.
- D. Mass of pills is prepared for pills.**
- E. Prepare mass of pills for pills!

20. The correct English translation for Latin 200 ml AQUAE AMYGDALĀRUM CUM 10 ml TINCTURAE VALERIANAE MISCENTUR is

- A. They mix 200 ml of water of almonds with 10 ml of tincture of valerian.
- B. 200 ml of water of almonds are mixed with 10 ml of tincture of valerian.**

- C. Mix 200 ml of water of almonds with 10 ml of tincture of valerian.
- D. He mixes 200 ml of water of almonds with 10 ml of tincture of valerian.
- E. She mixes 200 ml of water of almonds with 10 ml of tincture of valerian.

21. Translate into Latin: TABLETS CONTAIN HERB OF NETTLE.

22. Translate into Latin: WATER OF MINT IS USED WITH BROMCAMPOR (Bromcamphora, ae f).

23. Translate into Latin: THEY PURIFY MIXTURE WITHOUT WATER.

24. Translate into Latin: THEY COVER TABLETS OF MINT FOR PHARMACY.

25. Translate into English: AQUA AMYGDALĀRUM CUM TINCTURĀ ORYZAE AD MIXTURAM ADDUNTUR.

THEME 6. **THE PRESCRIPTION. GENERAL INFORMATION.**

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The most common case of nouns and adjectives in the prescription lines is

- A. Nominativus Singularis, Pluralis
- B. Dativus Singularis, Pluralis
- C. Genetivus Singularis, Pluralis**
- D. Ablativus Singularis, Pluralis
- E. Accusativus Singularis, Pluralis

2. When we see the noun TABLET (tabuleta, ae f), as the first in line, the correct case is

- A. Nominativus Singularis, Pluralis
- B. Dativus Singularis, Pluralis
- C. Genetivus Singularis, Pluralis
- D. Ablativus Singularis, Pluralis

E. Accusativus Singularis, Pluralis

3. With an INITIAL CAPITAL LETTER we write in the middle of the line
- A. the following words: oxydum, i n, peroxydum, i n, hydroxydum, i n
 - B. names of animal organs
 - C. names of plants**
 - D. names of plant parts
 - E. adjectives
4. We write in the middle of the line with an INITIAL SMALL LETTER
- A. names of plants
 - B. names of chemical elements
 - C. names of remedies
 - D. adjectives**
 - E. verbs
5. When we have an equal amount of some remedies we use the word
- A. ad
 - B. ana**
 - C. ex
 - D. circa
 - E. cum
6. The correct line for Recipe: TABLETS Phenacetini is
- A. Tabulettarum
 - B. Tabulettas**
 - C. Tabulettae
 - D. Tabulettis
 - E. Tabuletta
7. The correct line for Misce, fiat POWDER (pulvis, eris m) is
- A. pulveres
 - B. pulveris**
 - C. pulvera
 - D. pulvis
 - E. pulverum

8. The correct line for Recipe: TINCTURE is

- A. tincturarum
- B. tincturas
- C. tincturae**
- D. tincturis
- E. tincturam

9. The correct line for Recipe: BUDS is

- A. gemmae
- B. gemmarum**
- C. gemmas
- D. gemmis
- E. gemmam

10. The correct line for Recipe: BERRIES is

- A. gemmarum
- B. tincturam
- C. baccarum**
- D. tincturis
- E. baccae

11. The correct line for Recipe: SUPPOSITORIES “Bethiolum” is

- A. Recipe: Suppositorium “Bethiolum”
- B. Recipe: Suppositorium “Bethiolum”
- C. Recipe: Suppositoria “Bethiolum”**
- D. Recipe: Suppositorium “Bethiolum”
- E. Recipe :Suppositorium “Bethiolum”

12. The correct line for Misce TO GET pills N 12 is

- A. fiantur
- B. fiatur
- C. fiant**
- D. fiunt
- E. fiut

13. The correct line for Recipe: TABLETS .. numero 20 (Take: Tablets of ... in number) is

- A. Tabulettae...
- B. Tabulettas ...**

- C. Tabulettarum...
- D. Tabulettam..
- E. Tabuletuntur...

14. The correct line for Recipe: PASTE herbae Menthae (Take: Paste of herb of mint) is

- A. Pasta
- B. Pastae**
- C. Pastarum
- D. Pastas
- E. Pastis

15. The correct line for Recipe: Aquae OF ALMONDS (Take: Water of almonds) is

- A. Amygdalae
- B. Amygdalam
- C. Amygdalas
- D. Amygdalarum**
- E. Amygdalis

16. Translate a prescription into English:

Reciġpe: Tincturae Valerianae

Tincturae Convallariae ana 10 ml

Solutionis Nitroglycerini 1 % – 1 ml

Misceātur.

Detur.

Signetur.

*New words: tinctura, ae f – tincture Valeriana, ae f – valerian (medicinal herb)
Convallaria, ae f – lily of valley (medicinal herb) solutio, onis f – solution
Nitroglycerinum, i n – nitroglycerin*

17. Translate a prescription into English:

Reciġpe: Massae pilularum 100,0

Camphorae 20,0

Misce.

Da.

Signa.

New words: Camphora, ae f – camphor

18. Translate a prescription into English:

Recīpe: Tincturae Salviae

Tincturae Eucalypti ana 50 ml

Misce.

Da.

Signa.

New words: tinctura, ae f – tincture Eucalyptus, i f – eucalyptus, blue gum (medicinal plant)

19. Translate a prescription into English:

Recīpe: Baccarum Frangulae 100,0

Da in scatula. Signa.

New words: Frangula, ae f – buckthorn (plant)

20. Translate a prescription into English:

Recīpe: Pastae Cerae 100,0

Da in lagenā.

Signa.

21. Translate a prescription into Latin:

Take: Tablets of mint 0,5 numero 20

Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate a prescription into Latin:

Take: Herb of chamomile

Buds of birch equally 50,0

Mix.

Give out in a paper.

Administer.

23. Translate a prescription into Latin:

Take: Water of almonds 200 ml

Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate a prescription into Latin:

Take: Flour of rice 150,0

Gelatine 50,00

Mix to get powder.

Give out.

Administer.

New words: Gelatine – gelatin, ae f

25. Translate a prescription into Latin:

Take: Water of rose

Water of mint equally 20 ml

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 7.

LATIN NOUNS OF THE 2ND DECLENSION. THE MASCULINE GENDER.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct ending of OCULUS, I M in DATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -us
- B. -orum
- C. -am
- D. -is**
- E. -o

2. The correct ending of OLEUM, I N in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -i
- B. -a**
- C. -ae
- D. -um
- E. -as

3. The correct ending of SIRUPUS, I M in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS is

- A. -ae

- B. -arum
- C. -is
- D. -i**
- E. -as

4. The correct ending of INFUSUM, I N in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -i
- B. -is
- C. -a**
- D. -ae
- E. -as

5. The correct ending of SUCCUS, I M in ACCUSATIVUS SINGULARIS is

- A. -ae
- B. -um**
- C. -os
- D. -am
- E. -orum

6. The Latin translation of ABOUT ANISE is

- A. per Anisum
- B. in Anisis
- C. intra Anisos
- D. de Aniso**
- E. cum Aniso

7. The Latin translation of WITHOUT STARCH is

- A. in Amylo
- B. intra Amylum
- C. ex Amylo
- D. sine Amylo**
- E. pro Amyliss

8. The Latin translation of WITH DECOCTION OF BERRIES OF WHORTLEBERRY is

- A. cum decocto baccarum Myrtilli**
- B. in decocto baccarum Myrtilli
- C. cum decoctis baccarum Myrtilli
- D. cum baccis decocti Myrtilli
- E. per decoctum baccarum Myrtilli

9. The Latin translation of THROUGH STARCH OF RICE is

- A. per folia Oryzae
- B. per tincturam Oryzae
- C. intra amyllum Oryzae
- D. per amyllum Solani tuberosi
- E. per amyllum Oryzae**

10. The correct Latin translation of the sentence HE PREPARES INFUSIONS OF BUDS OF PLANTS is

- A. Infusa gemmarum plantarum praeparantur.
- B. Preparat infusa baccarum plantarum.**
- C. Praepara infusa gemmarum plantarum.
- D. Preparat infusa ex gemmis plantarum.
- E. Praeparant infusa gemmarum plantarum.

11. The correct Latin translation of the sentence BERRIES OF PLANTS ARE USED FOR INFUSIONS is

- A. Adhibet baccas plantarum pro infusis.
- B. Baccae plantarum adhibentur pro infusis.**
- C. Bacca plantae adhibetur pro infuso.
- D. Plantae cum baccis adhibentur in infuses.
- E. Baccarum plantarum adhibentur pro infusis.

12. The correct prescription line for TAKE: BUDS OF BIRCH 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Betulae gemmarum 20,0
- B. Recipe: Gemmae Betulae 20,0
- C. Recipe: Gemmas Betulae 20,0
- D. Recipe: Gemmarum Betularum 20,0
- E. Recipe: Gemmarum Betulae 20,0**

13. The correct prescription line for TAKE : OINTMENT OF STREPTOCIDE 10,0

- A. Recipe: Streptocidi unguenti 10,0
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Streptocidi 10,0**
- C. Recipe: Unguentum Streptocidi 10,0
- D. Recipe: Unguentum Streptocidum 10,0
- E. Recipe: Unguentorum Streptocidi 10,0

14. The correct prescription line for TAKE: INFUSION OF HERB OF THYME 10,0 – 200,0 is

- A. Recipe: Decocti herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml
- B. Recipe: Tincturae herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml
- C. Recipe: Olei herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml
- D. Recipe: Infusi herbarum Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml

E. Recipe: Infusi herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml

15. The correct prescription line for TAKE: TABLETS OF DIMEDROLE 0,005 IN NUMBER 10 is

- A. **Recipe: Tabulettas Dimedroli 0,005 numero 10**
- B. Recipe: Tabulettarum Dimedroli 0,005 numero 10
- C. Recipe: Tabulettam Dimedroli 0,005 numero 10
- D. Recipe: Tabulettae Dimedrolum 0,005 numeris 10
- E. Recipe: Tabulettas Dimedrolum 0,005 numerus 10

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: FOLI... SALVI... 100,0 (Take: Leaves of sage 100,0) are

- A. -um, -i
- B. -i, -arum
- C. **-orum, -ae**
- D. -ae, -i,
- E. -a, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: OLE... MENTH... GUTT... II (Take: Oil of mint 2 drops) are

- A. -um, -um, -um
- B. -i, -ae, -um
- C. -ae, -i, -as
- D. **-i, -ae, -as**
- E. -um, -a, -us

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR... GLYCERIN... NUMER... 10 (Take: Suppositories of glycerin in number 10) are

- A. -is, -i, -o
- B. **-a, -i, -o**
- C. -a, -us, -i
- D. -i, -is, -o
- E. -um, -i, -o

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT... FOLI... HELIANTH... 10,0 - 200 ml (Take: Decoction of leaves of sunflower 10,0 - 200 ml)

- A. -i, -i, -is
- B. -um, -arum, -ae
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. **-i, -orum, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... BACC... MYRTILL... 90,0 – 200 ml
(Take: Infusion of berries of whortleberry 90,0 – 200 ml) are

- A. -i, -arum, -i
- B. -um, -arum, -i
- C. -us, -i, -orum
- D. -i, -i, -ae
- E. -i, -i, -i

21. Translate into Latin the prescription:

Rx: Dibazole 0,005

Sugar 0,3

Mix to form a powder. Give out such doses in number 12.

Administer.

*New words: Saccharum, i n – sugar
pulvis, eris m – powder*

22. Translate into Latin the prescription:

Rx: Oil of peppermint (Peppermint oil)

Oil of thyme (thyme oil)

Oil of pine (pine oil) equally 5 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

New words: pine – Pinus, i f

23. Translate into Latin the prescription:

Rx.: Water of almonds

Water of mint equally 20 ml

Syrup of rhubarb 10 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

NB!: of almonds (Gen.plur)

24. Translate the prescription:

Rx: Juice of sage 30 ml

Tincture of anise 20 ml

Syrup of sugar 10 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer

New word: Saccharum, i n – sugar

25. Translate the prescription:

Rx.: Pills “Spasmalgon” in number 10

Give out.

Administer

THEME 8.
LATIN NOUNS OF THE 2ND DECLENSION. THE NEUTER GENDER.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. What nouns are always of feminine gender?
 - A. Names of remedies
 - B. Names of rude materials
 - C. Names of plants
 - D. Names of trees and bushes**
 - E. Surnames

2. The correct ending of VIRUS, I N in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is
 - A. -i
 - B. -a**
 - C. -ae
 - D. -um
 - E. -as

3. The correct ending of CRYSTALLUS, I F in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS is
 - A. -ae
 - B. -arum
 - C. -is
 - D. -i**
 - E. -as

4. The correct ending of INFUSUM, I N in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is
 - A. -i
 - B. -is
 - C. -ae
 - D. -a**
 - E. -as

5. The correct ending of SUCCUS, I M in ACCUSATIVUS SINGULARIS is
 - A. -ae

- B. -um**
- C. -os
- D. -am
- E. -orum

6. The Latin translation of IN FLASK is

- A. per vitrum
- B. in vitris
- C. intra vitrum
- D. in vitro**
- E. in vitra

7. The Latin translation of WITH SUGAR is

- A. sine saccharo
- B. cum saccharis
- C. cum sacchari
- D. cum saccharo**
- E. cum saccharos

8. The Latin translation of THROUGH ALKALOIDS AND GLYCOSIDES is

- A. per alcaloida et glycosida**
- B. per alcaloidum et glycosidum
- C. per alcaloidis et glycosidis
- D. per alcaloido et glycosido
- E. per alcaloidi et glycoside

9. The Latin translation of FLASK WITH VITAMINS is

- A. vitra cum vitaminis**
- B. vitrum cum vitamino
- C. vitri cum vitaminis
- D. vitra cum vitamino
- E. vitrum cum vitaminis

10. The correct Latin translation of the sentence HE PREPARES EMULSION FROM OIL OF PINE is

- A. Emulsum from oleo Pini praeparatur.
- B. Preparat emulsum ex oleo Pini.**
- C. Praepara emulsum ex oleo Pini.

- D. Preparat emulsa ex oleis Pini.
- E. Praeparant emulsum ex oleo Pini.

11. The correct Latin translation of the sentence ANALGINE IS USED IN THE FORM OF TABLETS is

- A. Adhibet Analginum in forma tabulettarum.
- B. Analginum in forma tabulettarum adhibetur.**
- C. Tabulettae in forma Analgini adhibentur.
- D. Analginum in forma tabulettae adhibetur.
- E. Forma Analgini in tabulettis adhibetur.

12. The correct prescription line for TAKE: BUDS OF PLUM 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Pruni gemmarum 20,0
- B. Recipe: Gemmae Pruni 20,0
- C. Recipe: Gemmas Pruni 20,0
- D. Recipe: Gemmarum Prunorum 20,0
- E. Recipe: Gemmarum Pruni 20,0**

13. The correct prescription line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF STREPTOCIDE 10,0

- A. Recipe: Streptocidi unguenti 10,0
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Streptocidi 10,0**
- C. Recipe: Unguentum Streptocidi 10,0
- D. Recipe: Unguentum Streptocidum 10,0
- E. Recipe: Unguentorum Streptocidi 10,0

14. The correct prescription line for TAKE: OIL OF OLIVES 100 ml

- A. Recipe: Olei Olivae 100 ml
- B. Recipe: Olivae olei 100 ml
- C. Recipe: Oleorum Olivave 100 ml
- D. Recipe: Infusi herbarum Thymi 100 ml
- E. Recipe: Olei Olivarum 100 ml**

15. The correct prescription line for TAKE: TABLETS OF DIMEDROLE 0,005 IN NUMBER 10 is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettas Dimedroli 0,005 numero 10**
- B. Recipe: Tabulettarum Dimedroli 0,005 numero 10
- C. Recipe: Tabulettam Dimedroli 0,005 numero 10
- D. Recipe: Tabulettae Dimedrolum 0,005 numeris 10

E. Recipe: Tabulettas Dimedrolum 0,005 numerus 10

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: EMULS... OLE... ANIS... 100 ml (Take: Emulsion of oil of anise 100 ml) are

- A. **-i, -i, -i**
- B. -um, -i, -i
- C. -i, -arum, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -i
- E. -a, -i, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITORI... CUM GLYCERIN... 1,0 NUMER... 20 (Take: Suppositories with glycerin 1,0 in number 20) are

- A. -um, -um, -um
- B. -i, -ae, -um
- C. -a, -i, -as
- D. **-a, -o, -o**
- E. -a, -a, -i

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR... GLYCERIN... NUMER... 10 (Take: Suppositories of glycerin in number 10) are

- A. -is, -i, -o
- B. **-a, -i, -o**
- C. -a, -us, -i
- D. -i, -is, -o
- E. -um, -i, -o

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT... FOLI... OLEANDR... 10,0 - 200 ml (Take: Decoction of leaves of sunflower 10,0 - 200 ml)

- A. -i, -i, -is
- B. -um, -arum, -ae
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. **-i, -orum, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... BACC... JUNIPER... 90,0 - 200 ml (Take: Infusion of berries of cade 90,0 - 200 ml) are

- A. **-i, -arum, -i**
- B. -um, -arum, -i

C. -us, -i, -orum

D. -i, -i, -ae

E. -i, -i, -i

21. Translate the prescription into Latin:

Rx: Menthole 0,05

Oil of almonds 15 ml

Oil of eucalyptus 20 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

New words: Mentholum, i n

22. Translate the prescription into Latin:

Rx: Liniment of synthomycine 1% with novocaine 0,5% - 25,0

Give out.

Administer.

New words: Synthomycinum, i n

Novocainum, i n

23. Translate the prescription into Latin:

Rx.: Emulsion of oil of castor plant 180,0

Syrup of sugar 200 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

NB!: castor plant – *Ricinus, I m*

24. Translate the prescription into Latin:

Rx: Tincture of mint 30 ml

Tincture of wormwood 20 ml

Tincture of valerian 10 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer

25. Translate the prescription into Latin:

Rx: Tablets of extract of valerian 0,3 in number 30

Give out.

Administer

THEME 9.
LATIN ADJECTIVES. ADJECTIVES OF THE 1ST AND 2ND DECLENSIONS
(THE 1ST GROUP OF ADJECTIVES).

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct ending of TINCTURA AMARA (bitter tincture) in DATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -us, -i
- B. -orum, -orum
- C. -am, -am
- D. -is, -is**
- E. -o, -o

2. The correct ending of ASEPTIC MIXTURE in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -a, -a
- B. -ae, -ae**
- C. -um, -um
- D. -as, -as
- E. -i, -i

3. The correct endings of CRYSTALLUS ALBA in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS are

- A. -i, -ae**
- B. -arum, -orum
- C. -is, -is
- D. -a, -ae
- E. -os, -as

4. The correct endings of FOLIUM SICCCUM in GENETIVUS PLURALIS are

- A. -is, -is
- B. -ibus, -ibus
- C. -arum, -arum
- D. -orum, -orum**

E. -erum, -erum

5. The correct endings of BOLUS ALBA (white clay) in ACCUSATIVUS SINGULARIS are

A. -i, -ae

B. -um, -am

C. -am, -am

D. -um, -um

E. -orum, -orum

6. The Latin translation of ABOUT AETHEREAL TINCTURE is

A. per tincturam aetheream

B. de tincturam aetheream

C. de tincturis aethereis

D. de tincturarum aetheriarum

E. de tinctura aetherea

7. The Latin translation of WITHOUT LIVE VIRUSES is

A. sine viris vivis

B. sine viro vivo

C. sine virum vivum

D. sine vira viva

E. sine virii vivi

8. The Latin translation of MIX BITTER WATER WITH WATER OF ALMONDS is

A. Miscet aquam amaram cum aqua Amygdalarum.

B. Misce aquam amaram cum aqua Amygdalarum.

C. Aqua Amygdalarum cum aqua amara miscetur.

D. Misce aquae amarae cum aqua Amygdalarum.

E. Misce aquam amarum sine aqua Amygdalarum.

9. The Latin translation of HE GIVES PLASTER PLUMBI TO THE PATIENT (aegrotus, i m)

A. Aegrotus dat emplastrum Plumbi.

B. Emplastrum Plumbi datur pro aegroto.

C. Dat emplastrum Plumbi aegroto.

- D. Dant emplastrum Plumb pro aegroto.
- E. Da emplastrum Plumbi aegroto.

10.The Latin translation of BITTER TINCTURE WITHOUT WATER IS PRESCRIBED is

- A. Praescibit tincturam amaram sine aqua.
- B. Tinctura amara cum aqua praescribitur.
- C. Praescribe tincturam amaram sine aqua.
- D. **Tinctura amara sine aqua praescribitur.**
- E. Tincturae amarae sine aqua praescribuntur.

11.The correct translation of the English line RECIPE: INFUSION OF BUDS OF PINE is

- A. Recipe: Infusi gemmorum Pini
- B. Recipe: Infusa gemmarum Pinorum
- C. Recipe: Infusi gemmae Pini
- D. Recipe: Infusiae gemmarum Pini
- E. **Recipe: Infusi gemmarum Pini**

12.The correct translation of the English Line RECIPE: OPHTHALMIC OINTMENT OF SYNTHOMYCINE is

- A. **Recipe: Unguenti Synthomycini ophthalmici**
- B. Recipe: Synthomycini ophthalmici unguenti
- C. Recipe: Unguentorum Synthomycini ophthalmicorum
- D. Recipe: Unguenta Synthomycini ophthalmica
- E. Recipe: Unguentum Synthomycini ophthalmicum

13.The correct translation of the English COMPOSITE LINIMENT OF STREPTOCIDE is

- A. Linimentorum Streptocidi compositum
- B. Linimentum Streptocidi compositum
- C. **Linimenti Streptocidi compositi**
- D. Linimenta Streptocidi composita
- E. Linimentum Streptocidum compositum

14. The correct endings for RECIPE: EXTRACT... VALERIAN... SICC... 0,3 (Take: Dry extract of valerian 0,3) are

- A. **-i, -ae, -i**
- B. -um, -i, -i
- C. -i, -arum, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -i
- E. -a, -i, -i

15. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: EMPLASTR... PLUMB... COMPOSIT... (Take: Composite plaster of plumbum)

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -arum, -um
- C. -ae, -i, -i
- D. -a, -i, -i
- E. **-i, -i, -i**

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: Extract... Absinthi... spiss... 1,0 (Take: Thick extract of wormwood 1,0) are

- A. -um, -um, -um
- B. -i, -ae, -um
- C. -a, -i, -as
- D. **-i, -i, -i**
- E. -a, -a, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: Tinctur... Eucalypt... aquos... 10ml (Take: Aquous tincture of Eucalyptus) are

- A. -is, -i, -o
- B. **-ae, -i, -ae**
- C. -a, -us, -i
- D. -i, -is, -o
- E. -um, -i, -o

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUCC... GASTRIC... 200 ml (Take: Gastric juice 200 ml)

- A. -i, -is
- B. -um, -ae

- C. -us, -i
- D. -i, -i**
- E. -i, -us

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: OLE... VASELIN... PUR...20ml (Take: Pure oil of Vaseline 20 ml) are

- A. -i, -i, -i**
- B. -um, -arum, -i
- C. -us, -i, -orum
- D. -i, -i, -ae
- E. -i, -ae, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT... HYDRARGYR...FLAV... 10,0 (Take: Yellow ointment of Mercury 10,0) are

- A. -um, -um, -um
- B. -i, -ae, -um
- C. -a, -i, -as
- D. -i, -i, -i**
- E. -a, -a, -i

21. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Thick extract of belladonna 0,5
Anaesthesine 1,0
Lanoline 20,0
Mix to get ointment. Give out.
Administer.

22. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Tablets of dry extract of senna 0,3 in number 20
Give out.
Administer.

New word: senna (plant) – Senna,ae f

23. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Fluid extract of valeriane 10 ml
Tincture of rhubarb 1 ml
Distilled water 100 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer:

New word: distilled – destillatus, a, um

24. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Native gastic juice 200 ml

Give out.

Administer.

New word: native – nativus, a, um

25. Translate prescription into English:

Recipe: Dimedroli 0,05

Sacchari 1,0

Misce fiat pulvis.

Da tales doses numero 10.

Signa:

New word: pulvis, eris m - powder

THEME 10.

PAST PARTICIPLE SIMPLE. NAMES OF PHARMACOLOGICAL GROUPS. TERMINAL ELEMENTS USED IN THE NAMES OF MEDICAMENTS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

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1. The correct ending of REMEDIUM AMARUM (bitter remedy) in DATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -us, -i
- B. -orum, -orum
- C. -am, -am
- D. -is, -is**
- E. -o, -o

2.The correct ending of REMEDIUM HEROICUM (strong effective) in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. **-a, -a**
- B. -ae,- ae
- C. -um, -um
- D. -as, -as
- E. -i, -i

3.The correct endings of VACCINUM GRIPPOSUM (influenza virus vaccine) in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS are

- A. -arum, -orum
- B. -is,-is
- C. -a, -ae
- D. -os, -as
- E. **-i, -i**

4.The correct endings of AQUA PURIFICATA (purified water) in GENETIVUS PLURALIS are

- A. -is, -is
- B. -ibus, -ibus
- C. **-arum, -arum**
- D. -orum, -orum
- E. -erum, -erum

5.The correct endings of CAMPHORA TRITA (grated camphor) in ACCUSATIVUS SINGULARIS are

- A. -i, -ae
- B. -am, -am
- C. **-am, -am**
- D. -um, -um
- E. -orum, -orum

6.The Latin translation of ABOUT PULVERISED CAMPHOR is

- A. per camphoram pulveratam
- B. de camphoram pulveratam
- C. **de camphora pulverata**
- D. de camphoris pulveratis

E. de camphorarum pulveratarum

7. The Latin translation of WITHOUT PURIFIED VACCINE is

- A. sine vaccini purificati
- B. sine vaccino purificato**
- C. sine vaccina viva
- D. sine purificato vaccino
- E. sine vaccinis purificatis

8. The Latin translation of MIX ANALGETIC MIXTURE WITH WATER OF ALMONDS is

- A. Miscet a aquam amaram cum aqua Amygdalarum.
- B. Misce mixturam analgeticum cum aqua Amygdalarum.**
- C. Aqua Amygdalarum cum aqua amara miscetur.
- D. Misce aquae amarae cum aqua Amygdalarum.
- E. Misce aquam amarum sine aqua Amygdalarum.

9. The Latin translation of HE GIVES COMPOSITE PLASTER OF PLUMBUM TO THE PATIENT (aegrotus, i m) is

- A. Aegrotus dat emplastrum Plumbi compositum.
- B. Emplastrum Plumbi compositum datur pro aegroto.
- C. Dant emplastrum Plumbi compositum pro aegroto.
- D. Dat emplastrum Plumbi compositum aegroto.**
- E. Da emplastrum Plumbi compositum pro aegroto.

10. The Latin translation of ANTIPYRETIC REMEDY WITHOUT WATER IS PRESCRIBED is

- A. Praescibit remedium antipyreticum sine aqua.
- B. Remedium antipyreticum cum aqua praescribitur.
- C. Praescribe remedium antipyreticum sine aqua.
- D. Remedium antipyreticum sine aqua praescribitur.**
- E. Remedia antipyretica sine aqua praescribuntur.

11. The correct translation of the English line TAKE: ANTIBIOTIC OINTMENT OF SYNTHOMYCINE is

- A. Recipe: Synthomycini antibiotic unguenti
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Synthomycini antibiotici**
- C. Recipe: Unguentorum Synthomycini antibioticorum
- D. Recipe: Unguenta Synthomycini antibiotica

E. Recipe: Unguentum Synthomycini antibioticum

12. The correct translation of the English Line TAKE: COATED TABLETS OF REDUCED IRON IN NUMBER 10 is

- A. **Recipe: Tabulettas Ferri reducti obductas numero 10**
- B. Recipe: Ferri reducti tabulettas obductas numero 10
- C. Recipe: Obductas tabulettas Ferri reducti numero 10
- D. Recipe: Tabulettam obductam Ferri reducti numero 10
- E. Recipe: Tabulettarum Ferri reducti obductarum numero 10

13. The correct translation of the English TAKE: COMPOSITE LINIMENT OF STREPTOCIDE is

- A. Recipe: Linimentorum Streptocidi compositum
- B. **Recipe: Linimenti Streptocidi compositi**
- C. Recipe: Linimenti Streptocidum compositi
- D. Recipe: Linimenta Streptocidi composita
- E. Recipe: Linimentum Streptocidum compositum

14. The correct endings for RECIPE: OLE... TEREBINTHIN... RECTIFICAT... 100 ml (Take: Rectified oil of turpentine 100 ml) are

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -arum, -um
- C. -ae, -i, -i
- D. **-i, -ae, -i**
- E. -a, -i, -i

15. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: EMPLASTR... PLUMB... COMPOSIT... (Take: Composite plaster of plumbum)

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -arum, -um
- C. -ae, -i, -i
- D. **-i, -i, -i**
- E. -a, -i, -i

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: VACCIN... ANTITUBERCULOS... VIV... 0,05 (Take: Live antituberculous vaccine 0,05) are

- A. -um, -um, -um
- B. -i, -ae, -um
- C. -a, -i, -as
- D. -i, -i, -i**
- E. -a, -a, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: Tinctur... Valerian... aquos... 10 ml (Take: Aqueous tincture of valerian 10 ml) are

- A. -is, -i, -o
- B. -ae, -ae, -ae**
- C. -a, -us, -i
- D. -i, -is, -o
- E. -um, -i, -o

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT... HYDRARGYR... PRAECIPITAT... ALB... 10,0 (Take: Ointment of white precipitated mercury 10,0) (Mercury = Hydrargyrum, i n) are

- A. -i, -is, -um, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i, -i
- C. -us, -i, -us, -um
- D. -i, -i, -i, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i, -i

19. The correct line with names of antibiotic remedies is

- A. Ampicillinum, Biomycinum, Tetracyclinum**
- B. Testovironum, Analginum, Dolobenum,
- C. Streptocidum, Oleandomycinum, Hydrocortisonum
- D. Morphocyclinum, Sulfadimezinum, Mycoseptinum
- E. Novolaxum, Oxymethylpenicillinum, Chlorophylliptum

20. The correct line with names of analgetic remedies is

- A. Dolargan, Atistressu, Algopyrinum
- B. Apressinum, Apasmalgonum, Testosrereonum
- C. Cyclodolum, Algopyrinum, Testovironum
- D. Panadolum, Analginum, Dolobene**

E. Barbovalum, Algolysinum, Bruneomycinum

21. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Diuretine 4,0

Water of mint

Purified water 30 ml of each

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Coated tablets "Allochol" 0,3 in number 20

Give out.

Administer.

23. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Pure urea 8 ml

Lanoline 55,0

Oil of preaches 75 ml

Purified water 100 ml

Mix to get liniment. Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Antidiphtheris serum (purified, concentrated) 5000 AU

Give out such doses in number 10 in ampoules.

Administer.

25. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Tablets of crystallized trypsin 0,01 in number 10

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 11.
NOUNS OF THE 3RD DECLENSION. THE MASCULINE GENDER.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

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1. The correct stem of GASTER, TRIS F (stomach) is

- A. gastris-
- B. gast-
- C. gastri-
- D. gastr-**
- E. gas-

2. The correct stem of AETHER, ERIS M (ether) is

- A. aeth-
- B. aetheris
- C. aethe-
- D. aether-**
- E. aet-

3. The correct stem of COLOR, ORIS M (colour) is

- A. col-
- B. color-**
- C. coloris-
- D. colori-
- E. colo-

4. The correct stem of COR, CORDIS N (heart) is

- A. cord-**
- B. cordis-
- C. cordi-
- D. cor-
- E. cordisn-

5. The correct stem of HOMO, INIS M (man) is

- A. homo-
- B. homi-
- C. homini-
- D. hom-
- E. homin-**

6. The correct line for a stem and a group of PULVINAR, ARIS N (pillow) is

- A. pulv-, mixed group
- B. pulvi-, consonant group
- C. pulvin-, consonant group
- D. pulvinar-, vowel group**
- E. pulvi-, mixed group

7. The correct line for a stem and a group of CORTEX, ICIS M (bark) is

- A. cort-, mixed group
- B. corticis-, consonant group
- C. cort-, consonant group
- D. cortic-, consonant group**
- E. cor-, vowel group

8. The correct line for a stem and a group of MATER, TRIS F (mother) is

- A. matr-, consonant group
- B. matr-, vowel group
- C. matr-, mixed group**
- D. mat-, consonant group
- E. matr-, vowel group

9. The correct line for a stem and a group of DENS, DENTIS M (tooth) is

- A. dent-, consonant group
- B. dent-, mixed group**
- C. dent-, vowel group
- D. denti-, consonant group
- E. dens-, consonant group

10. The correct line for a stem and a group of SAPO, ONIS M (soap) is

- A. sapon-, mixed group
- B. sapon-, vowel group
- C. sap-, vowel group
- D. sapo-, mixed group
- E. sapon-, consonant group**

11. The correct translation of the English INFUSION OF FLOWERS OF CAMOMILE IS PREPARED is

- A. Ex floribus Chamomillae infusum praeparatur.**
- B. Praepara infusum florum Chamomillae.
- C. Medicus infusum florum Chamomillae sumit.
- D. Infusa florum Chamomillae praparantur.
- E. Infusum florum Chamomillae praeparatur.

12. The correct translation of the English PHARMACIST PREPARES INFUSION FROM FLOWERS OF CAMOMILE (pharmaceuta, ae f,m – pharmacist) is

- A. Pharmaceuta cum floribus Chamomillae infusum praeparat.
- B. Pharmaceuta sine floribus Chamomillae infusum praeparat.
- C. Pharmaceuta ex floribus Chamomillae infusum praeparat.**
- D. Pharmaceutae pro floribus Chamomillae infusum praeparant.
- E. Flores Chamomillae pro infusis adhibentur.

13. The correct translation of the English Line TAKE: HERB AND FLOWERS OF YARROW 100,0 is

- A. Recipe: Herba et floris Millefolii 100,0
- B. Recipe: Herbae et florum Millefolii 100,0**
- C. Recipe: Herbarum et florum Betulae 100,0
- D. Recipe: Millefolii herbae et florum 100,0
- E. Recipe: Herbae et floris Millefolii 100,0

14. The correct translation of the English TAKE: COATED TABLETS OF ACTIVATED COAL 0,5 NUMERO 40 is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettarum Carbonis activati 0,5 numero 40
- B. Recipe: Tabulettas Carbonis activati obductas numero 40**
- C. Recipe: Tabulettam Carbonis activati obductam 0,5 numero 40

D. Recipe: Tabulettas Carbo activatus obductas 0,5 numero 40

E. Recipe: Tabuletta Carbonis activati obducta 0,5 numero 40

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: LIQUOR... AMMONI... ANISAT... 100ml
(Take: Anise liquid of ammonia 100 ml) are

A. -um, -i, -i

B. -is, -arum, -um

C. -is, -um, -um

D. -ae, -i, -i

E. -is, -i, -i

16. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR... CUM EXTRACT...
BELLADONN... SICC... NUMER.. 10 (Take: Suppositories with dry extract of
belladonna in number 10)

A. -um, -i, -i, -ae, -o

B. -a, -o, -ae, -o, -o

C. -i, -o, -um, -i, -o

D. -orum, -o, -a, -o, -o

E. -a, -i, -ae, -a, -o

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT... HYDRARGYR...
PRAECIPITAT... ALB... 50,0 (Take: Ointment of white precipitated mercury
(Hydrargyrum) are

A. -i, -i, -i, -i

B. -i, -ae, -um, -i

C. -a, -i, -ae, -i

D. -i, -i, -i, -um

E. -a, -a, -i, ae

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: TINCTUR... VALERIAN... AQUOS... 10ml
(Take: Aqueous tincture of valerian 10 ml) are

A. -is, -i, -o

B. -ae, -ae, -ae

C. -a, -us, -i

D. -i, -is, -o

E. -um, -i, -o

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: ACID... ACETIC... CONCENTRAT... 10,0
(Take: Concentrated acetic acid 10,0) is

- A. -i, -is, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. -i, -i, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

20. The correct endings for TAKE : LIQUOR.. AMMONI... CAUSTIC... 20 ml is

- A. -ae, -ae, -ae
- B. -i, -us, -i
- C. -is, -i, -i**
- D. -i, -is, -i
- E. -um, -i, -i

21. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Coffeine 0,5

Anise liquid of ammonia 50 ml

Syrup of marsh mallow 200 mlt

Purified water 30 ml of each

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of common buckbean leaves 10,0 – 200 ml

Give out.

Administer.

23. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Decoction of bark of buckthorn 18,0 – 180 ml

Mix . Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of flowers of Camomile 15,0 – 200 ml

Tincture of mint 2ml

Mix. Give.

Administer.

25. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Chloroforme

Aethylic ether equal 10 ml

Aqueous Ammonia solution (strong ammonia solution) 5 drops

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

New word: aethylic = aethylicus, a, um

THEME 12.

NOUNS OF THE 3RD DECLENSION. THE FEMININE GENDER.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct stem of ADEPS, IPIS F (fat) is

- A. adep-
- B. ad-
- C. adepsi-
- D. adip-**
- E. adipi-

2. The correct stem of NUX, NUCIS F (nut) is

- A. nu-
- B. nux-
- C. nuci-
- D. nuc-**
- E. nucis-

3. The correct stem of MAYS, MAYDIS F (maize) is

- A. mays-
- B. mayd-**
- C. maydi-
- D. may-
- E. maydis-

4. The correct stem of FILIX, FILICIS F(fern) is

- A. **flic-**
- B. filix-
- C. fili-
- D. fil-
- E. filicis-

5. The correct stem of PHOSPHAS, ATIS M (phosphate) is

- A. phosphas-
- B. phosph-
- C. phosphati-
- D. phosphatis-
- E. **phosphat-**

6. The correct line for a stem and a group of INHALATIO, ONIS F (inhalation) is

- A. inhalation-, mixed group
- B. inhalation-, vowel group
- C. inhal-, consonant group
- D. **inhalation-, consonant group**
- E. inhalat-, consonant group

7. The correct line for a stem and a group of INFANS, NTIS M, F (child) is

- A. infantis-, mixed group
- B. infant-, consonant group
- C. inf-, consonant group
- D. **infant-, mixed group**
- E. infant-, vowel group

8. The correct line for a stem and a group of is MATER, TRIS F (mother)

- A. matr-, consonant group
- B. matr-, vowel group
- C. **matr-, mixed group**
- D. mat-, consonant group
- E. matri-, vowel group

9. The correct line for a stem and a group of DENS, DENTIS M (tooth) is
- A. dent-, consonant group
 - B. dent-, mixed group**
 - C. dent-, vowel group
 - D. denti-, consonant group
 - E. dens-, consonant group
10. The correct line for a stem and a group of RIBES, IS N (current) is
- A. ribes-, mixed group
 - B. rib-, vowel group
 - C. ribes-, vowel group
 - D. rib- , consonant group
 - E. rib-, mixed group**
11. The correct translation of the English INFUSION OF ROOT OF VALERIAN IS PREPARED is
- A. Ex Radicibus Valerianae infusum praeparatur.
 - B. Praepara infusum radicis Valerianae.
 - C. Medicus infusum radicis Valerianae sumit.
 - D. Infusa radicis Valerianae praeparantur.
 - E. Infusum radicis Valerianae praeparatur.**
12. The correct translation of the English PHARMACIST PREPARES INFUSION FROM ROOTS OF VALERIAN (pharmaceuta, ae f, m – pharmacist) is
- A. Pharmaceuta cum radicibus Valerianae infusum praeparat.
 - B. Pharmaceuta sine radicibus Valerianae infusum praeparat.
 - C. Pharmaceuta ex radicibus Valerianae infusum praeparat.**
 - D. Pharmaceuta ex radice Valerianae infusum praeparat.
 - E. Radices Valerianae pro infusis adhibentur.
13. The correct translation of the English Line TAKE: Composite powder of licorice 100,0 is
- A. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositus 100,0
 - B. Recipe: Pulver Glycyrrhizae composite 100,0
 - C. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositae 100,0
 - D. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhiza compositi 100, 0
 - E. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositi 100,0**

14. The correct translation of the English TAKE: SPIRITUOUS SOLUTION OF VITAMIN A 20 ml is

- A. Recipe: Solutio Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml
- B. Recipe: Solutionis Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml**
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Vitamini A spirituosa 20 ml
- D. Recipe: Solution Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml
- E. Recipe: Solutionis Vitaminum A spirituosae 20 ml numero 40

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... HERB... ADONID... 10,0 -100 ml (Take: Infusion of herb of Adonis 10,0 – 100 ml) are

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -ae, -is**
- C. -i, -arum, -um
- D. -i, -um, -um
- E. -ae, -i, -i

16. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: DECOCT...FOLI... DIGITAL.. (Take: Suppositories with dry extract of belladonna in number 10)

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -o, -um
- C. -i, -orum, -is**
- D. -orum, -o, -a
- E. -a, -i, -ae

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: MIXTUR... SICC... CONTRA TUSS... PRO INFANT... 50,0 (Take: Ointment of white precipitated mercury (Hydrargyrum) are

- A. -i, -ae, -im, -i
- B. -a, -i, -ae, -ibus
- C. -ae, -ae, -im, -ibus**
- D. -i, -i, -ibus, -um
- E. -a, -a, -im, -ibus

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: MUCILAGIN... AMYL... 10,0 (Take: Mucus of starch 10,0) are

- A. -i, -i
- B. -is, -i**
- C. -a, -us

- D. -i, -is
- E. -um, -i

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: CORTIC...RADIC... BERBERID... 10,0
(Take: Bark of root of barberry 10,0)

- A. -i, -is, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i
- C. -us, -i, us
- D. -is, -is, -is**
- E. -i, -us, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: TINCTUR... NUC... VOMIC... 20 ml is
(Take: Tincture of glume grass 20 ml)

- A. -ae, -ae, -ae
- B. -i, -us, -i
- C. -i, -is, -i
- D. -ae, -is, -ae**
- E. -um, -i, -i

21. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Tincture of magnolia vine 20 ml

Tincture of glume grass 5 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Powder of leaves of foxglove 0,05

Sugar 0,3

Mix to get powder

Give out such doses in number 12.

Administer.

23. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Thick extract of male fern 0,5

Give out such doses in number 12 in gelatinous capsules.

Administer.

24. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Spiritous solution of Vitamine A 1% – 20 ml

Give out

Administer.

25. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of root of marsh mallow 1,0 – 100 ml

Anise liquid of Ammonia 1 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

THEME 13.

NOUNS OF THE 3RD DECLENSION. THE NEUTER GENDER.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct stem of CAPUT, ITIS N (head) is

- A. cap-
- B. capiti-
- C. capi-
- D. capit-**
- E. caput-

2. The correct stem of SEMEN, INIS N (seed) is

- A. semen-
- B. sem-
- C. semin-**
- D. semi-
- E. semen-

3. The correct stem of STIGMA, ATIS N (stigma) is

- A. stigm-

B. stigmat-

C. stig-

D. stigmati-

E. stigma-

4. The correct stem of ELIXIR, IRIS N (elixir) is

A. elix-

B. elixir-

C. elixi-

D. elixiri-

E. elixiris-

5. The correct stem of TEMPUS, ORIS N (time) is

A. tempus-

B. tempusor-

C. tempusi-

D. temp-

E. tempor-

6. The correct line for a stem and a group of SECALE, IS N (cereal rye) is

A. secal-, mixed group

B. sec- ,vowel group

C. secal-, vowel group

D. sedal-, consonant group

E. secale-, consonant group

7. The correct line for a stem and a group of GARGARISMA, ATIS N (poultice) is

A. gargarism-, mixed group

B. gargarismati-, consonant group

C. gargarismat-, mixed group

D. gargarismat-, consonant group

E. gargarismat-, vowel group

8. The correct line for a stem and a group of LAC, LACTIS N (milk) is

A. lact-, consonant group

B. lact-, vowel group

C. lact-, mixed group

D. lac-, consonant group

E. lacti-, vowel group

9. The correct line for a stem and a group of ALUMEN, INIS N (alum) is
- A. alumin-, mixed group
 - B. alumin-, consonant group**
 - C. alumin-, vowel group
 - D. alumen-, consonant group
 - E. alum-, consonant group
10. The correct line for a stem and a group of MEL, MELLIS N (honey) is
- A. mell-, mixed group**
 - B. mel-, mixed group
 - C. mell-, vowel group
 - D. melli-, vowel group
 - E. mell- , consonant group
11. The correct translation of the English INFUSION OF SEEDS OF PUMPKIN IS PREPARED (Cucurbita, ae f – pumpkin) is
- A. Ex seminibus Cucurbitae infusum praeparatur.
 - B. Praepara infusum seminis Cucurbitae.
 - C. Medicus infusum seminum Cucurbitae sumit.
 - D. Infusa seminum Cucurbitae praeparantur.
 - E. Infusum seminum Cucurbitae praeparatur.**
12. The correct translation of the English PHARMACIST PREPARES INFUSION FROM SEEDS OF PUMPKIN (pharmaceuta, ae f, m – pharmacist) is
- A. Ex seminibus Cucurbitae pharmaceutists infusum praeparatur.
 - B. Praepara infusum seminis Cucurbitae cum pharmaceuta.
 - C. Pharmaceuta infusum seminum Cucurbitae praeparat.**
 - D. Pharmaceutae nfusa seminum Cucurbitae praeparant.
 - E. Infusum seminum Cucurbitae pharmacetua praeparatur.
13. The correct translation of the English line TAKE: Powder of burnt alum 100,0) is
- A. Recipe: Pulveris Alumen ustum 100,0
 - B. Recipe: Pulveris Aluminis usti 100,0**
 - C. Recipe: Aluminis usti pulveris 100,0
 - D. Recipe: Pulveris Usti aluminis 100,0
 - E. Recipe: Unguenti Aluminis usti 100, 0

14. The correct translation of the English line TAKE: ARTIFICIAL SEA SALT 200,0 (artificial – factitius, a, um) is

- A. Recipe: Facticii salis marini 200,0
- B. Recipe: Salis marini factitii 200,0**
- C. Recipe: Sal marinum factitium 200,0
- D. Recipe: Factitii marini salis 200,0
- E. Recipe: Salium marinorum factitiorum 200,0

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: OLE... JECOR... ASELLI... VITAMINISAT... 100 ml (Take: Vitaminized oil of fish liver 100 ml) are

- A. -i, is, -i, -i**
- B. -um, -i, -i, -i
- C. -i, -arum, -um, -i
- D. -i, -um, -um, -i
- E. -i, -i, -is, -is

16. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: DECOCT... RHIZOMAT... CALAM... (Take: Decoction of rhizome of calamus) (calamus (plant) – Calamus, i m) is

- A. -um, -is, -i
- B. -i, -is, -um
- C. -i, -is, -i**
- D. -ae, -i, -is
- E. -i, -i, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: PULVER... SECAL... CORNUT... COMPOSIT 50,0 (Take: Composite powder of ergot 50,0) are

- A. -i, -ae, -im, -i
- B. -is, -is, -i, -i**
- C. -is, -i, -ae, -ibus
- D. -is, -i, -ibus, -um
- E. -a, -is, -em, -i

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: FARIN... SECAL... 10,0 (Take: Flour of Cereal rye 10,0) are

- A. -ae, -i
- B. -ae, -is**
- C. -a, -us

- D. -i, -is
- E. -um, -i

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: EMULS...SEMIN... LIN... 10,0 (Take: Mucus of seeds of flax 10,0) are

- A. -i, -is, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. -i, -um, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: Extract... NUPHAR... SICC... 20 ml (Take: Fluid extract of water bean 20 ml) are

- A. -i, -is, -i**
- B. -i, -ae, -ae
- C. -i, -us, -i
- D. -i, -i, -i
- E. -um, -is, -i

21. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Mucus of seeds of flax 90,0
Benzonaphthole 1,0
Mix. Give out.
Administer.

22. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Emulsion of seeds of pumpkin
Sugar 20,3
Purified water 80 ml
Mix. Give out.
Administer.

23. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Anaesthesine 5,5
Naphthalane 3,0
Precipitated sulfur 1,5
Paste of Zinc 20,0
Mix to get ointment. Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Depurated sulfur

Composite powder of liquorice 0,25 of each

Mix to get powder. Give out such doses in number 10.

Administer.

25. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Fluid extract of stigmata of maize 50 ml

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 14.
GREEK NOUNS OF THE 3RD DECLENSION.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct translation of the English TAKE: COATED TABLETS OF ACTIVATED COAL 0,5 NUMERO 40 is

A. Recipe: Tabulettarum Carbonis activati 0,5 numero 40

B. Recipe: Tabulettas Carbonis activati obductas 0,5 numero 40

C. Recipe: Tabulettam Carbonis activati obductam 0,5 numero 40

D. Recipe: Tabulettas Carbo activatus obductas 0,5 numero 40

E. Recipe: Tabuletta Carbonis activati obducta 0,5 numero 40

2. The correct translation of the English TAKE: Composite powder of licorice 100,0 is

A. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositus 100,0

B. Recipe: Pulver Glycyrrhizae composite 100,0

C. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositi 100,0

D. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositae 100,0

E. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhiza compositi 100, 0

3.The correct translation of the English TAKE: SPIRITUOUS SOLUTION OF VITAMIN A 20 ml is

- A. Recipe: Solutio Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml
- B. Recipe: Solutionis Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml**
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Vitamini A spirituosa 20 ml
- D. Recipe: Solution Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml
- E. Recipe: Solutionis Vitaminum A spirituosae 20 ml numero 40

4.The correct endings for RECIPE: LIQUOR... AMMONI... ANISAT... 100 ml (Take: Anise liquid of ammonia 100 ml) are

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -is, -arum,- um
- C. -is, -um, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -i
- E. -is, -i, -i**

5.The correct prescription line for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR...CUM EXTRACT... BELLADONN...SICC... NUMER.. 10 (Take: Suppositories with dry extract of belladonna in number 10) is

- A. -um, -i, -i, ae, -o
- B. -a,- o, -ae, -o, -o**
- C. -i, -o,-um, -i,-o
- D. -orum, -o, -a,-o, -o
- E. -a, -i, -ae, -a, -o

6.The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT... HYDRARGYR... PRAECIPITAT... ALB... 50,0 (Take: Ointment of white precipitated mercury (Hydrargyrum) are

- A. -i, -ae, -um, -i
- B. -a, -i, -ae, -i
- C. -i, -i, -i, -i**
- D. -i, -i, -i, -um
- E. -a, -a, -i, -ae

7.The correct endings for RECIPE: TINCTUR... VALERIAN... AQUOS...10ml (Take: Aqueous tincture of valerian 10 ml) are

- A. -is, -i, -o
- B. -a, -us, -i

- C. -i, -is, -o
- D. -um, -i, -o
- E. -ae, -ae, -ae**

8. The correct endings for RECIPE: ACID... ACETIC... CONCENTRAT... 10,0 (Take: Concentrated acetic acid 10,0) are

- A. -i, -is, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. -i, -i, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

9. The correct endings for TAKE : LIQUOR.. AMMONI... CAUSTIC... 20 ml (Take: Strong Ammonium solution of aqueous ammonia 20 ml) is

- A. -ae, -ae, -ae
- B. -i, -us, -i
- C. -i, -is, -i
- D. -um, -i, -i
- E. -is, -i, -i**

10. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... HERB... ADONID... 10,0 -100 ml (Take: Infusion of herb of adonis 10,0 – 100 ml) are

- A. -um, , -i, -i
- B. -i, -ae, -is**
- C. -i, -arum, -um
- D. -i, -um, -um
- E. -ae, -i, -i

11. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: DECOCT...FOLI... DIGITAL.. (Take: Suppositories with dry extract of belladonna in number 10)

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -o, -um
- C. -orum, -o, -a
- D. -i, -orum, -is**
- E. -a, -i, -ae

12. The correct endings for RECIPE: MIXTUR... SICC... CONTRA TUSS... PRO INFANT... 50,0 (Take: Dry mixture against cough for children 50,0) are

- A. -i, -ae, -im, -i
- B. -ae, -ae, -im, -ibus**
- C. -a, -i, -ae, -ibus
- D. -i, -i, -ibus, -um
- E. -a, -a, -im, -ibus

13. The correct endings for RECIPE: MUCILAGIN... AMYL... 10,0 (Take: Mucus of starch 10,0) are

- A. -is, -i**
- B. -is, -ae
- C. -a, -us
- D. -i, -is
- E. -um, -i

14. The correct endings for RECIPE: CORTIC... RADIC... BERBERID... 10,0 (Take: Bark of root of barberry 10,0) are

- A. -i, -is, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. -is, -is, -is**
- E. -i, -us, -i

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: TINCTUR... NUC... VOMIC... 20 ml (Take: Tincture of glume grass 20 ml) are

- A. -ae, -is, -ae**
- B. -ae, -ae, -ae
- C. -i, -us, -i
- D. -i, -is, -i
- E. -um, -i, -i

16. The correct translation of the English TAKE: Powder of burnt alum 100,0 is

- A. Recipe: Pulveris Alumen ustum 100,0
- B. Recipe: Aluminis usti pulveris 100,0
- C. Recipe: Pulveris Usti aluminis 100,0
- D. Recipe: Pulveris Aluminis usti 100,0**

E. Recipe: Unguenti Aluminis usti 100, 0

17. The correct translation of the English TAKE: ARTIFICIAL SEA SALT 200,0 (artificial – factitius, a, um) is

- A. Recipe: Facticii salis marini 100,0
- B. Recipe: Salis marini factitii 100,0**
- C. Recipe: Sal marinum factitium 100,0
- D. Recipe: Factitii marini salis 100,0
- E. Recipe: Salium marinorum factitiorum 100,0

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: OLE... JECOR... ASELLI... VITAMINISAT... 100 ml (Take: Vitaminized oil of fish liver 100 ml) are

- A. -um, -i, -i, -i
- B. -i, -is, -i, -i**
- C. -i, -arum, -um, -i
- D. -i, -um, -um, -i
- E. -i, -i, -is, -is

19. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: DECOCT... RHIZOMAT... CALAM.. (Take: Decoction of rhizome of calamus)

- A. -i, -is, -i**
- B. -um, -is, -i
- C. -i, -is, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -is
- E. -i, -i, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: PULVER... SECAL... CORNUT... COMPOSIT 50,0 (Take: Composite powder of ergot 50,0) are

- A. -i, -ae, -im, -i
- B. -is, -i, -ae, -ibus
- C. -is, -i, -ibus, -um
- D. -is, -is, -i, -i**
- E. -a, -is, -em, -i

21. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Coffeine 0,5

Anise liquid of ammonia 50 ml
Syrup of marsh mallow 200 mlt
Purified water 30 ml of each
Mix. Give out.
Administer.

22. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Powder of leaves of foxglove 0,05
Sugar 0,3
Mix to get powder
Give out such doses in number 12
Administer.

23. Rx: Dry mixture against cough for children 50,0

Give out in a small bottle.
Administer.

24. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Mucus of feeds of flax 90,0
Benzonaphthole 1,0
Mix. Give out.
Administer.

25. Translate prescription into Latin:

Rx: Fluid extract of stigmata of maize 50ml
Give out.
Administer.

THEME 15.

PRACTICAL SKILLS "LATIN GRAMMAR. THE PRESCRIPTION".

For successful completion of the practical skills, one needs to revise information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

EXAMPLE OF TASKS FOR PRACTICAL SKILLS

1. Translate in Nom. and. Gen. Singularis and Pluralis:

yellow liquid (liquor, oris m + flavus, a, um)

2. Translate pharmaceutical terms in Nom. and. Gen. Singularis:

- a) spirituous solution of iodine
- b) fluid extract of aloe
- c) butadione with novocaine
- d) tincture of valerian
- e) infusion of leaves of sage

3. Translate into English:

- a) Liquor Ammonii caustici
- b) Decoctum seminum Lini
- c) Mixtura contra tussim sicca pro infantibus
- d) Pulvis Glycyrrhizae compositus
- e) Hydraryrum praecipitatum album

4. Translate into Latin:

- a) Rx: Coffeine 0,5

Anise liquid of ammonia 50 ml

Syrup of marshmallow 200 ml

Purified water 30 ml of each

Mix. Give out.

Administer.

- b) Rx: Powder of leaves of foxglove 0,05

Sugar 0,3

Mix to get powder.

Give out such doses in number 12.

Administer.

- c) Rx: Dry mixture against cough for children 50,0

Give out in a small bottle.

Administer.

5. Translate into English:

- a) Recipe: Unguenti Sulfuris praecipitati albi 1 % - 20,0

Da.

Signa.

b) Recipe: Mucilaginis seminum Lini 90,0

Benzonaphtholi 1,0

Misce.

Da.

Signa.

c) Recipe: Extracti stigmatum Maydis fluidi 50 ml

Da.

Signa.

SECTION II. LATIN GRAMMAR. SPECIAL TERMINOLOGY.

THEME 1.

ADJECTIVES OF THE 3 DECLENSION (THE 2ND GROUP OF ADJECTIVES).

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. Correct dictionary form endings of the 2nd group adjective NATURAL... (natural) are

- A. -us, -a, -um
- B. -is, -e**
- C. -a, -e
- D. -us, -um
- E. -i, -ae, -us

2. Correct dictionary form endings of the 2nd group adjective SILVESTER... (wood) are

- A. -is, -a, -um
- B. -us, -a, -um
- C. -us, -e
- D. -us, -is, -e
- E. -er, -is, -e**

3. Choose the NEUTRAL adjective of the 2nd group.

- A. vertebralis
- B. silvestre**
- C. silvester
- D. vera
- E. acutus

4. Choose the FEMININE adjective of the 2nd group.

- A. durus
- B. palustris**
- C. durum
- D. palustre
- E. paluster

5. Choose the MALE adjective of the 2nd group.

- A. rectalum
- B. rectala
- C. rectalum
- D. rectale
- E. rectalis**

6. The correct endings of SUPPOSITORIUM RECTALE (RECTAL SUPPOSITORY) in DATIVUS PLURALIS are

- A. -um, -e
- B. -orum, -orum
- C. -ibus, -is**
- D. -is, -ibus
- E. -o, -o

7. The correct endings of SIRUPUS SIMPLEX (simple syrup) in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS are

- A. -i, -is
- B. -i, -es**
- C. -um, -um
- D. -is, -ibus
- E. -i, -a

8. The correct endings of CORTEX VEGETABILIS (vegetable bark) in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS are

- A. -arum, -orum
- B. -is, -e
- C. -is, -is**
- D. -is, -ae

E. -is, -i

9. The correct endings of ELIXIR PECTORALE (pectoral elixir) in ACCUSATIVUS PLURALIS are

- A. **-is, -is**
- B. -ibus, -ibus
- C. -um, -ium
- D. -a, -ia
- E. -es, -es

10. The correct endings of SUCCUS NATURALIS (natural juice) in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS are

- A. -i, -e
- B. **-i, -is**
- C. -i, -am
- D. -is, -is
- E. -orum, -ium

11. The Latin translation of ABOUT VOLATILE LINIMENT is

- A. per linimentum volatile
- B. de tincturam aetheream
- C. de tincturis aethereis
- D. de tincturarum aetheriarum
- E. **de linimento volatili**

12. The Latin translation of WITHOUT ENTEROSOLUBLE TABLETS is

- A. sine tabuletta enterosolubiolii
- B. sine tabulettas enterosolubiles
- C. sine tabuletta enterosolubilis
- D. **sine tabulettis enterosolubilibus**
- E. sine tabulettam enterosolubilem

13. The Latin translation of DIVIDE MASS OF PILLS IN EQUAL PARTS is

- A. Dividite massam pilularum in partes aequales.
- B. **Divide massam pilularum in partes aequales.**
- C. Dividit massam pilularum in partes aequales.
- D. Massa pilularum in partes aequales dividitur.

E. Massam pilularum in partes aequales dividunt.

14. The correct translation of the English Line RECIPE: MEDICINAL GELATINE 20,0 is

- A. **Recipe: Gelatinae medicinalis 20,0**
- B. Recipe: MedicinalisGelatinae 20,0
- C. Recipe: Gelatini medicinali 20,0
- D. Recipe: Gelatina medicinalis 20,0
- E. Recipe: Gelatarum medicinalium 20,0

15. The correct translation of the English RECIPE: NATURAL GASTRIC JUICE 100 ml is

- A. Recipe: Succus gastricus naturalis 100 ml
- B. Recipe: Succus gastricis naturalis 100 ml
- C. **Recipe: Succu gastrici naturalis 100 ml**
- D. Recipe: Succorum gastricorum naturalium 100 ml
- E. Recipe: Succus gastrici naturali 100 ml

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: SOLUTION... NORSULFAZOL... SOLUBIL... 20ml (Take: Solution of soluble norsulfazole 20 ml) are

- A. **-is, -i, -is**
- B. -i, -i, -i
- C. -i, -is, -ae
- D. -is -i, -i
- E. -is, -i, -i

17. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: EMPLASTR... PLUMB... SIMPLIC... (Take: simple plaster of plumbum 10,0) is

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -is, -um
- C. -i, -i, -i
- D. -i, -i, -i
- E. **-i, -i, -is**

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT...GEMM... PIN...SILVESTR... 1,0 – 50 ml (Take: Decoction of buds of wood pine 1,0 – 50 ml) are

- A. -um, -um, -um, -i
- B. -i, -ae, -i, -i
- C. -i, -orum, -is, -is
- D. -i, -arum, -i, -is**
- E. -a, -a, -i, -is

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR... HIPPOPHAES VAGINAL... numer... 10 (Take: Vaginal suppositories of sea buckthorn in number 10) are

- A. -ia, -es, -o
- B. -ia, -es, -ia**
- C. -ia, -es, -i
- D. -ia, -es, -os
- E. -ia, -es, -es

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: TABULETT... NAPHTHAMON...ENTEROSOLUBIL... NUMER... 10 (Take: Enterosoluble tablets of naphthamone in number 10)

- A. -i, -is, -e
- B. -as, -um, -i
- C. -am, -i, -is
- D. -as, -i, -es**
- E. -ae, -um, -es

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Volatile liniment 100,0

Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Decoction of buds of wood pine 10,0 – 100 ml

Give out.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of leaves of foxglove 0,5 – 180 ml

Simple syrup 20 ml

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Erythromycine 250000U

Laevomycetine

Streptocide of each 2,5

Mix to get fine(small) powder.

Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Osarsole 0,2

Glucose 0,25

Oil of cacao 4,0

Mix to get vaginal globule.

Give out such doses in number 6.

Administer.

THEME 2.

ADJECTIVES OF THE 2ND GROUP WITH 2 ENDINGS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct translation of the English term SWEET ALMOND is

- A. Amygdalus amara
- B. Amygdalus dulce
- C. Amygdalus dulcium
- D. Amygdalus dulcis**
- E. Amygdalus amara

2.The correct translation of the English term SPRING ADONIS is

- A. Adonis vernale
- B. Adonis vernalis**
- C. Adonis majalis
- D. Adonis chinensis
- E. Adonis palustris

3.The correct translation of the English term TINCTURE OF MAY LILY OF VALLEY is

- A. Tinctura Schizandrae majalis
- B. Tinctura Convallariae majalis**
- C. Infusum Foeniculi majalis
- D. Infusum Convallariae majalis
- E. Tinctura Convallaria majale

4.The correct translation of the English term FAT OILS is

- A. Oleum pingue
- B. Oleum pingue
- C. Oleum pingue
- D. Olea pinguia**
- E. Olei pinguis

5.The correct translation of the English term INFUSION OF HERB OF WILD (BOG) ROSEMARY is

- A. Infusum herbarum Ledi palustris
- B. Infusum herbae Ledum pallustre
- C. Infusum herba Ledum palustris
- D. infusum herbae Ledi palustris**
- E. Infusum herbam Ledis palustrae

6.The correct translation of the English term SUBLINGUAL TABLETS “STREPSILS” is

- A. tabuletta “Strepsils” sublingualis
- B. tabulettae “Strepsils” sublingualia
- C. tabuletta “Strepsils” sublinguala
- D. tabulettae “Strepsils” sublinguales**

E. tabuletti “Strepsils” sublinguali

7.The correct translation of the English term OIL FROM COMMON CASTOR OIL PLANT is

- A. olea ex Ricinorum communium
- B. oleum ex Ricinis communis
- C. oleum cum Ricino communi
- D. oleum ex Ricinus communi
- E. oleum ex Ricino communi**

8.The correct translation of the English term BOX WITH STRONG PILLS is

- A. scatula cum tabulettis fortibus**
- B. scatula cum tabuletta forti
- C. scatula cum tabulettis fortes
- D. scatula sine tabulettis fortibus
- E. scatula ex tabulettis fortibus

9.The correct translation of the English term TAR WITHOUT GREEN SOAP is

- A. pix liquida cum sapone viridi
- B. pix liquida pro sapone viridi
- C. pix liquida sine saponem viridem
- D. pix liquida sine saponibus viridibus
- E. pix liquida sine sapone viridi**

10.The correct translation of the English term PERORAL REMEDIES FOR CHILDREN is

- A. remedia perorales pro infantibus
- B. remedia peroralia pro infantibus**
- C. remedia peroralia pro infantes
- D. remedia perorales pro infantibus
- E. remedia peroralia pro infanti

11.The correct translation of the English term SOLUBLE POWDER OF STREPTOCIDE is

- A. Pulvis Streptocidi solubilis**
- B. Pulvum Strepocidi solubile

- C. Pulver Strepcidi solubile
- D. Pulvis Strepcidum solubilis
- E. Pulveris Streptocidi solubils

12.The correct translation of the English term CASTOR OIL FROM SEEDS OF CASTOR-OIL PLANT is

- A. Oleum Ricini ex seminis Ricini communis
- B. Oleum Ricini ex seminibus Ricini communis**
- C. Oleum Ricini sine seminibus Ricini communis
- D. Oleum Ricini ex semines Ricini communis
- E. Oleum Ricinorum ex seminibus Ricini communis

13.The correct translation of the English term ENTEROSOLUBLE TABLETS OF NAPHTHAMONE is

- A. Tabuletta Naphthamoni enterosolilis
- B. Tabulettas Naphthamoni enterosoliles
- C. Tabulettarum Naphthamoni enterosolilium
- D. Tabulettae Naphthamoni enterosolilis
- E. Tabulettae Naphthamoni enterosoliles**

14.The correct translation of the English term INJECTABLE STERILE SOLUTIONS is

- A. Injectio injectabilis sterilis**
- B. Injectiones injectabiles steriles
- C. Injectionis injectabilis sterilis
- D. Injectioni injectabiles steriles
- E. Injectiona injectabiles steriles

15.The correct translation of the English term SOFT AND DRY REMEDIES is

- A. Remedia mollia et sicca**
- B. Remedia molles et sicci
- C. Remediorum molliorum et siccorum
- D. Remedii mollia et sicci
- E. Remedium mollia et sicca

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT... RADIC... BERRBERID... COMMUN... (Recipe: Decoction of the root of common barberry) are

- A. -is, i, -is, -is
- B. -i, -i, -i, -is
- C. -i, -is, -is, -is**
- D. -is, -i, -i, -is
- E. -is, -i, -i, -is

17. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: EMPLASTR... PLUMB... SIMPLIC... (Take: simple plaster of plumbum 10,0)

- A. -i, -i, -is**
- B. -um, -i, -i
- C. -i, -is, -um
- D. -i, -i, -i
- E. -i, -is, -is

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... BACC... JUNIPER... COMMUN... 1,0 – 50 ml (Take: Infusion of berries of common cade 1,0 - 50 ml) are

- A. -um, -um, -um, -i
- B. -i, -ae, -i, -i
- C. -i, -orum, -is, -is
- D. -i, -arum, -i, -is**
- E. -a, -a, -i, -is

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR... HIPPOPHAES VAGINAL... numer... 10 (Take: Vaginal suppositories of sea buckthorn in number 10) are

- A. -ia, -es, -o
- B. -ia, -es, -ia**
- C. -ia, -es, -i
- D. -ia, -es, -os
- E. -ia, -es, -es

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: TABULETT... SEPTEFRIL... SUBLINGUAL... NUMERO 10 (Take: Sublingual tablets of septefrile in number 10)

- A. -i, -is,
- B. -as, -um, -i

- C. -am, -i, -is
- D. -as, -i, -es**
- E. -ae, -um, -es

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Tablets of strong pansinorme in number 20

Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of herb of spring adonis 10,0 - 100 ml

Syrup of marshmallow 200 ml

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of leaves of foxglove 0,5 - 180 ml

Simple syrup 20 ml

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Erythromycine 250000U

Laevomycetine

Streptocide of each 2,5

Mix to get fine (small) powder.

Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Soluble streptocide 5,0

Solution of Glucose 1% - 100 ml

Mix.

Give out such doses in number 6.

Administer.

THEME 3.
PRESENT PARTICIPLE ACTIVE.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

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1.The correct translation place in the line of complex prescription of the English term ACTIVE DRUG WITH THERAPEUTIC ACTION is

- A. Praeparans, ntis – place 1
- B. Basis, is f – place 1**
- C. Constituens, ntis – place 4
- D. Adjuvans, ntis – place 2
- E. Laborans, ntis – place 4

2.The correct translation place in the line of complex prescription of the English term THE SUBSTANCE INTENDING TO ASSIST ACTIVE DRUG is

- A. Assistens, ntis – place 1
- B. Basis, is f – place 1
- C. Constituens, ntis – place 4
- D. Adjuvans, ntis – place 2**
- E. Laborans, ntis – place 4

3.The correct translation place in the line of complex prescription of the English term THE SUBSTANCE INTENDING TO MODIFY THE TASTE OF THE ACTIVE DRUG is

- A. Studens, ntis – place 1
- B. Corrigens, ntis – place 3**
- C. Constituens, ntis – place 4
- D. Adjuvans, ntis – place 2
- E. Laborans, ntis – place 4

4. The correct translation place in the line of complex prescription of the English term THE SUBSTANCE INTENDING TO MODIFY THE FORM OF THE ACTIVE DRUG is

- A. Studens, ntis – place 1
- B. Corrigens, ntis – place 1
- C. Constituens, ntis – place 4**
- D. Adjuvans, ntis – place 2
- E. Laborans, ntis – place 4

5. The correct translation of the English term SWEET ALMOND is

- A. Amygdalus amara
- B. Amygdalus dulce
- C. Amygdalus dulcium
- D. Amygdalus dulcis**
- E. Amygdalus amara

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- A. Adonis vernalis**
- B. Adonis vernale
- C. Adonis majalis
- D. Adonis chinensis
- E. Adonis palustris

7. The correct translation of the English term TINCTURE OF MAY LILY OF VALLEY is

- A. Tinctura Schizandrae majalis
- B. Tinctura Convallariae majalis**
- C. Infusum Foeniculi majalis
- D. Infusum Convallariae majalis
- E. Tinctura Convallaria majale

8. The correct translation of the English term FAT OILS is

- A. Oleum pingue
- B. Oleum pingue
- C. Oleum pingue
- D. Olea pinguia**

E. Olei pinguis

9. The correct translation of the English term INFUSION OF HERB OF WILD (BOG) ROSEMARY is

- A. Infusum herbarum Ledi palustris
- B. Infusum herbae Ledum pallustre
- C. Infusum herba Ledum palustris
- D. Infusum herbae Ledi palustris**
- E. Infusum herbam Ledis palustrae

10. The correct translation of the English term A SPIRITUOUS SOLUTION OF BRILLIANT GREEN is

- A. solutio Viridi nitenti spirituosa
- B. solutio Viride nitentis spirituosae
- C. solutio Viridum nitentis spirituosa
- D. solutio Viridis nitentis spirituosa**
- E. solutio Viridae nitentis spirituosa

11. The correct endings for RECIPE: SOLUTION... NORSULFAZOL... SOLUBIL... 20 ml (Take: Solution of soluble norsulfazole 20 ml) are

- A. -is, -i, -is**
- B. -i, -i, -i
- C. -i, -is, -ae
- D. -is -i, -i
- E. -is, -i, -i

12. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: EMPLASTR... PLUMB... SIMPLIC... (Take: simple plaster of plumbum 10,0)

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -i, -i**
- C. -i, -is, -um
- D. -i, -i, -i
- E. -i, -is, -is

13. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT...GEMM... PIN...SILVESTR... 1,0 – 50 ml (Take: Decoction of buds of wood pine 1,0 – 50 ml) are

- A. -um, -um, -um, -i

- B. -i, -ae, -i, -i
- C. -i, -orum, -is, is
- D. -i, -arum, -i, -is**
- E. -a, -a, -i, -is

14. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITOR... HIPPOPHA... VAGINAL... numer... 10 (Take: Vaginal suppositories of sea buckthorn in number 10) are

- A. -ia, -es, -o
- B. -ia, -es, -ia**
- C. -ia, -es, -i
- D. -ia, -es, -os
- E. -ia, -es, -es

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: TABULETT... NAPHTHAMON... ENTEROSOLUBIL... NUMER... 10 (Take: Enterosoluble tablets of naphthamone in number 10)

- A. -i, -is, -e
- B. -as, -um, -i
- C. -am, -i, -is
- D. -as, -i, -es**
- E. -ae, -um, -es

16. The correct translation of the English term OIL FROM COMMON CASTOR OIL PLANT is

- A. olea ex Ricinorum communium
- B. oleum ex Ricinis communis
- C. oleum cum Ricino communi**
- D. oleum ex Ricinus communi
- E. oleum ex Ricino communi

17. The correct translation of the English term BOX WITH STRONG PILLS is

- A. scatula cum tabulettis fortibus**
- B. scatula cum tabuletta forti
- C. scatula cum tabulettis fortes
- D. scatula sine tabulettis fortibus
- E. scatula ex tabulettis fortibus

18. The correct translation of the English term TAR WITHOUT GREEN SOAP is

- A. pix liquida cum sapone viridi
- B. pix liquida pro sapone viridi
- C. pix liquida sine saponem viridem
- D. pix liquida sine saponibus viridibus
- E. **pix liquida sine sapone viridi**

19. The correct translation of the English term EXPECTORANT REMEDIES FOR CHILDREN is

- A. remedia expecrorantes pro infantibus
- B. **remedia expectorantia pro infantibus**
- C. remedia expectorantia pro infantes
- D. remedi expectorantes pro infantibus
- E. remedia expectorantia pro infanti

20. The correct translation of the English term POWDER OF SOLUBLE STREPTOCIDE is

- A. **Pulvis Streptocidi solubilis**
- B. Pulvum Strepocidi solubile
- C. Pulver Strepocidi solubile
- D. Pulvis Strepocidum solubilis
- E. Pulveris Streptocidi solubils

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Aquous solution of brilliant green 1 % – 20 ml

Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Euphylline 0,3

Oil of cacao 3,0

Mix to get rectal suppository.

Give such doses in number 20.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of leaves of foxglove 0,5 – 180 ml

Simple syrup 20 ml

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Tablets of strong microfolline in number 50

Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of root of valerian 20,0 – 200 ml

Simple syrup 20 ml

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 4.

CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE. NAMES OF ELEMENTS, ACIDS AND OXIDES.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

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1. The correct line for English BORIC ACID in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

A. Acidum arsenicum, Acidi arsenici

B. Acidum borici, Acidi boricum

C. Acidum boricum, Acidi borici

D. Acidum boricum, Acidi boricum

E. Acidi boricum Acidi borici

2.The correct line for English HYDROCHLORIC ACID in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Acidum chloricum, Acidi chlorici
- B. Acidum hydricum, Acidi hydrici
- C. Acidum chloridum, Acidi chloridi
- D. Acidum hydrochloricum, Acidi hydrochlorici**
- E. Acidi hydrochlorici, Acidi hydrochlorcum

3.The correct line for English CALCIUM OXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Calcii oxydum, Calcii oxydi**
- B. Oxydum calcii, Oxydi calcii
- C. Calcium oxydum, Calcii oxydi
- D. Calcii carbonas, Calcii carbonatis
- E. Calcium oxydi, Calcii oxydum

4.The correct line for English MAGNESIUM PEROXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydi
- B. Peroxydum magnesii, Peroxydi magnesii
- C. Magnesium peroxydum, Mgnesium peroxydi
- D. Magnesii peroxydum, Magnesii peroxydi**
- E. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydum

5.The correct line for English IRON PEROXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Ferri peroxydum, Ferri peroxydi**
- B. Ferrum peroxydum, Ferrum preroxydi
- C. Ferri peroxydi, Ferri preroxydum
- D. Ferrum peroxydi, Ferri preroxydi
- E. Ferri peroxydi, Ferumi preroxydi

6.The correct line for English SIMPLE PLASTER OF PLUMBUM in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. emplastrus Plumbi simplex, emplastris Plumbi simplicis
- B. emplastra Plumbi simpla, emplastrae Plumbi simplicae
- C. emplastris Plumbi simplex, emplastrids Plumbi simplicis

- D. emplastrum Plumbum simplex, emplastri Plumbum simplicis
- E. emplastrum Plumbi simplex, emplastri Plumbi simplicis**

7. The correct line for English GREY OINTMENT OF MERCURY in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei, unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei
- B. unguentum Hydrargyri cinereum, unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei**
- C. unguenta Hydrargyri cinerea, unguentae Hydrargyri cinereae
- D. unguentum Hydrargyrum cinereum, unguenti Hydrargyrum cinerei
- E. unguentus Hydrargyri cinereus, unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei

8. The correct line for English COMPOSITE PLASTER OF THALLIUM in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. emplastrum Thallium compositum, emplastri Thalli compositi
- B. emplastrus Thallii compositus, emplastri Thalli compositi
- C. emplastrum Thallii compositum, emplastri Thallii compositi**
- D. Thallii emplastrum i compositum, Thalli emplastri compositi
- E. compositum emplastrum Thallii, compositi emplastri Thalli

9. The correct line for TAKE: PLASTER OF ZINC 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Zincum emplastrum 20,0
- B. Recipe: Zinci emplastrum 20,0
- C. Recipe: Emplastri Zinci 20,0**
- D. Recipe: Emplastrum Zincum 20,0
- E. Recipe: Zinci emplastri 20,0

10. The correct line for TAKE: SOLUTION OF BORIC ACID 1 % – 20 ML is

- A. Recipe: Liquoris Acidi borici 1 % – 20 ml
- B. Recipe: Acidi borici solutionis 1 % – 20 ml
- C. Recipe: Solutioni Acidi borici 1 % – 20 ml
- D. Recipe: Solutionis Acidi borici 1 % – 20 ml**
- E. Recipe: Solutionis Acidum boricm 1 % – 20 ml

11.The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF ASCORBIC ACID WITH SUGAR IN NUMBER 10 is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici cum Sacchari numero 10
- B. Recipe: Tabulettam Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharum numero 10
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharo numero 10**
- D. Recipe: Tabulettarum Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharo numero 10
- E. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharibus numero 10

12.The correct line for TAKE: SUSPENSION OF PRECIPITATED SULFUR 20 ML is

- A. Recipe: Suspensionis Sulphur praesipitati 20 ml
- B. Recipe: Suspensionis Sulphuris praesipitati 20 ml**
- C. Recipe: Suspensio Hydrocortisoni acetatis 20 ml
- D. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisonum acetatis 20 ml
- E. Recipe: Suspension Sulphuris praesipitati 20 ml

13.The correct line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF YELLOW MERCURY OXIDE 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Unguentumi Mercurium oxydis 20,0
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurii oxydum 20,0
- C. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurii oxydi 20,0**
- D. Recipe: Unguentorum Mercurii oxydi 20,0
- E. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurium oxydum 20,0

14.The correct line for WATER OF LEAD 200 ml is

- A. Recipe: Plumbum aqua 200 ml
- B. Recipe: Aqua Plumbum 200 ml
- C. Recipe: Aquae Plumbi 200 ml**
- D. Recipe: Aquae Plumbum 200 ml
- E. Recipe: Plumbi aquae 200 ml

15.The correct line for TAKE:CONCENTRATED SOLUTION OF HYDROCHLORIC ACID 150 ml is

- A. Recipe: Solutionae Acidi hydrochlorici concentratae 150 ml
- B. Recipe: Solutioni Acidi hydrochlorici concentrati 150 ml
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Acidum hydrochloricum concentratum 150 ml

D. Recipe: Solutionis Acidi hydrochlorici concentratae 150 ml

E. Recipe: Acidi hydrochlorici concentratae Solutionis 150 ml

16. The correct line for Take: COATED TABLETS OF ASCORBIC ACID NUMERO 20 is

A. Recipe: Tabulettarum Acidi ascorbinici obductarum numero 20

B. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici obductas numero 20

C. Recipe: Tabulettam Acidi ascorbinici obductam numero 20

D. Recipe: Tabulettae Acidum ascorbinici obductae numero 20

E. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinicum obductam numero 20

17. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS WITH ALUMINIUM HEDROXIDE NUMERO 20 is

A. Recipe: Tabulettas cum Aluminii hydroxydo numero 20

B. Recipe: Tabulettam cum Aluminium hydroxydo numero 20

C. Recipe: Tabulettarum sine Aluminii hydroxydo numero 20

D. Recipe: Tabulettas ex Aluminii hydroxydo numero 20

E. Recipe: Tabulettam cum Aluminii hydroxydo numero 20

18. The correct line for TAKE SYRUP OF ALOE WITH IRON 100 ml is

A. Recipe: Aloes sirupi cum Ferro 100 ml

B. Recipe: Ferrum cum sirupo Aloes 100 ml

C. Recipe: Sirupusi Aloes cum Ferris 100 ml

D. Recipe: Sirupi Aloes cum Ferro 100 ml

E. Recipe: Sirupae Aloae cum Ferro 100 ml

19. The correct line for TAKE: ANTISEPTIC PASTE OF ZINCUM 50,0 is

A. Recipe: Pasti Zinci antiseptici 50,0

B. Recipe: Pastae Zincum antisepticae 50,0

C. Recipe: Pastis Zinci antiseptici 50,0

D. Recipe: Pastorum Zinci antisepticorum 50,0

E. Recipe: Pastae Zinci antisepticae 50,0

20. The correct line for TAKE: OINTMET OF WHITE OXIDE OF MERCURY 50,0 is

A. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri oxydum album 50,0

B. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri oxydi albi 50,0

C. Recipe: Hydrargyri oxydi flavi unguenti 50,0

- D. Recipe: Unguenti oxydi Hydrargyri albi 50,0
E. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum oxydium albumi 50,0

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Concentrated solution of hydrogen peroxide 20 ml
Purified water 1,5 ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Ichthyole
Zinc oxide
Flour of wheat 12,5 of each
Vaseline up to 50
Mix to get paste .
Give out.
Administer

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Suspension of aluminium hydroxide 4% – 200 ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Coated tablets of anhydric arsenic acid in number 50
Give out.
Administer

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Folic acid 0,0001
Sugar 0,3
Mix to get powder.
Give out such doses in number 12.
Administer.

THEME 5.
CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE. NAMES OF SALTS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct line for English SODIUM SULPHATE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. **Natrii sulfas, Natrii sulfatis**
- B. Natrium sulfatum, Natrii sulfati
- C. Sulfas natrii, Sulfatis natrii
- D. Natrii sulfidum, Natrii sulfidi
- E. Mercurii sulfas, Mercurii sulfatis

2. The correct line for English POTASSIUM ARSENITE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Kalium potassium, Kalii potassii
- B. Kalii sulfitum, Kalii sulfiti
- C. Sulfis kalii, Sulfitis kalii
- D. Kalii arsenidum, Kalii arsenidi
- E. **Kalii arsenis, Kalii arsenitis**

3. The correct line for name of METHYL SALICYLATE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Methylium salicylas, Methylii salicylatii
- B. Methionini salicylas, Methionini salicylatis
- C. **Methylii salicylas, Methylii salicylatis**
- D. Methylsulfacylum, Methylsulfacyli
- E. Salicylas Methylii, Salicylatis Methylii

4. The correct line for English METHIONINE SODIUM in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Methionini-natrium, Methionini-natrii

- B. Methionini nitras, Methionini nitratis
- C. Natrium-methioninum, Natrii-methionini
- D. Methioninum-natrium, Methionini-natrii**
- E. Natrii nitras, Natrii nitratis

5. The correct line for English BORIC ACID in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Acidum arsenicum, Acidi arsenici
- B. Acidum borici, Acidi boricum
- C. Acidum boricum, Acidi borici**
- D. Acidum boricum, Acidi boricum
- E. Acidi boricum, Acidi borici

6. The correct line for English SPIRITOUS SOLUTION OF EPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Solutioni Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosum, Soluitionis Ephedrini hydrochloridi spirituosum
- B. Solutio Ephedrini hydrochloridi spirituosa, Soluitionis Ephedrini hydrochloride spirituosae**
- C. Solutio Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosus, Soluitionis Ephedrini hydrochloride spirituosum
- D. Liquor Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosus, Liquoris Ephedrini hydrochloridi spirituosae
- E. Solutio Ephedrinum hydrochloridum spirituosum, Soluitionis Ephedrinum hydrochloride spirituosae

7. The correct line for English HYDROCHLORIC ACID in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Acidum chloricum, Acidi chlorici
- B. Acidum hydricum, Acidi hydrici
- C. Acidum chloridum, Acidi chloridi
- D. Acidum hydrochloricum, Acidi hydrochlorici**
- E. Acidi hydrochlorici, Acidi hydrochloricum

8. The correct line for English CALCIUM OXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Oxydum calcii, Oxydi calcii
- B. Calcii oxydum, Calcii oxydi**
- C. Calcium oxydum, Calcii oxydi
- D. Calcii carbonas, Calcii carbonatis

E. Calcium oxydi , Calcii oxydum

9.The correct line for English MAGNESIUM PEROXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydi
- B. Peroxydum magnesii, Peroxydi magnesii
- C. Magntsiium peroxydum, Mgnesium peroxydi
- D. Magnesii peroxydum, Magnesii peroxydi**
- E. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydum

10.The correct line for English EPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Ephedini hydrochloricum, Ephedrini hydrochlorici
- B. Ephedrini hydrochloridum, Ephedrini hydrochloridi**
- C. Hydrochloridum ephedrini, Hydrochloridi Ephedrini
- D. Ephedrini hydrochloras, Ephedrini hydrochloratis
- E. Ephedrinum hydrochloridum, Ephedrini hydrochloridi

11.The correct line for English LIGHT BISMUTHUM NITRATE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Bismuthi nitras basicum, Bismuthi subnitratis basici
- B. Nitras basicum Bismuthi, Nitratis basici bismuthi
- C. Bismuthi subnitratis, Bismuthi subnitratis**
- D. Subnitratis bismuthi, Subnitratis bismuthi
- E. Sudbismuthi nitras, Subbismuthi nitratis

12.The correct line for TAKE: SIMPLE PLASTER OF ZINCUM is

- A. Recipe: Emplastri Zinci simplicis**
- B. Recipe: Zincum emplastrum simplicum
- C. Recipe: Zinci emplastrum simplicis
- D. Recipe: Emplastrum Zincum simplex
- E. Recipe: Simplicis Zinci emplastri

13.The correct line for TAKE: SOLUTION OF POTASSIUM IODIDE is

- A. Recipe: Solutionis Potassium iodidi
- B. Recipe: Kalii iodidi solutionis
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Kalium iodidum
- D. Recipe: Solutionis Kalii iodidi**
- E. Recipe: Solutio Kalii iodidi

14. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF SODIUM HYDROCARBONATE is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii subcarbonatis
- B. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii subcarbonatis
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii hydrocarbonatis**
- D. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii carbonati
- E. Recipe: Tabulettarum Natrii hydrocarbonatis

15. The correct line for TAKE: SUSPENSION OF HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE is

- A. Recipe: Hydrocortisoni acetatis suspensionis
- B. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisoni acetatis**
- C. Recipe: Suspensio Hydrocortisoni acetatis
- D. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisonum acetatis
- E. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisoni acetatis

16. The correct line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF MERCURIUM AMIDOCHLORIDE is

- A. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurium amidochloridum
- B. Recipe: Unguentum Mercurium amidochloridum
- C. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurii amidochloridi**
- D. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum amidochloridum
- E. Recipe: Unguentae Mercurii amidochloridi

17. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF LIPOIC ACID is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettam Acidi lipoici
- B. Recipe: Acidi lipoici tabulettas
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi lipoici**
- D. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidum lipoicu
- E. Recipe: Acidum lipoicum tabulettas

18. The correct line for TAKE: WATER OF LEAD is

- A. Recipe: Plumbum aqua
- B. Recipe: Aqua Plumbum
- C. Recipe: Aquae Plumbi**
- D. Recipe: Aquae Plumbum
- E. Recipe: Plumbi aquae

19. The correct line for TAKE: OIL SOLUTION OF MEDROSTERONE PROPIONATE is

- A. Recipe: Solutioni Medrosteroni propionatis oleosi
- B. Recipe: Liquori Medrosteroni propionate oleosae
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Medrosteroni propionatis oleosae**
- D. Recipe: Solurionae Medrosteroni propionatis oleosae
- E. Recipe: Solurioni Medrosteroni propionati oleosi

20. The correct line for TAKE: COMPOSITE LINIMENT OF METHYL SALICYLATE is

- A. Recipe: Linimentum Methylsalicylatis compositum
- B. Recipe: Linimentum Methylii salicylati compositi
- C. Recipe: Compositum linimentum Methylii salicylatis compositum
- D. Recipe: Linimenti Methylium salicylas compositi
- E. Recipe: Linimenti Methylii salicylatis compositi**

21. Translate into Latin:

Take: Mercury cyanide

Novocaine equally 10 ml

Water for injections 20 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer

22. Translate into Latin:

Take: Restored iron 0,5

Ascorbic acid 0,1

Mix to form powder.

Give such doses in number 50.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Take: Isotonic solution of sodium chloride 5 % – 200 ml

Solution of novocaine 0,5% –10 ml

Mix. Sterilize. Give out

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Take: Mercury dichloride 0,2

Carbolic acid 4,0

Lanoline
Vaseline equally 50,0
Mix to form an ointment.
Give.
Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Take: Solution of Atropine sulfate 0,1 % – 1 ml

Give such doses in number 12.

Administer.

THEME 6.

CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE. NAMES OF COMPOUND ESTERS AND SALTS OF SODIUM AND POTASSIUM.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct line for English SIMPLE PLASTER OF PLUMBUM in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. emplastrus Plumbi simplex, emplastri Plumbi simplicis
- B. emplastra Plumbi simpla, emplastrae Plumbi simplicae
- C. emplastris Plumbi simplex, emplastrids Plumbi simplicis
- D. emplastrum Plumbum simplex, emplastri Plumbum simplicis
- E. emplastrum Plumbi simplex, emplastri Plumbi simplicis**

2. The correct line for English GREY OINTMENT OF MERCURY in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei, unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei
- B. unguentum Hydrargyri cinereum, unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei**
- C. unguenta Hydrargyri cinerea, unguentae Hydrargyri cinereae
- D. unguentum Hydrargyrum cinereum, unguenti Hydrargyrum cinerei
- E. unguentus Hydrargyri cinereus, unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei

3.The correct line for English BORIC ACID in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Acidum arsenicum , Acidi arsenici
- B. Acidum borici, Acidi boricum
- C. Acidum boricum, Acidi borici**
- D. Acidum boricum, Acidi boricum
- E. Acidi boricum, Acidi borici

4.The correct line for English HYDROCHLORIC ACID in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Acidum chloricum, Acidi chlorici
- B. Acidum hydricum, Acidi hydrici
- C. Acidum chloridum, Acidi chloridi
- D. Acidum hydrochloricum, Acidi hydrochlorici**
- E. Acidi hydrochlorici, Acidi hydrochloricum

5.The correct line for English CALCIUM OXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Calcii oxydum, Calcii oxydi**
- B. Oxydum calcii, Oxydi calcii
- C. Calcium oxydum, Calcii oxydi
- D. Calcii carbonas, Calcii carbonatis
- E. Calcium oxydi, Calcii oxydum

6.Correct line for English MAGNESIUM PEROXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydi
- B. Peroxydum magnesii, Peroxydi magnesii
- C. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydi
- D. Magnesii peroxydum, Magnesii peroxydi**
- E. Magnesium peroxydum, Magnesium peroxydum

7.The correct line for English IRON PEROXIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Ferri peroxydum, Ferri peroxydi**
- B. Ferrum peroxydum, Ferrum preroxydi
- C. Ferri peroxydi, Ferri preroxydum
- D. Ferrum peroxydi, Ferri preroxydi
- E. Ferri peroxydi, Ferumi preroxydi

8. The correct line for English SODIUM SULPHATE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Natrium sulfatum, Natrii sulfati
- B. Natrii sulfas, Natrii sulfatis**
- C. Sulfas natrii, Sulfatis natrii
- D. Natrii sulfidum, Natrii sulfidi
- E. Mercurii sulfas, Mercurii sulfatis

9. The correct line for English POTASSIUM ARSENITE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Kalium potassium, Kalii potassii
- B. Kalii sulfitum, Kalii sulfiti
- C. Sulfis kalii, Sulfitis kalii
- D. Kalii arsenidum, Kalii arsenidi
- E. Kalii arsenis, Kalii arsenitis**

10. The correct line for name of METHYL SALICYLATE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Methylium salicylas, Methylii salicylatii
- B. Methionini salicylas, Methionini salicylatis
- C. Methylii salicylas, Methylii salicylatis**
- D. Methylsulfacylum, Methylsulfacyli
- E. Salicylas Methylii, Salicylatis Methylii

11. The correct line for English METHIONINE SODIUMPOTASSIUM ARSENITE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Methionini-natrium, Methionini-natrii**
- B. Methionini nitras, Methionini nitratis
- C. Natrium-methioninum, Natrii-methionini
- D. Natrii nitras, Natrii nitratis
- E. Methionini-natrium, Methionini-natrii

12. The correct line for English SPIRITOUS SOLUTION OF EPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Solutioni Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosum, Solutionis Ephedrini hydrochloridi spirituosum.
- B. Solutio Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosum, Solutionis Ephedrini hydrochloridi spirituosae.**
- C. Solutio Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosus, Solutionis Ephedrini hydrochloride spirituosus.

- D. Liquor Ephedrini hydrochloridum spirituosus, Liquoris Ephedrini hydrochloridi spirituosae.
- E. Solutio Ephedrinum hydrochloridum spirituosae, Solutio Ephedrinum hydrochloride spirituosae.

13. The correct line for English EPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Ephedrini hydrochloricum, Ephedrini hydrochlorici
- B. Ephedrini hydrochloridum, Ephedrini hydrochloridi**
- C. Hydrochloridum ephedrini, Hydrochloridi Ephedrini
- D. Ephedrini hydrochloras, Ephedrini hydrochloratis
- E. Ephedrinum hydrochloridum, Ephedrini hydrochloridi

14. The correct line for English LIGHT BISMUTH NITRATE in Nominativus and Genetivus forms is

- A. Bismuthi nitras basicum, Bismuthi subnitratis basici
- B. Nitras basicum Bismuthi, Nitratis basici bismuthi
- C. Bismuthi subnitratis, Bismuthi subnitratis**
- D. Subnitratis bismuthi, Subnitratis bismuthi
- E. Subbismuthi nitras, Subbismuthi nitratis

15. The correct line for TAKE: SIMPLE PLASTER OF ZINCUM is

- A. Recipe: Emplastri Zinci simplicis**
- B. Recipe: Zincum emplastrum simplicum
- C. Recipe: Zinci emplastrum simplicis
- D. Recipe: Emplastrum Zincum simplex
- E. Recipe: Simplicis Zinci emplastri

16. The correct line for TAKE: SOLUTION OF POTASSIUM IODIDE is

- A. Recipe: Solutionis Potassium iodidi
- B. Recipe: Kalii iodidi solutionis
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Kalium iodidum
- D. Recipe: Solutionis Kalii iodidi**
- E. Recipe: Solutio Kalii iodidi

17. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF SODIUM HYDROCARBONATE is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii subcarbonatis
- B. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii subcarbonatis
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii hydrocarbonatis**
- D. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii carbonati

E. Recipe: Tabulettarum Natrii hydrocarbonatis

18. The correct line for TAKE: SUSPENSION OF HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE is

- A. Recipe: Hydrocortisoni acetatis suspensionis
- B. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisoni acetatis**
- C. Recipe: Suspensio Hydrocortisoni acetatis
- D. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisonum acetatis
- E. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisoni acetatis

19. The correct line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF MERCURIUM AMIDOCHLORIDE is

- A. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurium amidochloridum
- B. Recipe: Unguentum Mercurium amidochloridum
- C. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurii amidochloridi**
- D. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum amidochloridum
- E. Recipe: Unguentae Mercurii amidochloridi

20. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF ASCORBIC ACID WITH SUGAR IN NUMBER 10 is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici cum Sacchari numero 10
- B. Recipe: Tabulettam Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharum numero 10
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharo numero 10**
- D. Recipe: Tabulettarum Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharo numero 10
- E. Recipe: Tabulettas Acidi ascorbinici cum Saccharibus numero 10

21. Translate into Latin:

Take: Mercury cyanide

Novocaine equally 10 ml

Water for injections 20 ml

Mix. Give out.

Administer

22. Translate into Latin:

Take: Restored iron 0,5

Ascorbic acid 0,1

Mix to form powder.

Give such doses in number 50.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Take: Isotonic solution of sodium chloride 5 % – 200 ml

Solution of novocaine 0,5% – 10 ml

Mix. Sterilize. Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Take: Mercury dichloride 0,2

Carbolic acid 4,0

Lanoline

Vaseline equally 50,0

Mix to form an ointment.

Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Take: Solution of Atropine sulfate 0,1 % – 1 ml

Give such doses in number 12.

Administer.

THEME 7.

CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE: NOUNS AND ADJECTIVES OF THE 3RD DECLENSION IN PRESCRIPTIONS.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct translation of the English term SWEET ALMOND is

- A. Amygdalus amara
- B. Amygdalus dulce
- C. Amygdalus dulcium
- D. Amygdalus dulcis**
- E. Amygdalus amara

2.The correct translation of the English term SPRING ADONIS is

- A. **Adonis vernalis**
- B. Adonis vernale
- C. Adonis majalis
- D. Adonis chinensis
- E. Adonis palustris

3.The correct translation of the English term TINCTURE OF MAY LILY OF VALLEY is

- A. Tinctura Schizandrae majalis
- B. **Tinctura Convallariae majalis**
- C. Infusum Foeniculi majalis
- D. Infusum Convallariae majalis
- E. Tinctura Convallaria majale

4.The correct translation of the English term INFUSION OF HERB OF WILD (BOG) ROSEMARY is

- A. Infusum herbarum Ledi palustris
- B. Infusum herbae Ledum pallustre
- C. Infusum herba Ledum palustris
- D. **infusum herbae Ledi palustris**
- E. Infusum herbam Ledis palustrae

5.The correct translation of the English line TAKE: COMPOSITE POWDER OF LIQUORICE 100,0 is

- A. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositus 100,0
- B. Recipe: Pulver Glycyrrhizae composite 100,0
- C. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositae 100,0
- D. **Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhiza compositi 100, 0**
- E. Recipe: Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositi 100,0

6.The correct prescription line for TAKE: BUDS OF BIRCH 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Betulae gemmarum 20,0
- B. Recipe: Gemmae Betulae20,0
- C. Recipe: Gemmas Betulae 20,0
- D. Recipe: Gemmarum Betularum 20,0
- E. **Recipe: Gemmarum Betulae 20,0**

7. The correct prescription line for TAKE: INFUSION OF HERB OF THYME 10,0 - 200,0 is

- A. Recipe: Decocti herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml
- B. Recipe: Tincturae herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml
- C. Recipe: Infusi herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml**
- D. Recipe: Olei herbae Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml
- E. Recipe: Infusi herbarum Thymi 10,0 – 200 ml

8. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT... FOLI... HELIANTH... 10,0 – 200 ml (Take: Decoction of leaves of sunflower 10,0 – 200 ml) are

- A. -i, -i, -is
- B. -um, -arum, -ae
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. -i, -orum, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

9. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... BACC... MYRTILL... 90,0 – 200 ml (Take: Infusion of berries of whortleberry 90,0 – 200 ml) are

- A. -i, -orum, -i
- B. -i, -arum, -i**
- C. -us, -i, -orum
- D. -i, -i, -ae
- E. -i, -i, -i

10. The correct endings for RECIPE: EMULS... OLE... ANIS... 100 ml (Take: Emulsion of oil of anise 100 ml) are

- A. -i, -i, -i**
- B. -um, -i, -i
- C. -i, -arum, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -i
- E. -a, -i, -i

11. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT... FOLI... OLEANDR... 10,0 - 200 ml (Take: Decoction of leaves of eucalypt 10,0 - 200 ml) are

- A. -i, -i, -is
- B. -um, -arum, -ae
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. -i, -orum, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

12. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... BACC... JUNIPER... 90,0 – 200 ml
(Take: Infusion of berries of cade 90,0 - 200 ml) are

- A. **-i, -arum, -i**
- B. -um, -arum, -i
- C. -us, -i, -orum
- D. -i, -i, -ae
- E. -i, -i, -i

13. The correct translation of the English line RECIPE: INFUSION OF BUDS OF PINE 10,0 – 200 ml is

- A. Recipe: Infusi gemmorum Pini 10,0 – 200 ml
- B. Recipe: Infusa gemmarum Pinorum 10,0 – 200 ml
- C. Recipe: Infusi gemmae Pini 10,0 – 200 ml
- D. Recipe: Infusiae gemmarum Pini 10,0 – 200 ml
- E. **Recipe: Infusi gemmarum Pini 10,0 – 200 ml**

14. The correct endings for RECIPE: EXTRACT... VALERIAN... SICC... 0,3
(Take: Dry extract of valerian 0,3) are

- A. **-i, -ae, -i**
- B. -um, -i, -i
- C. -i, -arum, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -i
- E. -a, -i, -i

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: EXTRACT... ABSINTHI... SPISS... 1,0
(Take: Thick extract of wormwood 1,0)

- A. -um, -um, -um
- B. -i, -ae, -um
- C. -a, -i, -as
- D. **-i, -i, -i**
- E. -a, -a, -i

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: TINCTUR... EUCALYPT... AQUOS... 10 ml
(Take: Aqueous extract of eucalypt) are

- A. -is, -i, -o
- B. **-ae, -i, -ae**
- C. -a, -us, -i
- D. -i, -is, -o
- E. -um, -i, -o

17. The correct prescription line for RECIPE: DECOCT... RHIZOMAT... CALAM..
(calamus (plant) – Calamus, i m)

- A. **-i, -is, -i**
- B. -um, -is, -i
- C. -i, -is, -um
- D. -ae, -i, -is
- E. -i, -i, -i

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: PULVER... SECAL... CORNUT...
COMPOSIT 50,0 (Take: Composite powder of ergot 50,0) are

- A. -i, -ae, -im, -i
- B. **-is, -is, -i, -i**
- C. -is, -i, -ae, -ibus
- D. -is, -i, -ibus, -um
- E. -a, is, -em, -i

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: EMULS... SEMIN... LIN... 10,0 (Take:
Mucus of seeds of flax 10,0)

- A. -i, -is, -um
- B. -um, -ae, -i
- C. -us, -i, -us
- D. **-i, -um, -i**
- E. -i, -us, -i

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: EXTRACT... NUPHAR... SICC... 20 ml
(Take: Fluid extract of water bean 20 ml) are

- A. -i, -ae, -ae
- B. -i, -us, -i
- C. -i, -i, -i
- D. **-i, -is, -i**
- E. -um, -is, -i

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of flowers of Camomile 15,0 – 200 ml

Tincture of mint 2 ml

Mix.

Give.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of herb of spring adonis 10,0 – 100 ml
Syrup of marshmallow 200ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of leaves of foxglove 0,5 – 180 ml
Simple syrup 20 ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Emulsion of seeds of pumpkin
Sugar 20,3
Purified water 80 ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of root of officina lvalerian 20,0 – 200 ml
Simple syrup 20 ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

THEME 8.

NOUNS OF THE 4TH DECLENSION.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. Choose the noun of the 4TH DECLENSION MASCULINE.

- A. sirupus, i
- B. corpus, oris
- C. incus, udis
- D. sinus, us**
- E. gelu, us

2. Choose the noun of the 4TH DECLENSION NEUTRAL.

- A. cor, cordis
- B. cornu, us
- C. spiritus, us**
- D. pus, puris
- E. genus, eris

3. The correct ending of SPIRITUS,US M in DATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -is
- B. -orum
- C. -am
- D. -ibus**
- E. -uum

4. The correct ending of GELU,US N in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -us
- B. -ua**
- C. -ibus
- D. -uum
- E. -u

5. The correct ending of USUS,US M in GENETIVUS SINGULARIS is

- A. -um
- B. -uum
- C. -ium
- D. -us**
- E. -is

6. The correct ending of CORNU,US N in ACCUSATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -ea
- B. -uum
- C. -a

D. -ua

E. -as

7. The correct ending of PROCESSUS,US M in ACCUSATIVUS SINGULARIS is

A. -ae

B. -um

C. -os

D. -am

E. -orum

8. The Latin translation of ABOUT FRUIT is

A. per fructum

B. de fructibus

C. intra fructum

D. de fructu

E. cum fructu

9. The Latin translation of WITHOUT OUTCOME is

A. in exitu

B. per exitum

C. ex exitu

D. sine exitu

E. pro exitu

10. The Latin translation of WITH DECOCTION OF BARK OF OAK is

A. cum decoctis corticis Quercus

B. cum decocto corticis Quercus

C. ex decocto corticis Quercus

D. sine decocto corticis Quercus

E. per decoctum corticis Quercus

11. The Latin translation of THROUGH INTERNAL USAGE is

A. per usus internus

B. per usu interno

C. ad usum internum

D. intra usum internum

E. per usum internum

12.The correct Latin translation of the sentence HE PREPARES INFUSIONS OF FRUITS OF PLANTS is

- A. Infusa fructuum plantarum praeparantur.
- B. Preparat infusa fructuum plantarum.**
- C. Praepara infusa fructuum plantarum.
- D. Preparat infusa ex fructibus plantarum.
- E. Praeparant infusa fructuum plantarum.

13.The correct Latin translation of the sentence FRUITS OF PLANTS ARE USED FOR INFUSIONS is

- A. Adhibet fructus plantarum pro infusis.
- B. Fructus plantarum adhibentur pro infusis.**
- C. Fructus plantae adhibetur pro infuso.
- D. Fructus cum baccis adhibentur in infuses.
- E. Fructus sine baccis adhibentur in infuses.

14.The correct prescription line for TAKE: BARK OF QUERCUS 20,0 is

- A. Recipe:Quercus corticis 20,0
- B. Recipe: Cortex Quercus 20,0
- C. Recipe: Corticis Querci 20,0
- D. Recipe: Corticis Quercuum 20,0
- E. Recipe: Corticis Quercus 20,0**

15.The correct prescription line for TAKE: FORMIC ALCOHOL 100 ml

- A. Recipe:Spiritus formicus 100 ml
- B. Recipe: Spiritus formici 100 ml**
- C. Recipe: Spiriti formici 100 ml
- D. Recipe: Spiritus formicus 100 ml
- E. Recipe: Spiriti fformicus 100 ml

16.The correct prescription line for TAKE: DECOCTION OF BARK OF OAK 10,0 – 200,0 is

- A. Recipe: Decocti cortici Quercus 10,0 – 200 ml
- B. Recipe: Tincturae corticis Querci 10,0 – 200 ml
- C. Recipe: Infusi corticis Quercus 10,0 – 200 ml
- D. Recipe: Decocti corticis Querci 10,0 – 200 ml
- E. Recipe: Decocti corticis Quercus 10,0 – 200 ml**

17. The correct prescription line for TAKE: RECTIFICATED ALCOHOL OF WINE 100 ml

- A. **Recipe: Spiritus Vini rectificati 100 ml**
- B. Recipe: Spiriti Vini rectificati 100 ml
- C. Recipe: Rectificati Spiritus Vini 100 ml
- D. Recipe: Spiritus Vinum rectificati 100 ml
- E. Recipe: Spiritus Vini rectificatus 100 ml

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: FRUCT... ROS... 100,0 (Take: Fruits of rose 100,0) are

- A. **-uum, -ae**
- B. -uum, -i
- C. -orum, -arum
- D. -us, -i,
- E. -ibus, -i

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: SPIRIT... AETHYLIC... AD US... EXTERN...45 % – 100 ml (Take: Ethilic alcohol 45% for external usage 100 ml) are

- A. -um, -um, -um,-i
- B. -i, -ae, -um,-i
- C. -ae, -i, -as, -um
- D. **-us, -i, -um, -um**
- E. -um, -a, -us, -us

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT... FRUCT... BISTORT...10,0 – 200 ml (Take: Decoction of fruits of bistort 10,0 – 200 ml) are

- A. -i, -orum, -is
- B. -um, -arum, -ae
- C. -us, -arum, -us
- D. **-i, -uum, -ae**
- E. -i, -us, -i

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of fruits of anise 10,0 – 200 ml

Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Resorcine 2,0

Zinc oxide

Talc 5,0 of each
Ethylic alcohol 70%
Purified water 100 ml of each
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Decoction of fruits of buckthorn 0,5 – 180 ml
Simple syrup 20 ml
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Spirituous solution of iodine 5% for internal usage 15 ml
Give out.
Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Decoction of bark of oak 20,0 – 200ml
Give out
Administer.

THEME 9.
NOUNS OF THE 5TH DECLENSION.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. Choose the correct number of declension for SCABIES, EI F.

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV

E. V

2. Choose the correct number of declension for GELU, US N.

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV**
- E. V

3. Choose the correct number of declension for PUPILLA, AE F.

- A. I**
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

4. Choose the correct number of declension for CAPUT, ITIS N.

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III**
- D. IV
- E. V

5. Choose the correct number of declension for MUSCULUS, I M.

- A. I
- B. II**
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

6. The correct ending of DIES, EI F in DATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -ibus
- B. -orum
- C. -es
- D. -ebus**
- E. -uum

7. The correct ending of FACIES, EI F in NOMINATIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -us
- B. -es**

- C. -ia
- D. -ebus
- E. -erum

8. The correct ending of SPECIES, EI F in GENETIVUS PLURALIS is

- A. -arum
- B. -orum
- C. -uum
- D. -erum**
- E. -ium

9. The correct ending of SCABIES, EI F in ACCUSATIVUS SINGULARIS is

- A. -am
- B. -em**
- C. -um
- D. -es
- E. -os

10. The Latin translation of ABOUT DAY is

- A. per diem
- B. de diebus
- C. intra diem
- D. de die**
- E. cum die

11. The Latin translation of WITHOUT HOPE is

- A. in spe
- B. per spem
- C. ex spe
- D. sine spe**
- E. pro spe

12. The Latin translation of WITH WHITE FACE is

- A. cum faciebus albis
- B. cum facie alba**
- C. ex facie nigra
- D. sine facie flava
- E. per faciem albam

13. The Latin translation of THROUGH GOOD ISSUES is

- A. per res bona
- B. per rem bonam
- C. ad res bonas
- D. intra rem bonam
- E. per res bonas**

14. The correct Latin translation of the sentence HE PREPARES SPECIES (HERBS) FROM PARTS OF PLANTS is

- A. Species ex partibus plantarum praeparantur.
- B. Preparat species ex partibus plantarum.**
- C. Praepara species ex partibus plantarum.
- D. Preparat species ex fructibus plantarum.
- E. Praeparant species partium plantarum.

15. The correct Latin translation of the sentence FRUITS OF PLANTS ARE USED FOR SPECIES is

- A. Adhibet fructus plantarum pro speciebus.
- B. Fructus plantarum adhibentur pro speciebus.**
- C. Fructus plantae adhibetur pro speciebus.
- D. Fructus cum baccis adhibentur pro speciebus.
- E. Fructus sine baccis adhibentur pro speciebus.

16. The correct prescription line for TAKE: CHOLAGOGUE HERBS 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Speciei cholagogorum 20,0
- B. Recipe: Speciesi cholagogorum 20,0
- C. Recipe: Specierum cholagogae 20,0
- D. Recipe: Speciei cholagogorum 20,0
- E. Recipe: Specierum cholagogorum 20,0**

17. The correct prescription line for TAKE: LAXATIVE HERBS 100,0

- A. Recipe: Specierum laxativi 100,0
- B. Recipe: Specierum laxantium 100,0**
- C. Recipe: Specierum laxativorum 100,0
- D. Recipe: Specierum laxantes 100,0
- E. Recipe: Specierum laxantis 100,0

18. The correct prescription line for MIX TO GET HERBS is

- A. Misce fiat species

- B. Misce fiatur species
- C. Misce fiat speciem
- D. Misce format species
- E. Misce fiant species**

19. The correct translation for DOSE OF ANALGIN 0,5 FOR DAILY USAGE

- A. Doses Analgini 0,5 pro die
- B. Dosis Analgini 0,5 pro die**
- C. Doses Analgini 0,5 pro diebus
- D. Dosis Analgini 0,5 per diem
- E. Dosis Analgini 0,5 pro dosi

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT... CONTRA SCABI... 100,0
(Take: Ointment against itch 100,0) are

- A. -i, -em**
- B. -i, -i
- C. -ei, -arum
- D. -i -ei
- E. -i, -ium

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Pectoral herbs 100,0

Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Leaves of senna

Bark of buckthorn

Fruits of coriander (Coriander, dried)

Root of liquorice 50,0 of each

Mix to get herbs.

Give out.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Herb of spring Adonis 8,0

Leaves of peppermint 1,0 Simple syrup 20 ml

Mix to get herbs. Give out such doses in number 10.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Laxative hers 10,00

Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Antiasthmatic herbs 100,0

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 10.

ADJECTIVES. DEGREES OF COMPARISON.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES OF THE FIRST GROUP.

- A. celer, simplex, viride
- B. opticum, ciliaris, brevis
- C. amylaceus, pura, siccum**
- D. albus, viridis, ophthalmicum
- E. plantaris, pubicus, nervosum

2. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES OF THE SECOND GROUP.

- A. chronica, chronicus, mollis
- B. lymphaticum, pubica, costalis
- C. par, centralis, palustre**
- D. tibialis, naturalis, pura
- E. paluster, aquosa, narcoticus

3. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES IN GRADUS SUPERLATIVUS.

- A. magnus, purior, laterale
- B. maximus, facillimus, nigerrimus**
- C. minimus, parvus, superior
- D. pius, durissimus, minor

E. lymphaticum, pubica, costalis

4. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES IN GRADUS COMPARATIVUS.

- A. biceps, renalis, tendineus
- B. minimus, maximus, dentalis
- C. superior, antarius, latus**
- D. brevius, latus, minor
- E. flavior, albius, cinereus

5. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES IN GRADUS SUPERLATIVUS.

- A. ruberrimus, rubrior, rubrius
- B. profundissimus, profundior, profundus
- C. brevior, brevissimus, brevissima
- D. fortior, forties, fortissimus
- E. albissimus, minimus, maximus**

6. The correct translation of the English THE FRESHEST DECOCTIONS is

- A. decoctum recentius
- B. decocta recentissimi
- C. decoctum recentes
- D. decocta recentissima**
- E. decoctum recens

7. The correct translation of the English BETWEEN THE GREENEST FRUITS (fructus, us m + viridis, e) is

- A. inter fructus virides**
- B. in fructibus viridissimis
- C. apud fructum viridem
- D. inter fructus viridissimos
- E. ad nervum viridiores

8. The correct translation of the English MAXIMUM DOSES OF REMEDIES is

- A. doses remediorum maximae**
- B. dosis remediorum maxima
- C. doses remedii maximae
- D. dosia remediorum maxima
- E. dosis remedii maximae

9.The correct translation of the English term THE BEST VASELINE FOR OPHTHALMIC OINTMENT is

- A. Vaselinum melius pro unguento ophthalmico
- B. Vaselinum pessimum pro unguento ophthalmico
- C. Vaselinum optimum pro unguentis ophthalmico
- D. Vaselinum optimum pro unguentum ophthalmicum
- E. Vaselinum optimum pro unguento ophthalmico**

10.The correct translation of the English term LEMON JUICE IS VERY YELLOW is

- A. Succi Citri flavissimi sunt.
- B. Succus Citri flavior est.
- C. Succus Citri flavus est.
- D. Succus Citrorum flavissimus est.
- E. Succus Citri flavissimus est.**

11.The correct translation of the English sentence MORE SOLID MEDICINAL FORMS is

- A. forma medicinalis durior
- B. formae medicales duriores**
- C. formae medicinalae duriores
- D. formum medicinalum duriorum
- E. formae medicinalae duriorae

12.The correct translation of English VERY SWEET JUICE OF RASPBERRY BERRIES is

- A. succus dulcissimus baccae Rubi idaei
- B. succi dulcissimi baccarum Rubi idaei
- C. succus dulcior baccarum Rubi idaei
- D. succus dulcis baccae Rubi idaei
- E. succus dulcissimus baccarum Rubi idaei**

13.The correct translation of English THE PUREST VASELINE OIL FOR INTERNAL USE is

- A. olei Vaselini purissimi ad usum internum
- B. olea Vaselini purissima ad usum internum
- C. oleum Vaselini purissimum ad usum internum**
- D. oleum Vaselini purissimum ad usum externum
- E. oleuu Vaselini purissimus ad usum internum

14. The correct endings for PRAEPAR... SIRUP... EX BACC... OXYCOCCI RECENTISSIM... (Prepare juice from very fresh berries of cranberry) are

- A. -a, -um, -orum, -is
- B. -at, -um, -is, -is
- C. -atur, -us, -is, -is**
- D. -a, -um, -is, -is
- E. -a, -um, -orum, -orum

15. The correct endings for REMED... AMARISSIM... IN CAPSUL... DA... (Very bitter remedies are given in capsules) is

- A. -a,-a,-is, -ntur**
- B. -um,-um,-is,-ntur
- C. -us,-us,-is,-ntur
- D. -a,-a,-is,-nt
- E. -a,-a,-is,-tur

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: OLE... VASEN... PURISSIM... 100,0 (Take: The purest oil of Vaseline) are

- A. -um, -i, -i
- B. -i, -orum, -i
- C. -ae, -i, -ae
- D. -i, -i, -i**
- E. -i, -um, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS... FOLI... PLANTAGIN... MAJOR... 10,0 - 200 ml (Take: Infusion of leaves of great plantain 10,0 – 200 ml) are

- A. -i, -orum, -is, -is**
- B. -i, -arum, -is, -is
- C. -i, -i, -is, -is
- D. -i, -orum, -ae, -is
- E. -i, -orum, -i, -is

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: HERB..CHELIDONI... MAJOR...100,0 (Take: Herb of great celandine 100,0) are

- A. -ae,-i,-is**
- B. -a,-i,-is
- C. -ae,-is,-is
- D. -arum,-i,-is
- E. -i,-i,-is

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: PULVER... STREPTOCID... SUBTIL... MAJOR... 10,0 - 200 ml (Take: Powder of the subtlest streptocide 10,0) are

- A. -i,-i,-is
- B. -is,-i,-i**
- C. -ae,-is,-is
- D. -arum,-i,-is
- E. -i,-i,-is

20. The correct endings for MISC... FIA... PULV... SUBTILISSIM... (mix to get the subtlest powder) are

- A. -e,-t,-is,-us**
- B. -e,nt,-is,-us
- C. -ete,-t,-is,-us
- D. -e,-nt,-is,-us
- E. -e,-t,-is,-a

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: The subtlest streptocide 2,0
Vaseline 10,0
Mix to get ointment.
Give out.
Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: The purest Vaseline oil 200 ml
Oil of mint 3 drops
Mix.
Give out.
Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Herb of spring Adonis 8,0
Leaves of peppermint 1,0
Mix to get herbs.
Give out such doses in number 10.
Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of leaves of great plantain 10,0 – 100 ml

Give out.
Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Boric acid 6,0

Pulverated zinc oxide 4,0

The purest talc 40,0

Mix.

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 11.

NAMES OF FLUID MEDICINAL FORMS. THE PRESCRIPTION.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct line for English OIL SOLUTION OF VITAMIN A is
 - A. Vitamini A solutionis oleosae
 - B. Vitaminum A solutio oleosa
 - C. Solutio Vitamini A oleosa**
 - D. vitaminum A oleosum solutionis
 - E. Solutionis Vitamini A oleosae
2. The correct line for English COMPOSITE INFUSION OF SENNA is
 - A. Infusi Sennae compositi
 - B. Compositum infusum Sennae
 - C. Infusum Senna compositus
 - D. Infusum Sennae compositum**
 - E. Senna composita infusi
3. The correct line for English MUCILAGE OF STARCH (Amylum, i n – starch) is
 - A. mucilago Amyli**
 - B. Amylum mucilaginis
 - C. Mucilago amylacea
 - D. muciago Amylum
 - E. Mucilaginis Amyli

4. The correct line for English ETHER TINCTURE OF VALERIAN is
- A. Aether Tincturae Valerianae
 - B. Valeriana aetherea tincturae
 - C. Tinctura Valerianae aethereus
 - D. tinctura Valerianae aetherea**
 - E. Tinctura Valeriana aetherea
5. The correct line for English WATER OF PEPPERMINT is
- A. aqua Menthae piperitae**
 - B. Menthae piperitae aqua
 - C. Aqua Menthi piperiti
 - D. Mentha piperita aquosa
 - E. Aqua Mentha piperita
6. The correct line for English LIQUID EXTRACT OF SENNA (Senna, ae f) is
- A. extractum Sennae siccum
 - B. extractum Sennae spissum
 - C. fluidum extractum Sennae
 - D. extractum Sennae fluida
 - E. extractum Sennae fluidum**
7. The correct line for English INFUSION OF HERB OF ABSINTHIUM is
- A. Infusum herba Absinthium
 - B. Absinthium herbae infusion
 - C. Infusum herbae Absinthii**
 - D. Absinthium herba infusum
 - E. Infusum herbae Absinthium
8. The correct line for TAKE: DECOCTION OF LEAVES OF EUCALYPTUS is
- A. Recipe: Decocti foliorum Eucalypti**
 - B. Recipe: Decoctum foliorum Eucalypti
 - C. Recipe: Folia Eucalypti decocti
 - D. Recipe: Decoctum folii Eucalypti
 - E. Recipe: Decocti foliorum Eucalyptus
9. The correct line for TAKE: DILUTE SOLUTION OF HYDROCHLORIC ACID (dilutus, a, um) is
- A. Recipe: Acidum hydrochloricum solutionis dilutae
 - B. Recipe: Solutionis Acidi hydrochlorici diluti
 - C. Recipe: Solutionis Acidum hydrochloricum dilutum
 - D. Recipe: Solutionis Acidi hydrochlorici dilutae**
 - E. Recipe: Solutio Acidi hydrochlorici diutae

10. The correct line for TAKE: DRY MIXTURE AGAINST COUGH (against cough – contra tussim) is

- A. Recipe: Contra tussim mixturae siccae
- B. Recipe: Mixturi sicci contra tussim
- C. Recipe: Mixturae siccae contra tussim**
- D. Recipe: Mixtura sicca contra tussim
- E. Recipe: Mixturarum siccarum contra tussim

11. The correct line for TAKE: SUSPENSION OF HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE (suspensio, onis f) is

- A. Recipe: Hydrocortisoni acetatis suspensionis
- B. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisoni acetatis**
- C. Recipe: Suspensio Hydrocortisoni acetatis
- D. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisonum acetatis
- E. Recipe: Suspensionis Hydrocortisoni acetata

12. The correct line for TAKE: INFUSION OF BUDS OF BIRCH (infusum, i n) is

- A. Recipe: Gemmae Pini infusum
- B. Recipe: Infusum gemmae Pini
- C. Recipe: Infusi gemmarum Betulae**
- D. Recipe: Betula infusum gemma
- E. Recipe: Infusi gemma Betula

13. The correct line for TAKE: WATER TINCTURE OF RHUBARB (water – aquosus, a, um, Rhubarb – Rheum, i n) is

- A. Recipe: Rhei tincturae aquosae
- B. Recipe: Aquae tincturae Rhei
- C. Recipe: Tincturae Rhei aquosae**
- D. Recipe: Tinctura Rhei aquosa
- E. Recipe: Rheum tincturae aquosum

14. The correct line for TAKE: ETHYL ALCOHOL (ethyl – aethylicus, a, um) is

- A. Recipe: Aetheris spirituosus
- B. Recipe: Spiritus Aetheris
- C. Recipe: Spiritus aethylici**
- D. Recipe: Aethylalcoholis
- E. Recipe: Spiriti aethylici

15. The correct endings for RECIPE: EXTRACT... URTIC... FLUID... (Take: Infusion of nettle leaves) are

- A. -ae, -i, -ae
- B. -i, -um, -um
- C. -i, -ae, -i**
- D. -um, -ae, -um

E. -um, -ae, -ae

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: SOLUTION... IOD... SPIRITUOUS... (Take: Spirituous solution of iodine) are

- A. -io, -i, -a
- B. -is, -i, -ae**
- C. -io, -um, -ae
- D. -is, -um, -ae
- E. -is, -um, -a

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: TINCTUR... MENTH... PIPERIT... (Take: Peppermint tincture) are

- A. -a, -a, -a
- B. -ae, -a, -a
- C. -i, -ae, -ae
- D. -ae, -ae, -ae**
- E. -ae, -is, -is

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: INFUS...HERB...ADONID... (Take: Infusion of foxglove grass) are

- A. -i, -ae, -is**
- B. -ae, -a, -a
- C. -is, -ae, -is
- D. -ae, -ae, -ae
- E. -ae, -is, -is

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: DECOCT...RADIC...ALTHAE... (Take: Decoction of marshmallow leaves) are

- A. -i, -ae, -is
- B. -a, -orum, -ae
- C. -is, -arum, -is
- D. -i, -is, -ae**
- E. -ae, -is, -is

20. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Fluid extract of aloe 1 ml

Give such doses in number 10 in ampoules

Administer.

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Infusion of root of valerian 15,0 – 200 ml

Phenobarbitale 0,2

Natrium bromide 3,0

Mix, Give out.

Administer.

22. Translate into English:

Rx: Chlorālum hydrāte 3,0
Mucus of starch 20 ml
Purificated water 90 ml
Mix. Give out..
Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Etherous tincture of valerian
Tincture of lily of valley equal 10 ml
Mix. Give out.
Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Take: Isotonic solution of sodium chloride 5% – 200 ml
Solution of novocaine 0,5% – 10 ml
Mix. Sterilize. Give out.
Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Take: Solution of Atropine sulfate 0,1 % – 1 ml
Give out such doses in number 12 in ampules
Administer

THEME 12.

NAMES OF SOFT MEDICINAL FORMS. THE PRESCRIPTION.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

1. The correct line for English COMPOSITE PLASTER OF LEAD is

- A. Compositum emplastrum Plumbi
- B. Plumbi emplastrum compositum
- C. Emplastrum Plumbi compositum**
- D. Emplastri Plumbi compositi
- E. Emplastrum Plumbum compositum

2. The correct line for English OPHTHALMIC OINTMENT OF PREDNISOLONE is
- A. Prednisolonum unguentum ophthalmicum
 - B. ophthalmicum unguentum Prednisoloni
 - C. Unguentum Pradnisoloi ophthalmica
 - D. Unguentum Prednisoloni ophthalmicum**
 - E. Unguenti Prednisoloni ophthalmici
3. The correct line for English PASTE OF ZINC is
- A. Pasta Zinci**
 - B. Pasta Zinca
 - C. Pastae Zincae
 - D. Zinci pastum
 - E. Pastae Zinci
4. The correct line for English UNGUENTUM OF DEPURATED SULPHUR is
- A. Unguentum Sulfur depuratum
 - B. Unguentum Sulfuris depuratum
 - C. Unguenti Sulfuisr depuratum
 - D. Unguentum Sulfuris depurati**
 - E. Sulfur unguenti depurati
5. The correct line for English OINTMENT “CREMGEN” is
- A. unguentum “Cremgen”**
 - B. Unguenti “Cremgen”
 - C. Unguentum Cremgeni
 - D. Cremgeni unguetum
 - E. linimentum “Cremgen”
6. The correct line for English PLASTER OF PEPPER CAPSICUM (Pepper capsicum – Capsicum, i n) is
- A. Capsicum emplastrum
 - B. emplastri Capsici
 - C. emplastri Capsicum
 - D. emplastrum Capsicum
 - E. emplastrum Capsici**
7. The correct line for English COMPOSED SYNTHOMYCINE LINIMENT is
- A. Linimentum compositum Synthomycini
 - B. Linimentum Synthomycini compositum**
 - C. Linimentum compositum Synthomycinum
 - D. Synthomycini Linimentum compositum
 - E. Linimentum Syntomycini compositi

8. The correct line for English SIMPLE LEAD PLASTER is
- A. Emplastrum Plumbum simplex
 - B. Emplastrum Plumbi simplex**
 - C. Emplastri Plumbi simplicis
 - D. Emplastrum Plumbumsimplici icis
 - E. simplex emplastrum Plumbi
9. The correct line for TAKE: COMPOSITE LINIMENT OF STREPTOCIDE is
- A. Recipe: Linimenti Streptocidi compositi**
 - B. Recipe: Linimentum Streptocidum compositum
 - C. Recipe: Linimentorum Streptocidum compositum
 - D. Recipe: Streptocidi linimenti compositi
 - E. Recipe: Linimenti Streptocidum compositum
10. The correct line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF YELLOW MERCURY OXIDE (flavus, a, um – yellow) is
- A. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum oxydum flavi
 - B. Recipe: Hydrargyri oxydi flavi Unguenti
 - C. Recipe: Unguentorum Hydrargyri oxydi flavi
 - D. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri oxydi flavi**
 - E. Recipe: Unguentum Hydrargyri oxydi flavi
11. The correct line for TAKE: “SANITAS” LINIMENT is
- A. Recipe: Linimenti Sanitatis
 - B. Recipe: Linimentum Sanitas
 - C. Recipe: Linimenti “Sanitas”**
 - D. Recipe: “Sanitas” linimentum
 - E. Recipe: Sanitatis linimenti
12. The correct line for TAKE: ZINCUM PASTE is
- A. Recipe: Pasta Zinci
 - B. Recipe: Pastae Zinci**
 - C. Recipe: Zincum pasta
 - D. Recipe: Zinci pasta
 - E. Recipe: Pasta Zincum
13. The correct line for TAKE: SIMPLE LEAD PLASTER is
- A. Recipe: Emplastri Plumbi simplex
 - B. Recipe: Emplastrum Plumbi simplicis
 - C. Recipe: Emplastri Plumbi simplicis**
 - D. Recipe: Plumbi emplastri simplicis
 - E. Recipe: Simplicis emplastri Plumbi

14. The correct line for TAKE: OPHTHALMIC OINTMENT OF PREDNISOLONE (water – aquosus, a, um , Rhubarb – Rheum, i n) is

- A. Recipe: Ophthalmici unguenti prednisoloni
- B. Recipe: Prednisoloni unguenti ophthamici
- C. Recipe: Unguenti Prednisoloni ophthalmici**
- D. Recipe: Unguentum Prednisoloni ophthalmici
- E. Recipe: Unguenti Prednisolonum ophthalmici

15. The correct line for TAKE: GREY OINTMENT OF MERCURY (grey – cinereus, a, um)

- A. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri cinereum
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri cinereae
- C. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri cinerei**
- D. Recipe: Unguentum Hydrargyri cinereum
- E. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum cinerei

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: PAST... GRAMICIDIN... (Take: gramicidine paste) are

- A. -ae, -i**
- B. -i, -um
- C. -i, -ae
- D. -ae, -um
- E. -um, -ae

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENTI... TETRACYCLIN... OPHTHALMIC...(Take: Ophthalmic ointment of tetracycline) are

- A. -i, -i, -i**
- B. -i, -i, -ae
- C. -orum, - um, -ae
- D. -um, , -um, -ae
- E. -is, -um, -a

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: LINIMENT... ALO... (Take: Liniment of aloe) are

- A. -i, -i
- B. -ae, -a
- C. -i, -es**
- D. -ae, -ae
- E. -ae, -is

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT...HYDRARGYR... MONOCHLORID... (Take: Ointment of mercury monochloride) are

- A. -i, -i, -i**
- B. -ae, -a, -a

- C. -is, -ae, -is
- D. -i, -ae, -ae
- E. -i, -is, -is

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: UNGUENT...TETRACYCLIN... (Take: Ointment of tetracycline) are

- A. -i, -ae
- B. -a, -orum
- C. -i, -arum
- D. -i, -i**
- E. -ae, -is

21. Translate into English:

Rx: Dermatole 20,0

Oil of flax 15 ml

Mix to get liniment. Give out.

Administer

22. Translate into English:

Rx: Simple plaster of lead 50,0

Give out.

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Composite liniment of streptocide 50,0

Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Salicylic acid

Zinc oxide equally 12,0

Vaseline up to 50,0

Mix to get a paste.

Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Take: Suppositories "Anaesthezol" in number 10

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 13.
NAMES OF SOFT MEDICINAL FORMS. THE PRESCRIPTION.

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

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1. The correct line for English COMPOSITE POWDER OF SWEET ROOT (sweet root – Glycyrrhiza, ae f) is
 - A. Pulvis Glycyrrhiza compositus
 - B. Pulveris Glycyrrhizae compositus
 - C. Pulvis Glycyrrhizae compositus**
 - D. Compositus pulvis Glycyrrhizae
 - E. Pulvis Glycyrrhizae compositae

2. The correct line for English SUPPOSITORIES "BETHIOLUM" is
 - A. Suppositoria Bethioli
 - B. "Bethiol" suppositoria
 - C. Suppositorium "Bethiolum"
 - D. Suppositoria "Bethiolum"**
 - E. Suppositoriorum "bethiol"

3. The correct line for English TABLETS OF CODEINE PHOSPHATE is
 - A. Tabulettae Codeini phosphatis**
 - B. Tabuletta Codeini phosphatis
 - C. Tabulettarum Codeini phosphatis
 - D. Tabulettae Codeini phosphas
 - E. Tabulettae Codeinum phosphatum

4. The correct line for English DRY EXTRACT OF VALERIAN is
 - A. Extractum Valerianae siccae
 - B. Extracti Valerianae sicci
 - C. siccum extractum Valerianae
 - D. extractum Valerianae siccum**
 - E. Valerianae extractum siccum

5. The correct line for English COATED TABLETS "ALLOCHOLUM" is
 - A. Tabulettae "Allocholum" obductae**
 - B. Tabulettae obductae "Allocholum"
 - C. Obductae tabulettae "Allocholum"
 - D. Tabuletta "Allocholum" obducta

- E. "Allocholum" tabulettae obductae
6. The correct line for English RECTAL SUPPOSITORIES "ANUSOLUM" (rectalis, e – rectal) is
- A. suppositorium rectale Anusolum
 - B. rectalia "Anusolum" suppositoria
 - C. suppositoria rectalia Anusoli
 - D. rectalia suppositoria "Anusolum"
 - E. suppositoria rectalia "Anusolum"**
7. The correct line for English DRY HEMATOGENE is
- A. Siccum haematogenum
 - B. Haematogenum siccum**
 - C. Haematogeni sicci
 - D. Haematogena sicca
 - E. Haematogenum siccus
8. The correct line for English SEDATIVE HERBAL BLEND is
- A. Species antipyreticae
 - B. Species sedativae**
 - C. Sedativae species
 - D. Specierum sedativarum
 - E. Species sedativus
9. The correct line for TAKE: DRAGEE "UNDEVITUM" is
- A. Recipe: Dragees Undeviti
 - B. Recipe: Dragee Undeviti
 - C. Recipe: Dragee "Undevitum"**
 - D. Recipe: Dragees Undevitum
 - E. Recipe: Dragee Undevitum
10. The correct line for TAKE: HERBAL BLEND FOR GARGLING is
- A. Recipe: Specierum pro gargarismata
 - B. Recipe: Specierum ad gargarismatae
 - C. Recipe: Speciei ad gargarismata
 - D. Recipe: Specierum ad gargarismata**
 - E. Recipe: Specierae ad gargarismata
11. The correct line for TAKE: COATED TABLETS "POLYVITAPLEX" is
- A. Recipe: Tabulettarum "Polyvitaplex" obductae
 - B. Recipe: Tabulettas obductas "Polyvitaplex"
 - C. Recipe: Tabulettas "Polyvitaplex" obductas**
 - D. Recipe: Tabuletta "Polyvitaplex" obducta
 - E. Recipe: Tabulettas "Polyvitaplex" obducta

12. The correct line for TAKE: POWDER OF ASCORBIC ACID is

- A. Recipe: Pulveris acidi ascorbinici
- B. Recipe: Pulveris Acidi ascorbinici**
- C. Recipe: Pulveris ascorbinici Acidi
- D. Recipe: Pulveri Acidi ascorbinici
- E. Recipe: Pulver Acidi ascorbinici

13. The correct line for TAKE: TABLET OF TETRACYCLINE WITH NYSTATIN is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettarum Tetracyclini cum Nystatino
- B. Recipe: Tabulettas Tetracyclini cum Nystatino**
- C. Recipe: Tabulettam Tetracyclini cum Nystatino
- D. Recipe: Tabuletta Tetracyclini cum Nystatino
- E. Recipe: Tabulettam Tetracyclini cum Nystatini

14. The correct line for TAKE: POWDER OF ZINC VALERIANATE is

- A. Recipe: Pulver Zinci valerianatis
- B. Recipe: Pulveris Zincum valerianatis
- C. Recipe: Pulveris Zinci valerianatis**
- D. Recipe: Pulveris Zinci valerianat
- E. Recipe: Pulveri Zinci valerianati

15. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF DRY VALERIAN EXTRACT is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettarum extracti Valerianae sicci
- B. Recipe: Tabulettae extracti Valerianae sicci
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas extracti Valerianae sicci**
- D. Recipe: Tabulettas extracti Valerianae siccae
- E. Recipe: Tabulettam extracti Valerianae sicci

16. The correct endings for RECIPE: PULVER... ACID... ASCORBIC... (Take: Powder of ascorbinic acid) are

- A. -i, -um, -ae
- B. -i, -ae, -i
- C. -is, -i, -i**
- D. -is, -ae, -um
- E. -um, -ae, -i

17. The correct endings for RECIPE: TABULETT... TETRACYCLIN... HYDROCHLORID... (Take: Tablets of tetracycline hydrochloride) are

- A. -i, -i, -i
- B. -as, -i, -i**
- C. -orum, -um, -ae
- D. -um, -um, -ae

E. -is, -um, -a

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: SUPPOSITORI... GLYCERIN... (Take: Suppositories of glycerine) are

- A. -i, -i
- B. -ae, -a
- C. -i, -es
- D. -ae, -ae
- E. -a, -i**

19. The correct endings for RECIPE: SPECI...AMAR... (Take: Bitter herbal blend) are

- A. -erum, -ae
- B. -ae, -a
- C. -erum, -arum**
- D. -es, -arum
- E. -i, -is

20. The correct endings for RECIPE: DRAGE...DIAZOLIN... (Take: Dragee of diazoline) are

- A. -i, -i
- B. -a, -i
- C. -as, -i
- D. -e, -i**
- E. -ae, -i

21. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Euphylline 0,3

Oil of Cocoa 3,0

Mix to get rectal suppository . Give out such 12 doses.

Administer.

22. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Tablets "Asparcam" N 50,0

Give out

Administer.

23. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Powder of Rhubarb root 0,03

Magnium oxide 0,02

Mix to get powder. Give out.

Administer.

24. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Streptocide 5,0

Penicillin 200000

Mix to get the finest powder. Give out

Administer.

25. Translate into Latin:

Rx: Coated tablets of glaucine hydrochloride 0,05 N 20

Give out.

Administer.

THEME 14. **ABBREVIATIONS IN PRESCRIPTIONS.**

For successful completion of the theme and test-taking, one needs to learn information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p..

1. The correct line for the English Abbreviation OIL SOLUTION OF VITAMIN A is

A. Vitamini A sol. oleos.

B. Vitaminum A solutio oleosa

C. Sol. Vitamini A oleos.

D. vitaminum A oleos. Sol.

E. Solut. Vitamini A ol.

2. The correct line for the English Abbreviation COMPOSITE INFUSION OF SENNA is

A. Infusi Sennae compositi

B. Compositum infusum Sennae

C. Infusum Senna compositus

D. Inf. Sennae comp.

E. Senna comp. inf.

3. The correct line for the English Abbreviation MUCILAGE OF STARCH (Amylum, i n – starch) is

A. Mucil. Amyli

B. Amylum mucil.

C. Mucil. amylacea

D. Mucil. Amylum

E. Muc. Amylo

4. The correct line for the English Abbreviation OPHTHALMIC OINTMENT OF PREDNISOLONE is

- A. Prednisolonum ung. ophthalmicum
- B. ophthalmicum ung. Prenisoloni
- C. Ung. Pradnisoloi ophthalmica
- D. Ung. Prednisoloni ophthalmicum**
- E. Ungu.Prednisoloni ophthalmicae

5. The correct line for the English Abbreviation PASTE OF ZINC is

- A. Past. Zinci**
- B. Pas. Zinca
- C. P. Zincae
- D. Zinci past.
- E. Past. Zincum

6. The correct line for the English Abbreviation UNGUENTUM OF DEPURATED SULPHUR is

- A. Ung. Sulfur depur.
- B. Ung. Sulfuri depur.
- C. Ung. Sulfuri dep.
- D. Ung. Sulfuris depur.**
- E. Sulfur ung. depur.

7. The correct line for the English Abbreviation DRY EXTRACT OF VALERIAN is

- A. extr. Valerianae siccae
- B. extr. Valeriana sicci
- C. siccum extr. Valerianae
- D. extr. Valerianae sicc.**
- E. Valerianae extractum siccum

8. The correct line for the English Abbreviation SEDATIVE HERBS is

- A. Sp. antipyreticae
- B. Spec. sedativae**
- C. Sedativae spec.
- D. Spec. sed.
- E. Spec. sedativus

9. The correct line for the English Abbreviation DRY HEMATOGENE is

- A. Sicc. haematogenum
- B. Haematogenum sicc.**
- C. Haematogenus sicc.
- D. Haematogena sicc.
- E. Haematogeno sicc.

10. The correct line for the English Abbreviation SIMPLE LEAD PLASTER is
- A. Emplastr. Plumbum simplex
 - B. Emplast. Plumbi simplex**
 - C. Emp. Plumbi simplicis
 - D. Em. Plumbumsimplici icis
 - E. simplex emplastr. Plumbi
11. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: COMPOSITE LINIMENT OF STREPTOCIDE is
- A. Recipe: Linim. Streptocidi compos.**
 - B. Recipe: Lin. Streptocidum comp.
 - C. Recipe: Liniment. Streptocidum compos.
 - D. Recipe: Streptocidi linim.compos.
 - E. Recipe: Linimen. Streptocidi comp.
12. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: OINTMENT OF YELLOW MERCURY OXIDE (flavus, a, um – yellow) is
- A. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum oxydum flavi
 - B. Recipe: Hydrargyri oxydi flavi ung.
 - C. Recipe: Un. Hydrargyri oxydi flavi
 - D. Recipe: Ung. Hydrargyri oxydi flavi**
 - E. Recipe: Unguent. Hydrargyri oxydi flavi
13. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: ETHEREOUS TINCTURE OF VALERIAN is
- A. Aether Tinct. Valerianae
 - B. Valeriana aetherea tinct.
 - C. Tinct. Valerianae aethereus
 - D. Tinct. Valerianae aetherea**
 - E. Tinct. Valeriana aetherea
14. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: DECOCTION OF LEAVES OF EUCALYPTUS is
- A. Recipe: Dec. fol. Eucalypti**
 - B. Recipe: Decoct. Folior.Eucalypti
 - C. Recipe: Fol. Eucalypti dec.
 - D. Recipe: Decoct. Fol. Eucalyptorum
 - E. Recipe: Dec. folior. Eucalyptus
15. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: DILUTE SOLUTION OF HYDROCHLORIC ACID (dilutus, a, um) is
- A. Recipe: Acidum hydrochloricum sol. dil.
 - B. Recipe: Solution.Acidi hydrochlorici dilut.
 - C. Recipe: Sol. Acidum hydrochloricum dil.

D. Recipe: Sol. Acidi hydrochlorici dil.

E. Recipe: Solution. Acidi hydrochlorici dilut.

16. The correct line for TAKE: DRY MIXTURE AGAINST COUGH (against cough – contra tussim) is

A. Recipe: Contra tussim mixturae siccae

B. Recipe: Mixturi sicci contra tussim

C. Recipe: Mixturae siccae contra tussim

D. Recipe: Mixtura sicca contra tussim

E. Recipe: Mixturarum siccarum contra tussim

17. The correct line for the Latin Abbreviation M.D.S. (Imperative Mood –Modus Imerativus) is

A. Miscet. Dat. Signat.

B. Misceatur. Detur. Signetur.

C. Misce. Da. Signa.

D. Miscetur. Datur. Signatur.

E. Fiat. Da. Signa.

18. The correct line for the Latin Abbreviation M.PIL.Q.S. F. PIL. N 20 (Mass of pills of sufficient quantity to get pills in number 20) is

A. Massarum pilularum quantum satis fiant pilulae numero 20

B. Massae pilularum quantum satis fiant pilulae numero 20

C. Massae pilulae quantum satis fiant pilulae numero 20

D. Massae pilularum quantum satis fiat pilulae numero 20

E. Massa pilularum quantum satis fiat pilula numero 20

19. The correct line for the Latin Abbreviation M.F. SUPP.RECT. (Mix to get rectal suppository) is

A. Misce fiant suppositorium rectalis

B. Misce fiat suppositorium rectale

C. Misce fiant suppositoria rectalia

D. Misce fiant suppositorium rectalum

E. Misceatur fiantur suppositoria rectalia

20. The correct line for the Latin Abbreviation D. T.D. N 20 IN. CAPS. GEL. 20 (Give out such doses in number 20 in gelatinous capsules) is

A. Da tales doses numero 30 in capsulis gelatinosis.

B. Da talis dosis numero 30 in capsulis gelatinosis.

C. Da tales doses numero 30 in capsula gelatinosa.

D. Datur tales doses numeris 30 in capsulis gelatinosis.

E. Da tales doses numeris 30 in capsulis gelatinosis.

21. Write without abbreviation . Translate into English:

Recīpe: Inf. Rad. Valerianae 15,0 – 200 ml

Phenobarbitali 0,2

Natrii bromidi 3,0

M. D.

S.

22. Write without abbreviation . Translate into English:

Recīpe: Chlorāli hydrātis 3,0

Mucil. Amyli 20 ml

Aq. purif. ad 90 ml

23. Translate a prescription into Latin in its abbreviated form:

Rx: Etherous tincture of valerian

Tincture of lily of valley equal 10 ml

Dispense.

Sign.

24. Translate a prescription into Latin in its abbreviated form:

Rx: Powder of Rhubarb root 0,03

Magnium oxide 0,02

Mix to get powder. Give out.

Administer.

25. Translate a prescription into Latin in its abbreviated form:

Rx: Euphylline 0,3

Oil of Cocoa 3,0

Mix to get rectal suppository . Give out such 12 doses.

Administer.

THEME 15.
FINAL TEST.

For successful completion of the test, one needs to revise all the information from the textbook.

Textbook:

Svetlichnaya Y.I. Latin for Pharmacy Students: Textbook / Y.I. Svetlichnaya, I.A. Tolok, E.A. Volobuyeva. – Kharkiv: NUPh, 2006. – 212 p.

I. EXAMPLE OF TASKS FOR PRACTICAL SKILLS

1. Translate in Nom. and. Gen. Singular and Plural

green water (aqua, ae f + viridis, e) internal use (usus, us m + internus, a, um)

2. Translate pharmaceutical terms in Nom. and. Gen. singularis

- a) infusion of fruits of rose
- b) ethylic alcohol
- c) aromatic herbs (composite tea)
- d) tincture of valerian
- e) infusion of leaves of sage

3. Translate into English:

- a) Liquor contra sudorem (sudor, oris m – perspiration)
- b) Oleum Lini pro usu icterno
- c) species antirheumaticae
- d) Vaselinum optimum pro oculis
- e) Pulvis Glycyrrhizae compositus
- d) Hydraryrum praecipitatum album

4. Translate into Latin:

- a) Rx: Aromatic herbs 200,0
Give out.
Administer.
- b) Rx: Powder of leaves of foxglove 0,05
Sugar 0,3
Mix to get powder
Give out such doses in number 12
Administer.
- c). Rx: Composite plaster of lead 50,0
Administer.

5. Write without abbreviations. Translate into English:

- a) Recipe: Ung. Sulfuris praecipitati albi 1 % – 20,0
D. S.
- b) Recipe: Fl. Chamomillae
heb. Hyperici aa 50,0

M.f.sp. D.S.

c) Recipe: Extracti stigmatum Maydis fluidi 50 ml

Da.

Signa.

II. EXAMPLE OF TEST TASKS

1. The letter C is pronounced in a word OCULUS as

- A. s
- B. f
- C. ts
- D. k**
- E. kv

2. The correct line with THE VERBS OF THE 3RD CONJUGATION IN IMPERATIVE MOOD is

- A. obducite, tere, scribite**
- B. lini, quiesce, purifica
- C. demonstra, colate, agita
- D. demonstra, concide, cogitate
- E. spera, lege, venite, servate

3. Choose the correct number of declension for CAPUT, ITIS N.

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III**
- D. IV
- E. V

4. The correct stem for the noun ASTHMA, ATIS N is

- A. asthma-
- B. asthmat-**
- C. sthmati-
- D. asthmatis
- E. asthm-

5. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES OF THE SECOND GROUP.

- A. chronica, chronicus, mollis

- B. lymphaticum, pubica, costalis
- C. par, centralis, palustre**
- D. tibialis, naturalis, pura
- E. paluster, aquosa, narcoticus

6. Choose the line with ADJECTIVES IN GRADUS COMPARATIVUS.

- A. biceps, renalis, tendineus
- B. minimus, maximus, dentalis
- C. brevius, latus, minor
- D. superior, antarius, latius**
- E. flavior, albius, cinereus

7. The correct translation for English DA (Imperativus singularis) WATER OF ROSE is

- A. Date aquam Rosae.
- B. Da aquam Rosae.**
- C. Da aquam Amygdalarum.
- D. Da gemmam aquae.
- E. Da herbam Rosae.

8. The correct prescription line for TAKE : OINTMENT OF STREPTOCIDE 10,0 is

- A. Recipe: Streptocidi unguenti 10,0
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Streptocidi 10,0**
- C. Recipe: Unguentum Streptocidi 10,0
- D. Recipe: Unguentum Streptocidum 10,0
- E. Recipe: Unguentorum Streptocidi 10,0

9. The correct translation of the English line TAKE: ANTIBIOTIC OINTMENT OF SYNTHOMYCINE is

- A. Recipe: Synthomycini antibiotic unguenti
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Synthomycini antibiotici**
- C. Recipe: Unguentorum Synthomycini antibioticorum
- D. Recipe: Unguenta Synthomycini antibiotica
- E. Recipe: Unguentum Synthomycini antibioticum

10. The correct translation of the English TAKE: SPIRITUOUS SOLUTION OF VITAMIN A 20 ml is

- A. Recipe: Solutio Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml

- B. Recipe: Solutionis Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml**
- C. Recipe: Solutionis Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml
- D. Recipe: Solution Vitamini A spirituosae 20 ml
- E. Recipe: Solutionis Vitaminum A spirituosae 20 ml

11. The correct translation of the English line TAKE: Powder of burnt alum 100,0 is

- A. Recipe: Pulveris Alumen ustum 100,0
- B. Recipe: Aluminis usti pulveris 100,0
- C. Recipe: Pulveris Aluminis usti 100,0
- D. Recipe: Pulveris Usti aluminis 100,0
- E. Recipe: Unguenti Aluminis usti 100, 0

12. The correct line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF WHITE OXIDE OF MERCURY 50,0 is

- A. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri oxydum album 50,0
- B. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyri oxydi albi 50,0
- C. Recipe: Hydrargyri oxydi flavi unguenti 50,0**
- D. Recipe: Unguenti oxydi Hydrargyri albi 50,0
- E. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum oxydium albumi 50,0

13. The correct line for TAKE: TABLETS OF SODIUM HYDROCARBONATE is

- A. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii subcarbonatis
- B. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii subcarbonatis**
- C. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii hydrocarbonatis
- D. Recipe: Tabulettas Natrii carbonati
- E. Recipe: Tabulettarum Natrii hydrocarbonatis

14. The correct line for TAKE: OINTMENT OF MERCURIUM AMIDOCHLORIDE is

- A. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurium amidochloridum
- B. Recipe: Unguentum Mercurium amidochloridum
- C. Recipe: Unguenti Mercurii amidochloridi**
- D. Recipe: Unguenti Hydrargyrum amidochloridum
- E. Recipe: Unguentae Mercurii amidochloridi

15. The correct line for TAKE: SIMPLE PLASTER OF ZINC is

- A. Recipe: Emplastri Zinci simplicis**
- B. Recipe: Zincum emplastrum simplicum

- C. Recipe: Zinci emplastrum simplicis
- D. Recipe: Emplastrum Zincum simplex
- E. Recipe: Simplicis Zinci emplastrum

16. The correct prescription line for TAKE: DECOCTION OF BARK OF OAK 10,0 – 200,0 is

- A. Recipe: Decocti corticis Quercus 10,0 – 200 ml
- B. Recipe: Tincturae corticis Querci 10,0 – 200 ml
- C. Recipe: Infusi corticis Quercus 10,0 – 200 ml
- D. Recipe: Decocti corticis Querci 10,0 – 200 ml
- E. **Recipe: Decocti corticis Quercus 10,0 – 200 ml**

17. The correct prescription line for TAKE: CHOLAGOGUE HERBS 20,0 is

- A. Recipe: Speciei cholagogorum 20,0
- B. Recipe: Speciesi cholagogorum 20,0
- C. Recipe: Specierum cholagogae 20,0
- D. Recipe: Speciei cholagogorum 20,0
- E. **Recipe: Specierum cholagogorum 20,0**

18. The correct endings for RECIPE: PULVER... STREPTOCID... SUBTIL... MAJOR... 10,0 - 200 ml (Take: Powder of the subtlest streptocide 10,0) are

- A. -i,-i,-is
- B. **-is,-i,-i**
- C. -ae,-is,-is
- D. -arum,-i,-is
- E. -i,-i,-is

19. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: OINTMENT OF YELLOW MERCURY OXIDE (flavus, a, um – yellow) is

- A. Rp.: Unguenti Hydrargyrum oxydum flavi
- B. Rp.: Hydrargyri oxydi flavi ung.
- C. **Rp.: Ung. Hydrargyri oxydi flavi**
- D. Rp.: Un. Hydrargyri oxydi flavi
- E. Rp.: Unguent. Hydrargyri oxydi flavi

20. The correct line for the English Abbreviation TAKE: ETHEREOUS TINCTURE OF VALERIAN is

- A. Rp.: Aether Tinct. Valerianae

- B. Rp.: Valeriana aetherea tinct.
- C. Rp.: Tinct. Valerianae aethereus
- D. Rp.: Tinct. Valerianae aetherea**
- E. Rp.: Tinct. Valeriana aetherea

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