

**ZAPORIZHZHIA STATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES**

**THE LATIN LANGUAGE AND MEDICAL
TERMINOLOGY**

TEST TASKS

for the First-Year Students of the Medical Faculties
with the English Medium of Instruction
(Speciality 222 “General Medicine”)



*Затверджено на засіданні Центральної методичної ради ЗДМУ
та рекомендовано для використання в освітньому процесі
(протокол № 5 від 23.05.2019 р.)*

Рецензенти:

A.I.Авраменко – канд. фарм. наук, доцент кафедри фізколоїдної хімії, заступник декану ІІ міжнародного факультету Запорізького державного медичного університету.

Д.А.Москвітіна – канд. філол. наук, доцент, доцент кафедри іноземних мов Запорізького державного медичного університету.

Укладачі:

Я. С. Вишницька – викладач кафедри іноземних мов Запорізького державного медичного університету.

М. Ю. Калашникова – викладач кафедри іноземних мов Запорізького державного медичного університету.

T. I. Левада – викладач кафедри іноземних мов Запорізького державного медичного університету.

Ю.С. Скрипник – канд. філол. наук, завідувач секції латинської мови, старший викладач кафедри іноземних мов Запорізького державного медичного університету.

L27 The Latin Language and Medical Terminology. Test Tasks for the First-Year Students of the Medical Facultieswith the English Medium of Instruction (Speciality 222 “General Medicine”)=Латинськамова та медична термінологія збірниктестових завдань для студ.-іноз. гром. І курсу мед. ф-тів (спец. 222 “Медицина”)/ авт.-уклад. : Я. С. Вишницька, М. Ю. Калашникова, Т. І. Левада, Ю. С. Скрипник – Запоріжжя : ЗДМУ, 2019. – 112 с.

The Latin Language and Medical Terminology. Test Tasks contain specialized design-structure-tasks for independent work and final module test of the First-Year Students of the Medical Facultieswith the English Medium of Instruction (Speciality 222 “General Medicine”)that are aimed to reinforce the material learnt and to prepare for continuous assessment and credit in the Latin Language.The structure of the present test tasks is divided into five parts, namely, «Phonetics. Rules of Stress», «Noun. NominativusetGenetivusSingularis. NominativusetGenetivusPluralis», «Adjective. Degrees of Comparison», «I-V Declensions of Nouns», «Clinical Diagnosis», «Clinical Terms – Stem Formation. Greek Terminoelements», «Names of Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Pharmaceutical Drugs», «Structure of Prescription Order Line. Principles of Prescription Writing». Test control is one of the best ways to assist students during the study process that helps to focus on the correct understanding of the material in terms of the Latin language studying course. The test tasks are arranged according to the studying programme of the course and based on the lexical minimum of corresponding sections. Tests help students to undertake self-control and can be used during final module test.

©Вишницька Я.С., Калашникова М.Ю., Левада Т.І, Скрипник Ю.С. 2019
©ЗДМУ, 2019

Introduction

The present Latin Medical Terminology Test Tasks correspond to the modern requirements of integration of the Ukrainian education to the modern tendencies in general and to the Bologna process in particular. There is a fact which has obtained general recognition that European approach to the educational process is focused on the opportunity of self-independent study and it should be mentioned that the test control form is considered to be particularly effective.

Taking into consideration these facts, Latin Medical Terminology Test Tasks that not only can help students to solidify gained during the Latin language and Medical Terminology classes knowledge, but also can be used during final module test in the Latin Medical Terminology. Test Tasks are intended for the First-Year Students of the Medical Faculties with the English Medium of Instruction (Speciality 222 "General Medicine") during the course of the Latin Language Medical Terminology and can be used to reinforce the material connected with the peculiarities of the Latin language.

The present Latin Medical Terminology Test Tasks can help students to improve professional skills and abilities, help to form correct understanding of anatomical terms structure, to learn the vocabulary and grammatical material concentrated on the building of Latin clinical diagnosis, to translate diagnosis into Latin, to emphasize complex clinical terms, to know the names of the medical forms, pharmaceuticals and chemical nomenclature, to form the Latin part of the recipe according to the rules.

As a matter of convenience correct options take the first place between the options of replying. Latin Medical Terminology Test Tasks can be used by teachers to form final module test tasks.

Content

Introduction.....	3
Section I «Phonetics. Rules of Stress».....	5
Section II «Noun. NominativusetGenetivusSingularis. NominativusetGenetivusPluralis»...	19
Section III «Adjective. Degrees of Comparison».....	33
Section IV«I-V Declensions of Nouns»	55
SectionV «Clinical Diagnosis».....	69
SectionVI «Clinical Terms – Stem Formation. Greek Terminoelements».....	75
SectionVII «Names of Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Pharmaceutical Drugs».....	83
SectionVIII«Structure of Prescription Order Line. Principles of Prescription Writing»	104
Recommended Literature.....	112

SectionI «*Phonetics. Rules of Stress*»

1. The sound [k] corresponds to the letter :

- A. c
- B. s
- C. z
- D. w
- E. y

2. The consonant «c» is pronounced like [ts] before the vowel:

- A. e
- B. a
- C. u
- D. eu
- E. a

3. The stress falls on:

- A. the second or the third syllable when we count from the end**
- B. the first or the second syllable when we count from the end
- C. the trird syllable
- D. the fourth syllable
- E. the first syllable

4. A combination of two vowels is called

- A. diphthong**
- B. homonym
- C. proclitic
- D. triphthong
- E. monophthong

5. What syllable is short in Latin language?

- A. open syllable before a vowel**
- B. open syllable before xorz
- C. syllable with a diphthong
- D. closed syllable before two or more consonants
- E. suffix –ur-a

6. Choose the line where all nouns are from Greek origin:

- A. Thorax, chole, systema, charta**
- B. bolus, lagena, cor, oblata
- C. tuber, corda, ren, alcohol
- D. ala, vomer, larynx, genu
- E. colon, pasta, basis, cathedra

7. Choose the line where all nouns are from Greek origin:

- A. rhinencephalon, glycerinum, Althaea, thorax**
- B. bolus, lagena, cor, oblata
- C. tuber, corda, ren, alcohol
- D. ala, vomer, larynx, genu
- E. coloncera, pasta, basis, lingua

8. Choose the line where all nouns are from Greek origin:

- A. **dysopsia, chole, systema, charta**
- B. remedium, linea, rete, fundus
- C. globulus, olla, basis, combustio
- D. folium, numerus, res, oblata
- E. numerus, capsula, lingua, bacca

9. Choose the line where all nouns are from Greek origin:

- A. **chole, oesophagus, rhabdophane, Althaea**
- B. remedium, linea, rete, fundus
- C. globulus, olla, basis; syndesmosis
- D. folium, numerus, res, oblata
- E. numerus, capsula, lingua, bacca

10. Choose the line where all nouns have a diphthong :

- A. **Crataegus, Foeniculum, aegrota, adhaesivus**
- B. calcaria, caseinum, ferrugineus, oleum
- C. sapiens, Chelidonium, Quercus, Ammonium
- D. praeparatum, oleander, aér, baccæ
- E. aloë, Octoestrolum, cardiologia, periodus

11. Choose the line where all nouns have a diphthong :

- A. **oedema, barotrauma, Eucalyptus, aether**
- B. herba, amoeba, aér, Plutonium, pneumonia
- C. gelatina, Aethacridinum, Tucommia, Uva Ursi
- D. basis, trauma, pnoë, causticus
- E. ampulla, Tramadolum, Methacinum, Quadevitum

12. Choose the line where all nouns have a diphthong :

- A. **oedema, Crataegus, Foeniculum, baccæ**
- B. calcaria, Caseinum, ferrugineus, oleum
- C. Aloë, Octoestrolum, cardiologia, periodus
- D. Cephaëlis, chelidonium, Quercus, Ammonium
- E. sapiens, remedium, Tannoidum, adhaesivus.

13. Choose the line where all nouns have a diphthong :

- A. **oedema, Eucalyptus, autohaemotherapy, aether**
- B. gelatina, Aethacridinum, Eucommia, Thea
- C. basis, trauma, pnoë, haema
- D. herba, amoeba, aér, Plutonium
- E. ampulla, Tramadolum, Methacinum, oculus

14. Choose the line where all nouns have a diphthong :

- A. **oedema, Crataegus, Foeniculum, baccæ**
- B. Cephaëlis, Chelidonium, Quercus, Ammonium
- C. Calcaria, Caseinum, ferrugineus, oleum
- D. Aloë, Octoestrolum, cardiologia, periodus
- E. sapiens, remedium, tannoidum, adhaesivus

15. Choose the line where all nouns have a diphthong :

- A. **Crataegus, Foeniculum, aegrota, adhaesivus**

- B. Calcaria, Caseinum, ferrugineus, oleum
- C. sapiens, Chelidonium, Quercus, Ammonium
- D. praeparatum, Oleander, aér, baccae
- E. Aloë, Octoestrolum, cardiologia, periodus

16. Choose the line where all nouns have a digraph:

- A. Phenolum, China, Thea, rhizoma**
- B. infusum, balneum, Bistorta, Carboneum
- C. Iodoformium, liquidus, methodus, platanthera
- D. autumnus, Pachycarpinum, immaturus, Theophyllum
- E. tachycardia, unguentum, praesens, prophylaxis

17. Choose the line where all nouns have a digraph:

- A. Phenolum, Pachycarpinum, rhizoma, Theophyllum**
- B. adductor, balneum, Bistorta, carboneum
- C. expectorans, phthisis, Thea, gladius
- D. Iodoformium, liquidus, methodus, platanthera
- E. tachycardia, unguentum, praesens, prophylaxis

18. Choose the line where all nouns have a digraph:

- A. costae, Europa, poeta, saepe**
- B. cyaneus, hypotonia, pleura, Aloë
- C. angioma, caudalis, cilium, apnoe
- D. auris, inferior, neurosus, aer
- E. oleum, anguis, baccae, quintus

19. Choose the line where all nouns have a digraph:

- A. Methaminum, thoracis, chorda, pharyngeus**
- B. chiasma, pneumonia, Chlorum, anthos
- C. rhiza, methylium, raphae, curatio
- D. vertebrae, Rheum, chirurgus, ampulla
- E. phyleon, theion, phenylium, arcus

20. Choose the linewhere letter «ss» is pronounced like [z]:

- A. Cerasus, basis, mosaica, causa**
- B. sedativum, bonus, lapsus, solus
- C. structura, universus, vetuste, aspectus
- D. saepe, emulsum, febris, insula
- E. sanitas, res, erysimum, sepsis.

21. Choose the linewhere letter «ss» is pronounced like [z]:

- A. causa, racemosa, Erysimum, narcosis**
- B. aspirinum, bonus, lapsus, solus
- C. structura, universus, vetuste, aspectus
- D. pasta, Persicum, animus, capsula
- E. oculus, Phosphorus, quies, sepsis .

22. Choose the linewhere letter «ss» is pronounced like [z]:

- A. phthisis, causa, oesophagus, dosis**
- B. structura, universus, vetuste, aspectus
- C. Aspirinum, bonus, lapsus, solus
- D. sanitas, res, erysimum, sepsis

E. oculus, phosphas, quies, sepsis

23. Choose the linewhere letter «s» is pronounced like [z]:

- A. suppositorium, phthisis, aquosus, resina**
B. sedativum, bonus, lapsus, solus
C. structura, universus, vetuste, aspectus
D. saepe, emulsum, febris, insula
E. sanitas, res, erysimum, sepsis

24. Choose the linewhere letter «s» is pronounced like [k]:

- A. capsula, nucleus, oculus, sulcus**
B. glycosidum, gracilis, lac, medicus
C. velociter, Victoria, glycerinum, crudus
D. crista, facies, Hypericum, macerare
E. dulcis, educere, excerptum, Camphora

25. Choose the linewhere letter «s» is pronounced like [k]:

- A. Hypericum, Victoria, jucundus, color**
B. glycerinum, gracilis, lac, medicus
C. capsula, Cimicifuga, oculus, Vinca
D. scientia, sculptura, excerptum, Coriander
E. crista, color, Hypericum, macerare

26. Choose the linewhere letter «s» is pronounced like [k]:

- A. capsula, nucleus, oculus, Vinca**
B. glycosidum, gracilis, lac, medicus
D. velociter, victoria, Glycerinum, crudus
E. crista, facies, Hypericum, macerare
C. dulcis, educere, excerptum, Camphora

27. Choose the linewhere letter «s» is pronounced like [k]:

- A. caput, crista, lac, secundus**
B. Glycerinum, gracilis, lac, medicus
C. capsula, Cimicifuga, oculus, Vinca
D. scientia, sculptura, excerptum, Coriander
E. crista, color, Hypericum, macerare

28. Choose the linewhere letter «c» is pronounced like [ts]:

- A. officina, nocens, Calcium, cera**
B. vesica, tunica, structura, Talcum
C. praescribere, modice, musca, matricaria
D. locus, medicamentum, judicium, mucor
E. Calcium, Cuprum, accessorius, vaccinum

29. Choose the linewhere letter «c» is pronounced like [ts]:

- A. facies, nocens, cerebrum, coelum**
B. vesica, tunica, specialis, vaccinum
C. praescribere, modice, musca, matricaria
D. locus, medicamentum, judicium, mucor
E. facies, cyclus, cuprum, factum

30. Choose the linewhere letter «c» is pronounced like [ts]:

A. cito, officina, nocens, caementum

- B. vesica, tunica, specialis, vaccinum
- C. praescribere, modice, musca, matricaria
- D. locus, medicamentum, judicium, mucor
- E. locus, Cuprum, Citrus, Caepa

31. Choose the linewhere letter «c» is pronounced like [ts]:

A. officina, nocens, Cerasus, coeruleus

- B. vesica, tunica, specialis, vaccinum
- C. praescribere, modice, musca, matricaria
- D. Eucalyptus, medicamentum, facile, cibus
- E. facies, cyclus, Cuprum, factum

32. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngv]:

A. sanguis, lingua, anguis, unguis

- B. angulus, lingula, singularis, cingulum
- C. frangula, quadrangularis, unguentum sanguifer
- D. sanguineus, signum, singulus, sublingualis
- E. triangularis, unguentum, singuli, distinguo

33. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngv]:

A. lingua, sanguis, unquentum, unguis

- B. cingulum, Quercus, liquor, quantum
- C. lingula, obliquus, inguinalis, ungula
- D. singularis, egrues, pinquis, Sanguisorba
- E. fungulus, congelatio, fungulus, singularis

34. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngv]:

A. lingua, unguentum, sanguis, unguis

- B. angulus, lingula, frangula, anguis
- C. angustifolius, gutta, laryngis, gaudium
- D. pharyngis, glandula, glaucoma, glans
- E. gyrus, ganglion, gignere, gingivalis

35. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngv]:

A. sanguis, lingua, pinguis, unguis

- B. cingulum, sublinqualis, aequalis, quinque
- C. fungulus, singularis, ungula, aqua
- D. lingula, obliquus, Sangnisorba, unguentum
- E. singularis, inquinalis, quantum, linqualis

36. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngv]:

A. lingua, sanguis, unguentam, unguis

- B. cingulum, Quercus, liquor, quantum
- C. lingula, obliquus, inguinalis, ungula
- D. singularis, egrues, pinquis, Sanguisorba
- E. fungulus, congelatio, fungulus, singularis

37. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngu]:

A. angulus, fungulus, ungula, cingulum

- B. sanguis, inguinalis, pinguis, Ingula
- C. lingua, singularis, quinque, unguis

- D. unquentum, sanquisorba, sublinqualis, aqua
E. lingualis, obliquus, quantum, Quercus

38. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngu]:

- A. angulus, lingula, singularis, cingulum**
B. sanguis, lingua, anguis, unguis
C. distinguo, frangula, singulus, triangularis
D. sanguineus, quadrangularis signum, sublingualis
E. unguentum, singuli, sanguifer, unguentum

39. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngu]:

- A. angulus, lingula, Frangula, angustifolius**
B. glandula, glaucoma, unguentum, pharyngis
C. gutta, laryngis, gaudium, sanguis
D. lingua, ganglion, gignere, anguis
E. gyrus, gingivalis, glandula, analginum

40. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [tsi]:

- A. combustio, acusticus, Tilia, tibia**
B. palpatio, divitiae, repetitio, ostium
C. selectio, Triticum, participium, curatio
D. sectio, solutio, vitium, actio
E. rotatio, festinare, mixtio, injectio

41. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [ti]:

- A. ostium, mixtio, ustio, Urtica**
B. consolatio, traumatis, triplicis, sulfatis
C. transplantatio, spatium, contineo, corticale
D. lymphaticus, frontis, curatio, cuticula
E. abscedentis, patientis, rotatio, ossificatio

42. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [tsi]:

- A. curatio, articulatio, palpation, rotatio**
B. mixtio, tibia, cartilago, putridus
C. dentinum, luxatio, inflammatio, glottis
D. bicipitis, diabeticus, stipes, substantia
E. teretus, intestinum, insertio, domesticus

43. Choose the linewhere letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [tsi]:

- A. operatio, dilatatio, commotio, ablatio**
B. ustio, actio, tibia, vitium
C. combustio, hepaticus, Triticum, repetitio
D. ostium, injectio, acusticus, cutis
E. mixtio, Tilia, cysticus, solutio

44. Choose the linewhere the second syllable is stressed

- A. ligamentum, gangraena, cartilago, reflexus**
B. tuber, vertebra, ratio, septum
C. concha, cornu, oleum, scapula
D. digitus, encephalon, glandula, tuberculum
E. papilla, fibula, ramus, clavicular

45. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed

- A. fractura, adenoma, gastritis, membrana**
B. mandibula, scapula, maxilla, nasus
C. dorsum, oleum, gastricus, scelēton
D. conraho, cerebrum, vena, mucosus
E. recessus, retinaculum, lingula, digitus

46. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. alaris, labialis, spinosus, sedativus**
B. gastricus, fluidus, basis, operatilis
C. bucca, tuberositas, humerus, vertebra
D. arcus, lamina, tympanum, corpus
E. vestibulum, collum, hiatus, frenulum

47. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. peritonaeum, apertura, adenoma, pelvinus**
B. dorsum, oleum, gastricus, skeleton
C. styloideus, tuberculum, cerebrum, abdōmen
D. tuber, vertebra, ratio, septum
E. arcus, lamīna, tympanum, corpus

48. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. laryngealis, patella, labialis, spinosus**
B. eminentia, fossula , palātum, membrana
C. encephalon, philosophus, malleolus, brachium
D. digitus, encephalon, glandula, tuberculum
E. conraho, cerebrum, vena, mucosus

49. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. ventralis, cartilago, meatus, columna**
B. dorsum, skeleton, vertebra, thoracicus
C. angulus, squama, peronaeus, uvula
D. cerebrum, ligamentum, extremitas,azygos
E. intestīnum, parvus, petrosus, humerus

50. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. reflexus, oliva, ovalis, palatum**
B. palpebra, cingulum, collum, alaris
C. angulus, basis, calcaria, dyspnoe
D. synostosis, malleollus, oleum, fibula
E. pulmo, cerebrum, vagīna, molaris

51. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. fibrosa, nervus, incisura, dorsalis**
B. distalis, lamīna, linea, articulatio
C. cranium, tuberculum, glutaeus, apertura
D. choledochus, spatium, hiatus, thoracis
E. vertebra, sinister, internus, medius

52. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. cementum, membrana, intestinum, caudalis**
B. lamīna, oleum, vertebra, dexter

- C. scapula, occiput, cellula, pulmonalis
- D. fossa, processus, orbita, tunica
- E. sulcus, foramina, cartilago, platysma

53. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. columnna, rotator, junctura, extractum**
- B. vestibulum, sternum, ramus, regula
- C. arteria, angulus, segmentum, uvula
- D. incisura, cerebrum, fovea, humerus
- E. palpebra, squama, petrosus, sinus

54. Choose the line where the second syllable is stressed:

- A. corpus, truncus, sacralis, fissura**
- B. dosis, insula, sigmoideus, cortex
- C. zygomaticus, dentis, ala, cellula
- D. aspera, felleus, gingiva, radix
- E. lamina, impressio, exitus, dorsum

55. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. aromaticus, tibia, Ephedra, contraho**
- B. solutio, diameter, fractura, Frangula
- C. Belladonna, atrium, connexus, vertebra
- D. globulus, reflexus, Althaea, validus, utilis
- E. facies, gargarisma, Tormentilla, Hypericum

56. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. oleum, cerebrum, quadruplex, choledochus**
- B. arteria, canalis, angulus, lacrimalis
- C. ligamentum, palatinus, cicatrix, dystonia
- D. eminentia, brachium, palatum, membrana
- E. styloideus, tuberculum, cerebrum, abdomen

57. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. capitulum, vertebra, cerebrum, Arachis**
- B. ligamentum, gangraena, cartilago, reflexus
- C. arteria, canalis, angulus, lacrimalis
- D. mentholum, palatinus, cicatrix, choledochus
- E. quadriceps, commissura, quantus, organon

58. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. hamulus, cuticula, frangula, musculus**
- B. canalis, platysma, petrosa, iater
- C. flexio, arteria, uvula, gingival
- D. maxilla, ostium, cranium, mucosus
- E. vesica, sacralis, internus, cauda

59. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. oleum, cerebrum, quadruplex, choledochus**
- B. ligamentum, palatinus, cicatrix, dystonia
- C. arteria, canalis, angulus, lacrimalis
- D. eminentia, brachium, palatum, membrana
- E. styloideus, tuberculum, cerebrum, abdomen

60. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **encephalon, philosophus, malleolus, fossula**
B. cementum, enamēlum, mandibulla, temporalis
C. aquaeductus, acromion, labyrinthus, medicamentum
D. mucosus, articulatio, fibrosa, acusticus
E. quadriceps, commissura, quantus, orgānon

61. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **capitulum, vertebra, cerebrum, Arachis**
B. ligamentum, gangraena, cartilago, reflexus
C. arteria, canalis, angulus, lacrimalis
D. menthōlum, palatinus, cicatrix, choledochus
E. olecrānon, processus, aditus, glandula

62. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **humērus, cavitas, scapula, cellula**
B. arteria, abdomen, gingiva, intestinum
C. canalis, processus, petrosa, transversus
D. nasolacrimalis, maxillaris, pleura, oedēma
E. jejūnum, sacrales, juctura, flexio

63. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **zygomaticus, azygos, oesophagus, infundibulum**
B. palatinus, cervicalis, coccygis, foramen
C. fovea, costae, auricularis, aponeurosis
D. vesica, trapezius, temporalis, linea
E. substantia, abductio, phalanges, incisura

64. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **lamina, fibula, mandibula, occiput**
B. cruciatus, cartilago, quadratus, mucosus
C. hypoglossalis, externus, columna, encephalon
D. hypertonia, sanguis, intercostalis, nervus
E. profundus, internus, digitus, cauda

65. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **angulus, foramina, cellula, scelēton**
B. infraspinatus, sigmoideus, flexura, urethra
C. corona, tunica, caninus, ileum
D. duodēnum, uterus, maximus, mucosa
E. ovarium, minimus, orbicularis, cartilago

66. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **orbita, maximus, serotinus, choledochus**
B. supremus, ventriculus, premolaris, simplicis
C. incisivus, hiatus, ostium, facialis
D. palatinum, communis, ganglion, recessus
E. mentalis, musculus, intestinum, crassum

67. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. **tympanum, encephalon, oleum, minimus**

- B. mesogastrum, sulcus, rotundus, olecranon
- C. radialis, tonsilla, corticalis, localis
- D. febrilis, subcutaneus, duodenum, segmentum
- E. phalanges, collum, foramen, fovea

68. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. hamulus, cuticula, frangula, musculus**
- B. maxilla, ostium, cranium, mucosus
- C. canalis, platysma, petrosa, iater
- D. flexio, arteria, uvula, gingiva
- E. vesica, sacrālis, internus, cauda

69. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. hepaticus, tunica, vestibulum, aspera**
- B. infraspinatus, coccygis, substantia, cavitas
- C. mandibula, vertebralis, cartilago, fissura
- D. mucosa, palatum, segmentum, azygos
- E. eminentia, orbita, ligamentum, brachium

70. Choose the line where the third syllable is stressed:

- A. cerebrum, uterus, lamīna, capitulum**
- B. labyrinthus, tuberculum, fibrosa, subcutaneus
- C. vertebra, thyreoideus, occipitalis, auris
- D. tibia, fissura, processus, abdomen
- E. jejunum, flexio, mentalis, chiasma

71. Choose the term where letter «c» is pronounced like [ts]:

- A. facies**
- B. bucca
- C. skeleton
- D. collum
- E. caput

72. Choose the term where letter «s» is pronounced like [z]:

- A. platysma**
- B. sulcus
- C. fossa
- D. fissura
- E. transversus

73. Choose the term where «y» is missed:

- A. t... mpanum**
- B. plex...s
- C. intern...s
- D. nod...s
- E. v...rtebra

74. Choose the term where «ph» is missed:

- A. apo...ysis**
- B. luci....erus
- C. ...ossula
- D. ...issura

E. ...rontalis

75. Choose the term where digraph «th» is missed:

- A.**oracicus**
- B.runcus
- C. in...ernus
- D.ympantanum
- E.ela

76. Choose the term where letter combination «ngv» is pronounced like [ngu]:

- A. **sanguis**
- B. lingula
- C. angulus
- D. meningealis
- E. cingulum

77. Choose the line where letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [tsi]:

- A. **substantia**
- B. ostium
- C. ustium
- D. Tilia
- E. tibia

78. Letter «s» is pronounced like [z]:

- A. **in position between two vowels**
- B. before the consonants
- C. before the vowels
- D. before e, i, y
- E. before the diphthongs

80. The digraph «ch» is pronounced like:

- A. **[h]**
- B. [k]
- C. [c]
- D. [ts]
- E. [ch]

81. The letter combination «ngv» in «sanguis» is pronounced like:

- A. **[ngv]**
- B. [ngu]
- C. [ngi]
- D. [nju]
- E. [ng]

82. The letter combination «ngv» is pronounced like «ngu» in the following word

- A. **sanguis**
- B. angulus
- C. lingula
- D. cingulum
- E. fossula

83. The letter combination «sch» is pronounced like:

- A. [cx]
- B. [ш]
- C. [зх]
- D. [ск]
- E. [шх]

84. Letter «s» is pronounced like [z] in the following word:

- A. incisura**
- B. fossa
- C. dorsum
- D. sella
- E. processus

85. Letter «c» is pronounced like [ts]:

- A. before ae, oe
- B. in the end of the word
- C. before a,o,u
- D. before consonants
- E. between vowels

86. The letter combination «ngu» is pronounced like [ngu] in the following word

- A. lingula
- B. lingua
- C. sanguis
- D. inguen
- E. unguentum

87. The letter combination «ph» in «raphe» is pronounced like:

- A. [f]
- B. [ph]
- C. [p]
- D. [r]
- E. [rf]

88. The letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [ti] in the following word

- A. ostium
- B. rotatio
- C. articulatio
- D. eminentia
- E. curatio

89. The letter combination «ti» is pronounced like [tsi] in the following word:

- A. rotatio
- B. ostium
- C. mixtio
- D. tibia
- E. Tilia

90. The letter «c» is pronounced like [ts] in the following word:

- A. caecus
- B. oculus
- C. corpus

- D. crista
- E. costa

91. The letter «c» is pronounced like [k]:

- A. before the consonants**
- B. before the vowels
- C. before e, i, y
- D. before ae, oe
- E. before the combination of resonant and voiceless consonants

92. The letter combination «Qu» in «Quercus» is pronounced like:

- A. [kv]**
- B. [ku]
- C. [k]
- D. [gv]
- E. [kju]

93. The letter «c» is pronounced like :

- A. [ts] or [k]**
- B. [k]
- C. [c]
- D. [s] or [k]
- E. [ch]

94. The letter «e» is pronounced like:

- A. [ae]**
- B. [a]
- C. [i]
- D. [j]
- E. [y]

95. The letter «y» is pronounced like:

- A. [i]
- B. [j]
- C. [u]
- D. [i] or [j]
- E. [e]

96. The diphthong eu is pronounced like:

- A. «eu»**
- B. «e»
- C. «jeu»
- D. «i»
- E. «u»

97. The letter «z» is pronounced like:

- A. [ts] or [z]**
- B. [k]
- C. [s]
- D. [z]
- E. [ts]

98. The letter combination «sch» is pronounced like:

- A. [sh]
- B. [s]
- C. [sch]
- D. [tch]
- E. [sh+h]

**Section II «The Noun. Nominativus et Genetivus Singularis.
Nominativus et Genetivus Pluralis. Неуздожене означення»**

1. Determine the declension of the noun **arcus, us (m)**

- A. IV
- B. I
- C. II
- D. III
- E. V

2. Determine the declension of the noun **crista, ae (f)**

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

3. Determine the declension of the noun **musculus, i (m)**

- A. II
- B. I
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

4. Determine the declension of the noun **foramen, inis (n)**

- A. III
- B. I
- C. II
- D. IV
- E. V

5. Determine the declension of the noun **ductus, us (m)**

- A. IV
- B. I
- C. II
- D. III
- E. V

6. Determine the declension of the noun **fossa, ae (f)**

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

7. Determine the declension of the noun **angulus. i (m)**

- A. II
- B. I
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

8. Determine the declension of the noun **articulatio, onis (f)**

- A. III
- B. I
- C. II
- D. IV
- E. V

9. Determine the declension of the noun **facies, ei (f)**

- A. V
- B. I
- C. II
- D. III
- E. IV

10. Determine the declension of the noun «**encephalon, i(n)**»:

- A. II
- B. I
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

11. Determine the declension of the noun **ductus, us (m)**

- A. IV
- B. I
- C. II
- D. III
- E. V

12. Determine the declension of the noun **ala, ae (f)**

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. V

13. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**cerebrum**»

- A. -i
- B. -ae
- C. -is
- D. -us
- E. -ei

14. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**canalis**»:

- A. -is
- B. -i
- C. -ae
- D. -us
- E. -ei

15. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**incisura**»:

- A. -ae
- B. -ei

- C. -us
- D. -is
- E. -i

16. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**res**»:

- A. -ei**
- B. -us
- C. -is
- D. -i
- E. -ae

17. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**genu**»

- A. -us**
- B. -ei
- C. -ae
- D. -is
- E. -i

18. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**angulus**»

- A. -i**
- B. -ae
- C. -is
- D. -us
- E. -ei

19. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**pes**»

- A. -is**
- B. -i
- C. -ae
- D. -us
- E. -ei

20. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**tinctura**»

- A. -ae**
- B. -ei
- C. -us
- D. -is
- E. -i

21. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**facies**»

- A. -ei**
- B. -us
- C. -is
- D. -i
- E. -ae

22. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**cornu**»

- A. -us**
- B. -ei
- C. -ae
- D. -is
- E. -i

23. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**musculus**»

- A. -i
- B. -ae
- C. -is
- D. -us
- E. -ei

24. Determine the GenetivusSingularis ending of the noun «**stapes**»

- A. -edis
- B. -is
- C. -ae
- D. -us
- E. -ei

25. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns

A. flos, oculus, dens, pulmo

- B. os, cor, oesophagus, duodenum
- C. mater, homo, apex, vertex
- D. anus, tuber, os, oesophagus
- E. vomer, gaster, index, tuber

26. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns

A. sinus, meatus, dens, angulus

- B. arcus, os, angulus, mater
- C. cavum, frenulum, jugum, labium
- D. uterus, digitus, colon, anus
- E. mucosa, flexura, vomer, corona

27. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns

A. fundus, index, humor, liquor

- B. anus, oesophagus, duodenum, ileum
- C. flos, homo, apex, vertex
- D. cor, tuber, os, paries
- E. vomer, pes, index, cavitas

28. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns

A. nasus, porus, oculus, dens

- B. arcus, digitus, angulus, corpus
- C. sulcus, frenulum, jugum, labium
- D. uterus, minimus, colon, anus
- E. plica, flexura, urethra, corona

29. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns

A. pax, lens, regio, nux

- B. auris, iris, axis, dens
- C. incus, salus, merinx, larynx
- D. salus, origo, caput, genus
- E. radix, nomen, corpus, animal

30. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns

A. appendix, auris, basis, gangraena

- B. cervix, frons, cutis, flos

- C.tunica, conjunctiva, vomer, humor
- D.flexura, corona, rectum, jejunum
- E. flos, liquor, paries, tuber

31. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns

- A. aorta, crista,mater, gaster**
- B. auris, pollex, axis, dens
- C. caput, salus,meninx, larynx
- D. cor, rete, caput, genu
- E. radix, nomen, corpus, cadaver

32. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns

- A. vertebra, auris, basis, cutis**
- B. flos, frons, cutis, incus
- C. tunica,stapes, vomer, liquor
- D. flexura, corona, ileum, jejunum
- E. frons, liquor, paries, cornu

33. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns

- A. tuberculum, stroma, or, corpus,**
- B. tuberculum, sternum, ligamentum, index
- C. cornu, processus, sinus, ductus
- D. skeleton, costa, cutis,vertebra
- E. ductus, cornu, sinus, retinaculum

34. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns

- A. diaphragma, rete, capitulum, sistema**
- B. gaster, nomen, tegmen, os
- C. corpus, genus, cervix, tuber
- D. crus, femur, cadaver, arachnoidea
- E. animal, rete, tendo,dens

35. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns

- A.foramen, os, corpus, ligamentum**
- B. tuberculum, sternum, acromion, juventus
- C.crus, processus, sinus, membrum
- D.skeleton, costa, vertebra, pulpa
- E. ductus, cornu, facies, genu

36. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns

- A. caput, animal, chiasma, sistema**
- B. derma, nomen, tegmen, cor
- C. corpus, genus, tuber, canalis
- D. crus, femur, gaster, mater
- E. pulvinar, rete, tendo, margo

37. Choose the line with only I declension nouns

- A. mucosa, tunica, concha, flexura**
- B. fossa, tibia, fibula, colon
- C. tinctura, corona, conjunctiva, brachium
- D. bursa, pleura, vena, os
- E. clavicularis, fascia, squamula, angulus

38. Choose the line with only I declension nouns

- A. costa, corona, arteria, urethra**
- B. costa, cutis, mandibula, membrum
- C. caput, lingua, scapula, ostium
- D. facies tympanum, sutura, canalis
- E. tibia, fibula, squama, nucha

39. Choose the line with only I declension nouns

- A. patella, sutura, tuba, mucosa**
- B. fossa, fibula, ossa, costa
- C. flexura, corona, conjunctiva, ligamenta
- D. bursa, pleura, valvula, ostia
- E. clavicula, fascia, squama, porus

40. Choose the line with only II declension nouns

- A. labium, alveolus, brachium, calcaneus**
- B. brachium, arcus, jugum, crus
- C. corpus, digitus, sulcus, genu
- D. manubrium, cranium, ductus, meatus
- E. os, angulus, foramen, musculus

41. Choose the line with only II declension nouns

- A. nasus, labium, tetanus, organon**
- B. fonticulus, fascia, segmentum, squama
- C. organon, vestibulum, musculus, processus
- D. os, alveolus, radius, frenulum
- E. talus, meatus, cavum, corpus

42. Choose the line with only II declension nouns

- A. colon, nasus, duodenum, membrum**
- B. facies, fascia, sella, squama
- C. ganglion, organon, vestibulum, cornu
- D. os, maxilla, frenulum, ostium
- E. apex, meatus, cavitas, corpus

43. Choose the line with only III declension nouns

- A. axis, tuber, flos, liquor**
- B. corpus, ureter, apex, ductus
- C. foramen, meninx, cornu, homo
- D. cancer, crus, alveolus, radius
- E. femur, pes, cortex, genum

44. Choose the line with only III declension nouns

- A. caput, dens, pollex, pulmo**
- B. arcus, ureter, apex, canalis
- C. mater, meninx, genu, homo
- D. tumor, crus, angulus, radix
- E. sinus, femur, pes, cortex

45. Choose the line with only III declension nouns

- A. venter, mater, tegmen, dens**
- B. auris, pelvis, pyramis, angulus,

- C. cavum, digitus, humerus, membrum
- D. pes, cutis, impressio, crista
- E. tuber, alveolus, processus, maxilla

46. Choose the line with only IV declension nouns

- A. arcus, ductus, processus, cornu**
- B. ostium, hiatus, corpus, tegmen
- C. plexus, sinus, recessus, vomer
- D. meatus, textus, manubrium, sulcus
- E. crus, ligamentum, angulus, apex

47. Choose the line with only IV declension nouns

- A. recessus, ductus, sinus, genu**
- B. nasus, angulus, arcus, crus
- C. nasus, porus, trochanter, musculus
- D. digitus, crus, genu, angulus
- E. sulcus, radix, jejunum, labirynthus

48. Choose the line with only IV declension nouns

- A. genu, manus, processus, cornu**
- B. ostium, hiatus, corpus, tegmen
- C. plexus, sinus, recessus, vomer
- D. meatus, textus, manubrium, sulcus
- E. crus, ligamentum, angulus, apex

49. Choose the line with only IV declension nouns

- A. recessus, cornu, textus, genu**
- B. nasus, angulus, arcus, crus
- C. nasus, porus, trochanter, musculus
- D. digitus, crus, genu, angulus
- E. sulcus, radix, jejunum, labirynthus

50. Choose the line with only IV declension nouns

- A. genu, processus, gelu, meatus**
- B. costa, crista, angulus, lamina
- C. sternum, lingua, scapula, spina
- D. bucca, tympanum, pulpa, sutura
- E. fibula, squama, nucha, cavitas

51. Choose the line with only V declension nouns

- A. dies, superficies, res, caries**
- B. species, cortex, fornix, vertex
- C. tuber, pes, pyramis, axis
- D. fascia, ren, cutis, foramen
- E. gaster, pelvis, tuber, lien

52. Choose the line with only V declension nouns

- A. species, superficies, caries, res,**
- B. dies, cortex, fornix, vertex
- C. tuber, pes, pyramis, axis
- D. fascia, ren, cutis, foramen
- E. gaster, pelvis, tuber, lien

53. Choose the line with only V declension nouns

- A. **facies, rabies, species, scabies**
- B. dies, series, teres, biceps
- C. canalis, pleura, vomer, carotis
- D. cerebellum, nervus, ganglion, apertura
- E. cor, porus, vertex, ala

54. Choose the line with only V declension nouns

- A. **scabies ,facies, rabies, species,**
- B. dies, series, teres, biceps
- C. canalis, pleura, vomer, carotis
- D. cerebellum, nervus, ganglion, apertura
- E. cor, porus, vertex, ala

55. Choose the line with only V declension nouns

- A. **caries, balbuties, rabies, facies**
- B. pisces, pyramis, basis, paries
- C. pubes, pes, scabies, meninges
- D. calcaneus, pubes, impressio, phalanx
- E. tuberositas, alveolus, ductus, musculis

56. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns of III declension

- A. **axis, flos, canalis, thorax**
- B. os, pollex, dens, meninx
- C. tuba, appendix, tumor, cutis
- D. radix,tumor, femur, mater
- E. rabies, pulmo, bursa, canalis

57. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns of III declension

- A. **flos, pulmo, dens, canalis**
- B. mater, angulus, regio, basis
- C. trochanter, impressio, bilis, pelvis
- D. tuber, apex, frons, lien
- E. femur, pharynx, auris, basis

58. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns of III declension

- A. **pollex, liquor, vomer, thorax**
- B. os, pollex, dens, meninx
- C. tuba, appendix, tumor, cutis
- D. radix,tumor, femur, mater
- E. rabies, pulmo, bursa, canalis

59. Choose the line with only masculinum gender nouns of III declension

- A. **pulmo, venter, vertex, ureter**
- B. margo, sanguis, tendo, regio
- C. pyramis, impressio, iris, pelvis
- D. tuberositas, appendix, frons, lens
- E. fornix, larynx, auris, basis

60. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns of III declension

- A. **frons, pars, radix, pelvis**
- B. bilis, tuberositas, extremitas, axis

- C. synchondrosis, canalis, pharynx, thorax
- D. os, dens, fornix, larynx
- E. tendo, pubes, coccyx, fornix

61. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns of III declention

- A. impressio, iris, lens, phalanx**
- B. venter, pes, pollex, stapes
- C. vomer, ureter, index, humor
- D. os, cor, tuber, apex
- E. flos, homo, liquor, paries

62. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns of III declention

- A. auris, basis, radix, mater**
- B. caput, tuber, extremitas, axis
- C. fornix, canalis, larynx, tumor
- D. cor, dens, femur, pharynx
- E. sulcus, coccyx, fornix, gaster

63. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns of III declention

- A. appendix, radix, basis, extremitas**
- B. vomer, pes, pollex, sinus
- C. vertex, ureter, index, tumor
- D. flos, cor, tuberculum, apex
- E. impressio, homo, atlas, liquor,

64. Choose the line with only femininum gender nouns of III declention

- A. basis, gaster, radix, regio**
- B. caput, tuber, extremitas, axis
- C. fornix, canalis, larynx, tumor
- D. cor, dens, femur, pharynx
- E. sulcus, coccyx, fornix, gaster

65. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns of III declention

- A. abdomen, caput, corpus, diaphragma**
- B. ren, crus, hepar, pectus
- C. tempus, lien, region, iris
- D. tendo, zygoma, margo, sanguis
- E. femur, bilis, pelvis, radix

66. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns of III declention

- A. chiasma, tegmen, glomus, viscos**
- B. crus, appendix, auris, sistema
- C. basis, cutis, frons, stroma
- D. tempus, regio, phalanx, pubes
- E. bilinx, meninx, axis, zygoma

67. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns of III declention

- A. sistema, cor, foramen, diaphragma**
- B. res, crus, lien, tegmen
- C. pectus, basis, regio, ren
- D. zygoma, canalis, margo, sanguis
- E. tempus, stroma, pelvis, vas

68. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns of III declension

- A. vas, chiasma, tegmen, glomus**
- B. os, appendix, basis, systema
- C. auris, cutis, apex, stroma
- D. tegmen, regio, phalanx, tuber
- E. radix, meninx, zygoma, pectus

69. Choose the line with only neutrum gender nouns of III declension

- A. pancreas, cor, foramen, vas**
- B. res, crus, lien, tegmen
- C. pectus, basis, regio, ren
- D. zygoma, canalis, margo, sanguis
- E. tempus, stroma, pelvis, vas

70. Choose the correct translation for «vessels»

- A. vasa**
- B. vasis
- C. vasium
- D. vases
- E. vasorum

71. Choose the correct translation for «passages »

- A. meatus**
- B. meates
- C. meatum
- D. meatium
- E. meatuum

72. Choose the correct translation for «atria»

- A. atria**
- B. atrium
- C. atriorum
- D. tries
- E. atrii

73. Choose the correct translation for «channels»

- A. canales**
- B. canalis
- C. canalium
- D. canalum
- E. canalia

74. Choose the correct translation for «of the bones»

- A. ossium**
- B. os
- C. ossis
- D. ossa
- E. ossuum

75. Choose the correct translation for «of the veins»

- A. venarum**
- B. vena

- C. venae
- D. venum
- E. venuum

76. Choose the correct translation for «**margins**»

- A. marginum**
- B. margo
- C. marginis
- D. margina
- E. marginis

77. Choose the correct translation for «**of the surfaces**»

- A. facierum**
- B. faciei
- C. facees
- D. facies
- E. faciea

78. Choose the correct translation for «**channels**»

- A. canales**
- B. canalis
- C. canarium
- D. canalum
- E. canala

79. Choose the correct translation for «**phalanxes**»

- A. phalanges**
- B. phalanx
- C. phalangis
- D. phalangi
- E. phalangum

80. Choose the correct translation for «**cartilages**»

- A. cartilaginum**
- B. cartilago
- C. cartilaginis
- D. cartilagine
- E. cartilagi

81. Choose the correct translation for «**ducts**»

- A. ductuum**
- B. ducti
- C. ductis
- D. ductes
- E. ducta

82. Choose the correct translation for «**papillae**»

- A. papillae**
- B. papilla
- C. papilli
- D. papillis
- E. papillus

83. Choose the correct translation for «**heads**»

- A. capita**
- B. caputis
- C. caputes
- D. capitisi
- E. capitum

84. Choose the correct translation for «**bodies**»

- A. corpora**
- B. corporium
- C. corpes
- D. corporis
- E. corporum

85. Choose the correct translation for «**of vertebrae**»

- A. vertebrarum**
- B. vertebra
- C. vertebrorum
- D. vertebris
- E. vertebrae

86. Choose the correct translation for «**femoral [thigh] bones**»

- A. femora**
- B. femoris
- C. femuris
- D. femores
- E. femora

87. Choose the correct translation for «**of the extremity**»

- A. extremitatis**
- B. extremitates
- C. extremitatorum
- D. extremitorum
- E. extermitatis

88. Choose the correct translation for «**of the back (dorsum)**»

- A. dorsi**
- B. dorsarum
- C. dorsuum
- D. dorssorum
- E. dorseum

89. Choose the correct translation for «**ends**»

- A. fines**
- B. finites
- C. finitis
- D. fini
- E. finae

90. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”

A. crista tuberculi

- B. crista conchialis
- C. crista lacrimalis posterior
- D. crista iliaca
- E. crista lata

91. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”

A. transfusio sanguinis

- B. basis cranii externi
- C. ren dexter
- D. canalis maior
- E. pars posterius pontis

92. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

A. musculilaryngis

- B. canalispiralischochleae
- C. nervuscanalis pterygodeus
- D. ossa cranium
- E. impressiones digitatae

93. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

A. suturae cranii

- B. regiones corpus hominis
- C. brachium dextrum
- D. cartilago septi nasi
- E. pars caeca retina

94. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

A. spina scapulae

- B. foramen ovale
- C. fascia thoracica
- D. capsula externa,
- E. foramen spinosum

95. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

A. facies acromii

- B. crista tuberculata
- C. caput costi
- D. corpus osseus
- E. facies articulatio

96. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

A. sulcus sinus

- B. mucosa nasale
- C. musculus collus
- D. ligamentum patella
- E. collumradius

97. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

A. medulla thymi

- B. caput tibia
- C. os scaphoideum

- D. medulla spinalis
- E. retemirabile

98. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

- A. os digitii**
- B. vagina musculi
- C. truncus encephali
- D. fossa mandibulae
- E. nucleusnervi

99. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

- A. cavum conchae**
- B. ligamentum scapula
- C. septum nasalis
- D. arcus vertebra
- E. fundusgastrici

100. Choose the correct form of “**non-coordinated attribute**”:

- A. fractura digitii**
- B. musculus dorsa
- C. angulus sternale
- D. lobus cerebrali
- E. collum costa

Section III «Adjective. Degrees of Comparison»

1. The adjective of III declension of masculine gender with ending -ishas:

- A. two gender endings**
- B. three gender endings
- C. one gender ending
- D. four gender endings
- E. ending of Genitive case

2. The adjectives which decline by II declension:

- A. masculine gender, first group**
- B. feminine gender, first group
- C. neuter gender, second group
- D. feminine and masculine genders, second group
- E. masculine and neuter genders, second group

3. The form «**major, majus**» is the comparative degree of adjective....:

- A. magnus, a, um**
- B. bonus, a, um
- C. malus, a, um
- D. parvus, a, um
- E. multus, a, um

4. The adjectives with ending – um in Gen.sing, have the ending:

- A. -i**
- B. -ae
- C. -is
- D. -us
- E. -ei

5. The adjectives with ending – is in Gen.sing, have the ending:

- A. -is**
- B. -er
- C. -a
- D. -e
- E. –um

7. Choose the line with adjectives in comparative form:

- A. superior, longior, minor, major**
- B. superior, brevis, rubrior, majus
- C. simplicior, parvissimus, minimus, inferior
- D. brevissimus, simplicis, superior, anterius
- E. majus, parvus, longus, ruberrimus

8. Choose the line with adjectives in superlative form:

- A. ruberrimum, minimum, brevissimum, simplicissimum**
- B. longior, magnor, latissimus, dexterous
- C. major, latior, tricipitis, minus
- D. nigror, posterius, parvissimus, simlicirrimus
- E. brevissimus, longior, minimior, magnior

9. Choosethelinewithadjectivesincomparativeform:

- A. minus, majus, brevius, latius**
B. tibialis, secundus, sacer, latus
C. anterior, dexter, superius, minima
D. simplex, teres, transversa, inferior
E. posterius, inferius, glutaeum, humile

10. Choosethelinewithadjectivesinsuperlativeform:

- A. ruberrima, brevissima, simplicissima, maxima**
B. longum, dextrum, latum, rubrum
C. rotundus, cervicalis, fibrosus, thoracicus
D. externa, minima, parva, magna
E. simplicior, extremus, auricularis, lymphaticus

11. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**cornu maj__**»:

- A. majus**
B. major
C. majum
D. maja
E. majis

12. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**dentes poster__**»:

- A. posteriores**
B. posterioris
C. posterior
D. posteriora
E. posterius

13. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**arcus super__**»:

- A. superior**
B. supremus
C. superius
D. superioris
E. superia

14. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**linea brevissim__**»:

- A. brevissima**
B. brevissimus
C. brevissimum
D. brevissimae
E. brevissimi

15. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**caput poster__**»:

- A. caput posterius**
B. caput posterioris
C. caput posterior
D. caput postera
E. caput posterium

16. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**incisura super__**»:

- A. incisura superior**
B. incisura superius

- C. incisura supera
- D. incisura siperis
- E. icnisura superioris

17. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**musculus teres min**___»:

- A. musculus teres minor**
- B. musculus teres minus
- C. musculus tenor mini
- D. musculus teres minoris
- E. musculus teres minimis

18. Coordinate the adjective with the noun «**concha nasalis suprem**___» :

- A. concha nasalis suprema**
- B. concha nasalis supremior
- C. concha nasalis supremis
- D. concha nasalis supremius
- E. concha nasalis supremum

19. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing. «**process**__ **calcan**__»:

- A. processus calcaneus – processus calcanei**
- B. processus calcaneus – processi calcanei
- C. processum calcaneum – processi calcaneumi
- D. processa calcanea – processus calcaneis
- E. processus calcanee – processus calcaneus

20. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**ven.**__ **gastric**__»:

- A. vena gastrica – venae gastricae**
- B. venum gastricus – venis gastricus
- C. venus gastricus – venae gastici
- D. vena gastricus – venae gastricus
- E. venis gastricum – venarum gastrorum

21. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**sept.**__ **dorsal**__»:

- A. septum dorsale – septi dorsalis**
- B. septus dorsalis – septus dorsalis
- C. septum dorsatum – septi dorsali
- D. septu dorsale – septus dorsali
- E. septa dorsalae – septae dorsalae

22. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**reg**__ **glute**__»:

- A. regio glutea – regionis gluteae**
- B. region gluteus – regii glutei
- C. regium gluteum – regionis gluteis
- D. regia glutea – regiei glutei
- E. regis gluteis – regionis glutei

23. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**system**__ **nervos**__»:

- A. sistema nervosum – systematis nervosi**
- B. sistema nervosa – systemae nervosae
- C. systemum nervosis – systematis nervosis
- D. systemus nervosus – systemae nervosi
- E. sistema nervose – systematis nervosis

24. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**hum**__ **vitre**__»:

- A. **humor vitreus** – **humoris vitrei**
B. humor vitreus – humori vitrei
C. humor vitreum – humoris vitrei
D. humor vitrea – humoris vitreae
E. humores vitrei – humorum vitreorum

25. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**foram**__ **jugular**__»:

- A. **foramen jugulare** – **foraminis jugularis**
B. foramen jugularis – foramenis jugularis
C. foramen jugularum – foraminis jugulari
D. foramen jugulare – foraminis jugulari
E. foramina jugularia – foraminum jugularium

26. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**meat**__ **acustic**__»:

- A. **meatus acusticus** – **meatus acustici**
B. meatus acusticus – meati acustici
C. meatus acustici – meatuum acusticorum
D. meatum acusticum – meati acustici
E. meata acustica – meatae acusticae

27. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**cartilag**__ **thyroide**__»:

- A. **cartilago thyroidea** – **cartilaginis thyroideae**
B. cartilago thyroideus – cartilagi thyroidei
C. cartilago thyroideum – cartilaginis thyroidei
D. cartilago thyroideis – cartilaginis thyroideis
E. cartilago thyroideae – cartilaginis thyroideae

28. Coordinate the adjective with the noun inNom. Sing. and Gen. Sing.: «**glom**__ **carotic**__»:

- A. **glomus caroticum** – **glomeris carotici**
B. glomus carotica – glomeris caroticae
C. glomus caroticus – glomeris carotici
D. glomera carotica – glomerum caroticorum
E. glomus caroticus – glomerorum caroticorum

29. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**petrous part**»:

- A. **pars petrosa**
B. pars petrosus
C. pars petrosum
D. partes petrosus
E. partis petrosa

30. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**vertebral canal**»:

- A. **canalis vertebralis**
B. canales vertebrales
C. canalis vertebrale
D. canalis vertebralia
E. canalis vertebralus

31. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**venous valve**»:

- A. valvula venosa**
- B. valvulus venosus
- C. valvulum venosum
- D. valvula venosis
- E. valvulae venosi

32. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**frontal tuber**»:

- A. tuber frontale**
- B. tuberculum frontale
- C. tuberis frontalis
- D. tuber frontalis
- E. tuberositas frontalis

33. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**zygomatic arch**»:

- A. arcus zygomaticus**
- B. arcus zygomatica
- C. arcus zygomatici
- D. arcus zygomaticus
- E. arcus zygomaticum

34. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**sulcus of sigmoid sinus**»:

- A. sulcus sinus sigmoidei**
- B. sulcus sinus sigmoideus
- C. sulci sinus sigmoidei
- D. sulcos sinus sigmoidei
- E. sulcis sinus sigmoideis

35. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**lateral superior artery of the knee**»:

- A. arteria genus lateralis superior**
- B. arteria superior laterale genus
- C. arteria superius laterali genus
- D. arteria superior lateralis genu
- E. arteriae superiores laterales genus

36. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**anterior deep temporal artery**»:

- A. arteria temporalis profunda anterior**
- B. arteria temporale profunda anterior
- C. arteriae temporalis profundus anterior
- D. arteria temporales pofundus anterior
- E. arteriae temporales profundae anteriōres

37. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**lumbar thoracic segment**»:

- A. segmentum thoracicum lumbale**
- B. lumbalis segmentum thoracicum
- C. lumbalis thoracicus segmentus
- D. thoracicum lumbalicum segmentum
- E. segmentum thoracicum lumbalis

38. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**left papillary muscle**»:

- A. musculus papillaris sinister**
- B. musculus papillarus sinistrus

- C. sinister papillaris musculis
- D. papillaris musculus sinister
- E. sinistrum papillarum musculum

39. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**superficialdorsal sacrococcygeal ligament**»:

- A. ligamentum sacrococcygeum dorsale superficiale**
- B. ligamentum superficiales dorsalis sacrococcygeus
- C. superficiale dorsale sacrococcygeum ligamentum
- D. ligamenti dorsali sacrococcygei superficialis
- E. sacrococcygeum dorsale ligamentum superficialis

40. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**internalintercostalmembrane**»:

- A. membrana intercostalis interna**
- B. interna membrana intercostalis
- C. interna intercostala membrana
- D. membranum intercostalis internum
- E. membranae intercostalis interna

41. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**central nervous system**»:

- A. sistema nervosum centrale**
- B. nervosa sistema centralis
- C. sistema nervosa centralis
- D. centrale nervosum sistema
- E. systematis nervosa centrala

42. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**hyoid bone**»:

- A. os hyoideum**
- B. os sublinguale
- C. os hypoglossum
- D. os linguale
- E. os palatinum

43. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**lesser palatine arteries**»:

- A. arteriae palatinae minores**
- B. arterias palatinas minores
- C. arteriae palatinae minoris
- D. arteria palatina minor
- E. arteria pulmonalis

44. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**biceps muscle of the thigh**»:

- A. musculus biceps femoris**
- B. musculus biceps femur
- C. musculi bicipitis femoris
- D. musculi bicipites femoris
- E. musculus triceps femoris

45. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination «**anterior sacral foramina**»:

- A. foramina sacralia anteriōra**
- B. foramina sacrāla anteriōra
- C. foraminae sacrāles anteriōres
- D. foramen sacrālia anteriōra

E. Foramina rotunda anteriors

46. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«longitudinal ligament»:**

- A. **ligamentum longitudinale – ligamenti longitudinalis**
- B. ligamentus longitudinalis – ligamenti longitudinale
- C. ligamentum longitudinalis – ligamentum longitudinalia
- D. ligamenta longitudinalia – ligamentum longitudinalis
- E. ligamentum longitudinales – ligamenti longitudinali

47. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«thoracic vertebra»:**

- A. **vertebra thoracica – vertebrae thoracicae**
- B. vertebrae thoracica – vertebri thoracici
- C. vertebra thoracicum – vertebri thoracica
- D. vertebra thoracicus – vertebra thoracicae
- E. vertebri thoracici – vertebrarum thoracicarum

48. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«sacral horn»:**

- A. **cornu sacrale – cornus sacralis**
- B. cornu sacralis – cornus sacralis
- C. cornua sacralis – cornu sacrale
- D. cornus sacrale – cornus sacralia
- E. cornu sacralis – corni sacrales

49. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«sacral foramen»:**

- A. **foramen sacrale – foraminis sacralis**
- B. foramen sacralis – foraminis sacralis
- C. foramin sacrales – foraminae sacralium
- D. foramen sacralia – foramina sacralis
- E. foramen sacralium – foraminis sacrale

50. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«occipital bone»:**

- A. **os occipitale – ossis occipitalis**
- B. ossa occipitalis – ossis occipitalis
- C. os occipitalis – os occipitale
- D. ossis occipitalis – ossa occipitalia
- E. ossi occipitale – ossea occipitalia

51. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«pulmonary vein»:**

- A. **vena pulmonalis – venae pulmonalis**
- B. vena pulmonalis – venae pulmonale
- C. venus pulmonis – veni pulmones
- D. venes pulmonales – venarum pulmonalium
- E. venus pulmonalus – vena pulmonalia

52. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis **«simple lobule»:**

- A. lobulus simplex – lobuli simplicis**
B. lobulum simplex – lobuli simplex
C. lobula simplica – lobulae simplicae
D. lobulum simplicium – lobules simplices
E. lobulus simplicus – lobuli simplici

53. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**renal pyramid**»:

- A. pyramis renalis – pyramidis renalis**
B. pyramida renalis – pyramidae renale
C. pyramis renalia – pyramidae renaliae
D. pyramidum renalium – pyramidi renalii
E. pyramis renalus – pyramis renali

54. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**anteriortubercle**»:

- A. tuberculum anterius – tuberculi anterioris**
B. tubercula anterior – tuberculae anterius
C. tuberculus anterius – tuberculi anterii
D. tuberculum anterioris – tuberculis anterioris
E. tuberculi anterii – tubcula anterior

55. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**cardialimpression**»:

- A. impressio cardiaca – impressionis cardiaca**
B. impressia cardiaca – impressiae cardiaciae
C. impressionis cardiacis – impressiones cardiaques
D. impressionum cardiacum – impressioni cardiac
E. impressiona cardiaca – impressionis cardiacis

56. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**fat body**»:

- A. corpus adiposum – corporis adiposi**
B. corporum adiposis – corpora adiposa
C. corpus adiposum – corpi adiposi
D. corpus adiposum – corporis adiposis
E. corporis adiposis – corporis adiposis

57. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**venousnetwork**»:

- A. rete venosum – retis venosi**
B. rete venosa – retis venosae
C. retis venosis – reti venosis
D. retia venosa – retiae venosae
E. retum venose – retis venosis

58. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**gluteal tuberosity**»:

- A. tuberositas glutea – tuberositatis gluteae**
B. tuberositas gluteus – tuberositati glutei
C. tuberositum gluteum – tuberositi glutei
D. tuberositus gluteus – tuberositatis gluteis

E. tuberosita glutea – tuberositae gluteae

59. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**retroperitoneum**»:

- A. **spatium retroperitoneale – spatii retroperitonealis**
- B. spatium retroperitonealis – spatii retroperitoneale
- C. spatius retroperitonealis – spatiis retroperitoneale
- D. spatia retroperitonealia – spatiae retroperitonealiae
- E. spatium retroperitonealium – spatiorum retroperitoneale

60. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**major papilla**»:

- A. **papilla major – papillae majoris**
- B. papillum major – papilli majori
- C. papillis majus – papillis majoris
- D. papilla majores – papillae majoris
- E. papillium majorum – papillia majora

61. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**frontal angle**»:

- A. **angulus frontalis – anguli frontalis**
- B. angulum frontalem – anguli frontali
- C. angulis frontalis – anguli frontale
- D. angulus frontale – angulus frontalis
- E. angulis frontalis – angulorum frontalium

62. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**left knee**»:

- A. **genu sinistrum – genus sinistri**
- B. genus sinistrum – genuorum sinistrorum
- C. genes sinistri – genuum sinistrum
- D. genua sinistra – genuae sinistrae
- E. genuum sinistrum – genues sinistres

63. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**sacral bone**»:

- A. **os sacrum – ossis sacri**
- B. ossa sacra – ossae sacrae
- C. ossis sacri – ossis sacrum
- D. os sacre – ossuum sacrorum
- E. osses sacres – ossiorum sacrorum

64. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**venous plexus**»:

- A. **plexus venosus – plexus venosi**
- B. plexum venosum – plexus venosi
- C. plexus venosa – plexi venosae
- D. plexus venosus – plexi venosi
- E. plexus venosis – plexi venosis

65. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**occipital crista**»:

A. crista occipitalis – cristae occipitalis

- B. crista occipitale – cristae occipitalis
- C. cristae occipitale – cristae occipitalus
- D. crista occipitala – cristae occipitalae
- E. crista occipitalus – cristi occipitali

66. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**lymphatic node**»:

A. nodus lymphaticus – nodi lymphatici

- B. nodi lymphatica – nodus lymphatica
- C. nodus lymphaticum – nodus lymphatici
- D. nodus lymphaticus – nodus lymphatici
- E. nodus lymphatica – nodi lymphaticae

67. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**jugular incisure**»:

A. incisura jugularis – incisurae jugularis

- B. incisurus jugularus – incisuri jugulari
- C. incisura jugularia – incisurae jugulariae
- D. incisurum jugularium – incisuri jugularii
- E. incisura jugularis – incisurae jugulare

68. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**vertebral column**»:

A. truncus vertebralis – trunci vertebralis

- B. truncus vertebralus – trunci vertebralis
- C. truncus vertebrale – truncu svertebralis
- D. truncus vertbrale – truncus vertebrale
- E. truncus vertebrlia – trunci vertebrali

69. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**palatine bone**»:

A. os palatinum – ossis palatini

- B. os occipitale – ossis occipitalis
- C. os zygomaticum – ossis zygomatici
- D. os nasale – ossis nasalis
- E. os hyoideum – ossis hyoidei

70. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**pharyngeal plexus**»:

A. plexus pharyngeus – plexus pharyngei

- B. plexus pharyngeus – plexi pharyngei
- C. plexus pharyngeum – plexi pharyngei
- D. plexus pharyngeus – plexus pharyngeus
- E. plexus pharyngea – plexi pharyngeae

71. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**the broadest lobe**»:

A. lobus latissimus – lobi latissimi

- B. lobum latissimi – lobumi latissimis
- C. lobis latassimis – lobes latissimes
- D. lobus latissimum – lobus latissimi

E.lobu latissimus – lobus latissimum

72. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**cavernous body**»

A. **corpus cavernosum – corporis cavernosi**

B. corpus callosum – corporis callosi

C. corpus ciliare – corporis ciliaris

D. corpus vitreum – corporis vitrei

E. corpus adiposum – corporis adiposi

73. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**inferior plexus**»

A. **plexus inferior – plexus inferioris**

B. plexu inferioris – plexus inferioris

C. plexis inferis – plexes inferes

D. plexus inferius – plexi inferiori

E. plexis inferia – plexis inferiae

74. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis«**anterior region**»

A. **regio anterior – regionis anterioris**

B. region anteria – regionis anteriae

C. regio anterius – regii anterioris

D. regio anterium – regiis anteriis

E. regio anterior – regioni anteriori

75. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis«**the smallest tuber**»

A. **tuber minimum – tuberis minimi**

B. tuberum minimum – tuberi minimi

C. tuber minima – tuberis minimae

D. tuber minimus – tiberi minimis

E. tuber minime – tuber minimis

76. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**lower duct**»

A. **ductus inferior – ductus inferioris**

B. ductus inferius – ducti inferioris

C. ductus inferius – ductus inferioris

D. ductus inferior – ductus inferior

E. ductus inferiores – ductuum inferiorum

77. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis«**superior lip**»:

A. **labium superius – labii superioris**

B. labium superium – labii superii

C. labius superius – labii superioris

D. labia superiora – labiorum superiōrum

E. labium superiora – labii superiōrum

78. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis«**anterior articular surface**»:

A. facies articularis anterior – faciēi articularis anterioris

- B. facies articularis anterius – facies articularis anterioris
- C. facies articulare anterius – faciēi articularis anterior
- D. facies anterior articularis – faciēi anterioris articularis
- E. anterior articularis facies – anterioris articularis faciēi

79. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**minor zygomatic muscle**»:

- A. musculus zygomaticus minor – musculi zygomatici minoris**
- B. musculus zygomaticus minus – musculi zygomatici minoris
- C. musculus zygomaticum minor – musculus zygomatici minoris
- D. musculi zygomatici minores – musculōrum zygomaticōrum minorum
- E. musculi zygomatici minores – musculi zygomatici minoris

80. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus singularis and Genetivus singularis «**renal impression**»:

- A. impressio renalis – impressionis renalis**
- B. impressio renale – impressionis renalis
- C. impressio gastrica – impressionis gastricae
- D. impressio gastricus – impressionis gastrici
- E. impressio duodenalis – impressionis duodenalis

81. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**articular surfaces**»:

- A. facies articulares – faciērum articulare**
- B. facies articularis – faciērum articularis
- C. facies articulares – faciēi articularis
- D. facies articularis – faciēi articulare
- E. facies articula – faciērum articulērum

82. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**sternocostal articulationes**»:

- A. articulationes sternocostales – articulationum sternocostalium**
- B. articulatio sternocostalis – articulationis sternocostalis
- C. articulationa sternocostalia – articulationārum sternocostaliārum
- D. articulatio sternocostale – articulationum sternocostalium
- E. articulationes sternocostalis – articulationes sternocostalium

83. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**yellow ligaments**»:

- A. ligamenta flava – ligamentōrum flavōrum**
- B. ligamentum flavum – ligamenti flavi
- C. ligamentus flavus – ligamentōrum flavōrum
- D. ligamenta flava – ligamentae flavae
- E. ligamentum flavum – ligamentōrum flavōrum

84. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combination in Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**ethmoid processes**»:

- A. processus ethmoidales – processūm ethmoidalium**
- B. processus ethmoidalis – processus ethmoidalis
- C. processus ethmoidales – processōrum ethmoidaliōrum
- D. processus ethmoidales – processus ethmoidalis

- E. processus ethmoidalis – processuum ethmoidalium
85. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**posterior surfaces**»:
- A. **facies posteriores – facierum posteriorum**
B. faciei posterioris – facies posteriores
C. facierum posreriores – faciei posteriorum
D. faciesis posterioris – facierium posteriorum
E. facies posterioris – faciarum posteriarum
86. Choose the right translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**nasal conchas**»:
- A. **conchae nasales – concharum nasalium**
B. conchae nasalium – conchae nasalum
C. concha nasales – conchae nasalis
D. concharus nasalus – conchari nasal
E. concha nasalia – conchae nasale
87. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**ethmoidal foramina**»:
- A. **foramina ethmoidalia – foraminum ethmoidalium**
B. foraminum ethmoidalium – foraminae ethmoidales
C. foraminarum ethmoidalium – foraminis ethmoidalis
D. foraminae ethmoidales – foraminium ethmoidalium
E. foramin etmoidalis – foramina ethmoidarum
88. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**intercostals muscles**»:
- A. **musculi intercostales – musculorum intercostalium**
B. musculus intercostales – musculi intercostalis
C. musculorum intercostales – musculus intercostalis
D. muscularum intercostale – musculum intercostales
E. musculi intercostalum – muscularia intercostalia
89. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**blood vessels**»:
- A. **vasa sanguinea – vasorum sanguineorum**
B. vasis sanguineus – vases sanguinei
C. vases sanguinea – vasa sanguineae
D. vasorum sanguinearum – vasarum sanguinei
E. vasi sanguinei – vases sanguineris
90. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**cardiac impressions**»:
- A. **impressiones cardiaceae – impressionum cardiacarum**
B. impressionis cardiaci – impressiones cardiacum
C. impressio cardiacus – impressiones cardiac
D. impressionum cardiacum – impressiona cardiaceae
E. impressionum cardiacarum – impressiones cardiacorum
91. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**carotid tuber**»:

A. tubera carotica – tuberum caroticorum

- B. tuberes carotices – tuberarum caroticarum
- C. tuberis caroticis – tuberum caroticum
- D. tubera caroticum – tuberae caroticae
- E. tuber caroticus – tuberi carotici

92. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**anterior surfaces**»:

A. facies anteriores – facierum anteriorum

- B. faciei anteriorus – facierum anteriorum
- C. facies anteriorum – faciarum anterioris
- D. facium anterium – faciei anterii
- E. faciorum anteriorum – facies anterius

93. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**posterior septum**»:

A. septaposteriora – septorum posteriorum

- B. septumposteriorum – septiposterum
- C. septiposterior – septiorum posteriorum
- D. septa posteriores – septa posterioris
- E. septus posteriorus – septi posteriori

94. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**pterygoid processes**»:

A. processuspterygoidei – processuumpterygoideorum

- B. processi pterygoidei – processarum pterygoidearum
- C. processus pterygoideum – processuum pterygoidea
- D. processa pterygoidea – processae pterygoideae
- E. processarum pterygoidarum – processuum pterygoidei

95. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**superior canal**»:

A. meatus superiores – meatuum superiorum

- B. meates superiores – meatorum superiorum
- C. meatus superius – meates superiores
- D. meatus superiorus – meatuum superiorum
- E. meatis superior – meates superiorum

96. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**middle phalanges**»:

A. phalanges mediae – phalangium mediарum

- B. phalangis mediis – phalangium medium
- C. phalangum medium – phalanges mediарum
- D. phalangus medius – phalangium mediorum
- E. phalangiae mediae – phalangiарum mediарum

97. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**interosseus membranes**»:

A. membranae interosseae – membranarum interossearum

- B. membranum interosseum – membrana interossea
- C. membranes interosseares – membranum interosseorum
- D. membrana interossea – membranum interosseum

- E. membranous interosseus – membranorum interosseorum
98. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**choroid plexus**»:
- A. **plexusvasculares – plexumvascularium**
B. plexes vasculares – plexus vascularis
C. plexua vascularia – plexum vascularum
D. plexi vasculari – plexorum vascularum
E. plexus vascularis – plexus vasculares
99. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**interalveolar septum**»:
- A. **septainteraleolaria – septoruminteralveolarium**
B. septuminteralveolarium – septiinteralveolarii
C. septoruminteralveolaris – septa interalveolares
D. septum interalveolare – septuum alveolarum
E. septia interalveolaria – septiae interalveolariae
100. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**anterior margines**»:
- A. **margines anteriores – marginum anteriorum**
B. marginis anterior – margines anteriores
C. marginum anteriorum – marginis anterioris
D. margina anteriora – marginae anteriores
E. margo anterius – margines anterioris
101. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**arciformarteries**»:
- A. **arteriaearcuatae – arteriarumarcuatarum**
B. arteria arcuata – arteriorum arcuatorum
C. arterium arcuatum – arterii arcuatae
D. arteriae arcuates – arteria arcuatus
E. arteria arcuatae – arteriae arcuates
102. Choose the correct translation of Latin word-combinationin Nominativus pluralis and Genetivus pluralis «**renal calices**»:
- A. **calces renales – calcum renalium**
B. calcis renalis – calca renalia
C. calcus renalius – calci renalii
D. calcum renalum – calcuum renalium
E. calca renalis – calicae renale
103. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Singularis«**chronic disease**»:
- A. **morbuschronicus – morbichronicus**
B. morschronicum – morbischronici
C. morbuschronicum – morbuschronici
D. morbumchronicum – morbischronicis
E. morbus schronicus – morbus chronicis
104. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Singularis«**venous duct**»:
- A. **ductus venosus – ductus venosi**
B. ductus venosus – ducti venosi

- C. ducta venosa – ductae venosae
- D. ductum venosum – ducti venosis
- E. ductus venosa – ductis venosae

105. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Singularis «**lumbar part**»:

- A. pars lumbalis – partis lumbalis**
- B. partis lumbale – patris lumbalis
- C. pars lumbicus – parsis lumbici
- D. pars lumbale – parsis lumbalis
- E. parsus lumbalus – parsi lumbali

106. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Singularis «**mental foramen**»:

- A. foramen mentale – foraminis mentalis**
- B. foraminis mentalis – foraminum mentalum
- C. foramen mentalum – foramenis mentali
- D. foramen mentalus – forameni mentali
- E. foramina mentale – foramina mentalis

107. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Singularis «**right hand**»:

- A. manus dexter – manus dextri**
- B. manum dextrum – mani dextri
- C. manus dextrus – manis dextris
- D. manus dexter – mani dextri
- E. manus dextra – manusis dexteris

108. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Pluralis «**palatine canals**»:

- A. canales palatini – canarium palatinorum**
- B. canalis palatina – canales palatines
- C. canali palatini – canalia palatinia
- D. canalis palatines – canarium palatinum
- E. canala palatina – canales palatinia

109. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Pluralis «**salivary glands**»:

- A. glandulae salivariae – glandularum saliviarum**
- B. glandules salivares – glandulae salivarae
- C. glandules salivares – glandulerum saliverum
- D. glandulae salivaria – glandulae salivariarum
- E. glandularum salivariae – glandulium salivarum

110. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Pluralis «**cavernous bodies**»:

- A. corpora cavernosa – corporum cavernosorum**
- B. corporae cavernosae – corpos cavernoses
- C. corpora cavernoses – corpororum cavernosorum
- D. corpua cavernosua – corpuum cavernosum
- E. corpus cavernosus – corporum cavernosum

111. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Pluralis «**longitudinal layers**»:

- A. strata longitudinalia – stratorum longitudinalium**
- B. stratae longitudinales – strates longitudinalia
- C. stratum longitudinalum – stratum longitudinalium
- D. strates longitudinales – strata longitudinalia
- E. strata longitudinalia – strates longitudinalorum

112. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. andGen. Pluralis «**nasal cartilages**»:

- A. **cartilagines nasales – cartilaginum nasalium**
- B. cartilages nasalum – cartilagium nasalium
- C. cartilagae nasalae – cartilagorum nasalorum
- D. cartilagua nasalia – cartilaguum nasaluum
- E. cartilagines nasalis – cartilagina nasalia

113. Find the correct translation «**synovial vagina of the tendon of radial flexor of the wrist**»:

- A. **vagina synovialis tendinis musculi flexoris radialis carpi**
- B. synovialis vagina tendo radialis musculi flexor
- C. tendo vaginae synovialis musculus radialis flexor
- D. vagina tendinis musculus flexor radialis synovialis
- E. musculus flexor radialis tendinis vaginae synovialis

115. Find the correct translation «**internal acoustic canal of the posterior surface of the pyramis of temporal bone**»:

- A. **meatus auditivus internus faciei posterioris pyramidis ossis temporalis**
- B. internus auditivus meatus facies posterior pyramidis temporalis ossis
- C. meatus auditivus faciei posterior pyramis os temporale internum
- D. facies posterior meatus auditivi interni pyramidis ossis temporale
- E. pyramis faciei posterioris meatus auditivus internus temporalis ossis

116. Find the correct translation «**mucous membrane of laryngeal part of the pharynx cavity**»:

- A. **tunica mucosa partis laryngeae cavitatis pharyngis**
- B. pars laryngeus tunicae mucosae cavitatis pharyngis
- C. cavitas mucosae tunicae partis laryngis pharynx
- D. mucosa tunica laryngeus partis cavitas pharyngis
- E. cavitas pharyngis tunicae mucosae partis larynx

117. Find the correct translation «**nodules of semilunar valvules of the right ventricle of the heart**»:

- A. **noduli valvularum semilunarium ventriculi dextri cordis**
- B. nodulus valvulae semilunaris ventriculorum dextrum cordis
- C. valvulae semilunares nodolorum ventriculi dexter cordis
- D. noduli semilunaris valvularum cordis ventriculus dexter
- E. cor dexter ventriculi nodolorum valvulae semilunarium

118. Find the correct translation «**foramina of the pulmonary veins of the left atrium**»:

- A. **foramina venarum pulmonalis atrii sinistri**
- B. foramen pulmonale vena atrii sinistri
- C. venae pulmonales foraminis sinistri atrium
- D. vena sinistra foramen pulmonalis atrium
- E. atrium sinistrum foramnis pulmonalis venarum

119. Find the correct translation «**incisions of the spinal cord of central nervous system**»:

- A. **incisiones medulla spinalis systematis nervosae centralis**
- B. incisionis medullae spinalis systemae nervosa centralis
- C. medulla spinalis incisionum centralis nervosae systematis
- D. sistema nervosa centralis incisionis medullae spinalis
- E. incisiones medulla spinalia systematis nervosum centrale

120. Find the correct translation «**blood vessels of internal ear**»:

- A. vasa sanguinea auris internae**
- B. sanguinea vasa internae auris
- C. vasa auris internae sanguinea
- D. vasa auris sanguinea internae
- E. vas sanguineum auris internae

121. Find the correct translation «**hole of the head of thigh bone**»:

- A. fossa capitis ossis femoralis**
- B. fossa ossis femoralis capitis
- C. fossa capitis femoralis ossis
- D. fossa ossis capitis femoralis
- E. ossis femoralis capitis fossa

122. Find the correct translation «**tendinous arch of levator ani muscle**»:

- A. arcus tendineus musculi levatoris ani**
- B. tendineus arcus levatoris musculi ani
- C. tendineus arcus musculi levatoris ani
- D. arcus musculi levatoris ani tendineus
- E. ani musculi levatoris arcus tendineus

123. Find the correct translation «**anterior intramuscular septum of the crus**»:

- A. septum intermusculare cruris anterius**
- B. cruris anterius intermuscular esepsum
- C. septum intermusculare anterius cruris
- D. anterius intermusculare septum cruris
- E. cruris septum intermusculare anterius

124. Find the correct translation «**posterior short ciliar arteries**»:

- A. arteriae ciliares breves posteriores**
- B. posteriores breves ciliares arteriae
- C. ciliares breves arteriae posteriores
- D. arteriae posteriores breves ciliares
- E. breves ciliares arteriae posteriores

125. Find the correct translation «**trochanteric bursae of medial gluteal muscle**»:

- A. bursae trochantericae musculi glutaei medii**
- B. trochantericae bursae medii glutaei musculi
- C. trochantericae bursae musculi medii glutaei
- D. bursae trochantericae medii glutaei musculi
- E. musculi glutaei medii bursae trochantericae

126. Find the correct translation «**posterior upper alveolar foramina**»:

- A. foramina alveolaria superiora posteriora**
- B. posteriora superiora alveolaria foramina
- C. foramen alveolare superius posterius
- D. alveolaria foramina superiora posteriora
- E. foramina posteriora superiora alveolaria

127. Find the correct translation «**intramuscular bursae of gluteal muscles**»:

- A. bursae intermusculares musculorum glutaeorum**
- B. intermusculares bursae glutaeorum musculorum

- C. intermusculares bursae musculorum glutaeorum
- D. bursa intermusculari musculi glutaei
- E. bursa intermuscularis musculorum glutaeorum

128. Find the correct translation «**vagina of abdominal rectus muscle**»:

- A. vagina musculi recti abdominis**
- B. vagina recti musculi abdominis
- C. vagina abdominis recti musculi
- D. vaginae musculi recti abdominis
- E. vaginae musculorum rectorum abdominis

129. Find the correct translation «**furrow of the tendon of long flexor muscle of hallux**»:

- A. sulcus tendinis musculi flexoris hallucis longi**
- B. sulcus musculi flexoris tendinis longi hallucis
- C. sulcus tendinis hallucis longi musculi flexoris
- D. hallucis longi musculi flexoris tendinis sulcus
- E. musculi flexoris tendinis sulcus hallucis longi

130. Find the correct translation and determine the right word order «**incisive foramen of incisive hole of external skull base**»:

- A. foramen incisivum fossae incisivae basis cranii externae**
- B. incisivus foramen fossae incisivae basis cranium externum
- C. foramen incisivum fossa incisiva basis cranium externum
- D. fossum incisivum foraminis incisivi basis crania externae
- E. incisivum foramen incisivae fossae basis externae cranii

131. Find the correct translation and determine the right word order «**linguapharyngeal part of constrictor muscle of upper pharynx**»:

- A. pars glossopharyngea musculi constrictoris pharyngis superioris**
- B. glossopharyngeus pars constrictori pharyngis superioris
- C. pars glossopharyngea musculus constrictor pharynx superior
- D. superioris pharyngis musculi constrictoris pars glossopharyngeum
- E. pars glossopharyngis constrictoris pharyngis superior

132. Find the correct translation and determine the right word order «**proximal radioulnar joint of the free upper extremity**»:

- A. articulatio radioulnaris proximalis membra superioris liberi**
- B. proximalis radioulnaris articulationis membrum liberi superioris
- C. articulatio membra superior liberi proximalis radioulnaris
- D. proximalis radioulnaris membrum articulationis superioris liberm
- E. articulatio radioulnare proximale membris superioris liberi

133. Find the correct translation and determine the right word order «**posterior crus of internal capsule of brain cortex**»:

- A. crus capsulae internae corticis cerebri posterius**
- B. cruris posterior internus capsulus corticis cerebri
- C. crus posterior capsulae internae cortex cerebri
- D. posterius crus internae capsulae corticis cerebris
- E. posterior crus capsulis internis cortex cerebrum

134. Find the correct translation and determine the right word order «**diaphragm of the saddle of dura mater of the brain**»:

- A. diaphragma sellae durae matris encephali**
B. diaphragmum selli mater durae encephali
C. diaphragmus matris sellae durae encephalon
D. diaphragma dura sellae matris encephali
E. diaphragmis sellae durae matris encephaloni

135. Translate the term «**pelvic foramina**»:

- A. foramina pelvica**
B. foramen pelvicum
C. foramina pelvica
D. foraminum pelvicum
E. foramen pelvica

136. Translate the term «**zygomatic bones**»:

- A. ossa zygomatica**
B. ossa zygomatici
C. ossis zygomaticum
D. ossa zygomaticus
E. os zygomatica

137. Translate the term «**plates of pterygoid processes**»:

- A. laminae processuum pterygoideorum**
B. lamina processus pterygoideus
C. laminae processuum pterygoideum
D. laminae processus pterygoideorum
E. laminae processus pterygoidei

138. Translate the term «**ganglia of sympathetic plexuses**»:

- A. ganglia plexuum sympathicorum**
B. ganglia plexus sympathici
C. ganglia plexuum sympathicum
D. ganglion plexus sympathicus
E. ganglia plexorum sympathicorum

139. Translate the term «**fibrous articulations**»:

- A. articulationes fibrosae**
B. articulatio fibrosus
C. articulationis fibrosae
D. articulationes fibrosoes
E. articulatio fibrosae

140. Translate the term «**nuclei of cranial nerves**»:

- A. nuclei nervorum cranialium**
B. nuclei nervus cranialis
C. nuclei nervi craniales
D. nucleus nervorum cranialis
E. nucleus nervi cranialis

141. Translate the term «**foramina of pulmonary veins**»:

- A. foramina venarum pulmonalium**
B. foramen venae pulmonales
C. foramina venarum pulmonalum

- D. foramina venarum pulmonalis
- E. foramina venae pulmonis

142. Translate the term «**septa of sphenoid sinuses**»:

- A. septasinuumspheinoidalium**
- B. septasinussphenoidalis
- C. septumsinuumspheinoidalium
- D. septasinuumspheinoidalum
- E. septessinussphenoidale

143. Translate the term «**abdominal regions**»:

- A. regionesabdominales**
- B. regionesabdominalis
- C. regioabdominalis
- D. regionaeabdominalae
- E. regionisabdominis

144. Translate the term «**bones of lower extremities**»:

- A. ossa membrorum inferiorum**
- B. ossa membrorum inferiores
- C. ossa membra iferioris
- D. ossis inferiorum membrorum
- E. ossea membra inferior

145. Translate the term «**right margin of the uterus**»:

- A. margouteridexter**
- B. margouteridextra
- C. margouterusdextrum
- D. marginsuterusdextri
- E. marginisuteridexter

146. Translate the term «**capsule of the pancreas**»:

- A. capsula pancreatis**
- B. capsula glandulae pancreatis
- C. capsula pancreas
- D. capsulae pancreatis
- E. capsula glandulae pancreas

147. Choose the correct translation of the terminNom. and Gen. Pluralis «**pharyngeal glands**»:

- A. glandulaepharyngeae- glandularumpharyngearum**
- B. glandulaelaryngeae- glandularumlaryngearum
- C. glandulapharyngea-glandulaepharyngeae
- D. glandulae laryngeae- glandularum laryngeum
- E. glandula pharyngis- glandulae pharyngea

148. Translate the term «**tubercle of cervical vertebrae**»:

- A. tuberculum vertebrarum cervicalium**
- B. tuberculum vertebrae cervicalis
- C. tuberculum vertebrarum cervicalum
- D. tuberculi vertebrarum cervicalis
- E. tubercula vertebrae cervicaliae

149. Translate the term «**incisures of the cartilage**»:

- A. incisurae cartilaginis**
- B. incisurae cartilagineas
- C. incisura cartilaginis
- D. incisura cartilaginea
- E. incisurae cartilago

150. Translate the term «**lower teeth**»:

- A. dentes inferiores**
- B. dentis inferioris
- C. dentium inferiorum
- D. dentes inferiorae
- E. dens inferiores

Section IV «I-V Declensions of Nouns»

1. Choose the correct case of the word **Retinas**:

- A. Acc.Plur.**
- B. Dat.Sing.
- C. Acc.Sing.
- D. Dat. Plur.
- E. Nom.Plur

2. Choose the correct case of the word **Arteriae**:

- A. Nom.Plur.**
- B. Gen. Plur.
- C. Abl.Sing.
- D. Acc.Sing.
- E. Acc.Plur.

3. Choose the correct case of the word **Costa**:

- A. Abl.Sing**
- B. Abl. Plur.
- C. Acc.Plur.
- D. Gen.Sing.
- E. Gen.Plur.

4. Choose the correct case of the word **Cerebri**:

- A. Nom. Plur.**
- B. Dat.Sing.
- C. Gen.Plur.
- D. Acc.Plur.
- E. Dat. Plur.

5. Choose the correct case of the word **Bulbo**:

- A. Abl.Sing.**
- B. Nom.Plur.
- C. Gen. Plur.
- D. Acc.Sing.
- E. Nom.Sing

6. Choose the correct case of the word **Atriorum**:

- A. Gen.Plur.**
- B. Abl.Sing
- C. Abl. Plur.
- D. Gen.Sing.
- E. Acc. Sing.

7. Choose the correct case of the word **Dorsو**:

- A. Abl.Sing.**
- B. Acc.Sing.
- C. Gen.Plur.
- D. Dat. Plur.
- E. Acc. Plur.

8. Choose the correct caseof the word **Membrorum**:

- A. Gen. Plur.
- B. Dat.Plur.
- C. Abl.Sing.
- D. Acc.Plur.
- E. Abl.Plur.

9. Choose the correct caseof the word **Labia**:

- A. Nom. Plur.
- B. Abl.Sing
- C. Acc.Sing.
- D. Gen.Plur.
- E. Nom.Sing

10. Choose the correct caseof the word **Ostium**:

- A. Acc.Sing.
- B. Dat.Sing.
- C. Nom.Plur.
- D. Acc.Plur.
- E. Gen.Sing

11. Choose the correct caseof the word **Trunci**:

- A. Gen.Sing.
- B. Acc.Plur.
- C. Gen. Plur.
- D. Abl.Sing.
- E. Dat.Plur

12. Choose the correct caseof the word **Loborum**:

- A. Gen.Plur.
- B. Abl.Sing
- C. Nom.Plur.
- D. Acc.Sing.
- E. Gen.Sing

13. Choose the correct caseof the word **Musculum**:

- A. Acc.Sing
- B. Nom.Plur.
- C. Abl.Sing.
- D. Gen.Plur.
- E. Nom.Sing.

14. Choose the correct caseof the word **Ventriculi**:

- A. Nom.Plur.
- B. Nom.Sing.
- C. Abl.Sing.
- D. Gen.Plur.
- E. Acc.Sing.

15. Choose the correct caseof the word **Nervo**:

- A. Abl.Sing.
- B. Nom.Plur.

- C. Abl.Sing.
- D. Gen.Plur.
- E. Dat. Plur.

16. Choose the correct caseof the word **Palatini**:

- A. Gen.Sing.**
- B. Dat.Plur.
- C. Abl.Sing.
- D. Gen.Plur.
- E. Dat.Sing.

17. Choose the correct caseof the word **Truncum**:

- A. Acc.Sing.**
- B. Abl.Sing
- C. Nom. Plur.
- D. Dat. Plur.
- E. Gen. Sing.

18. Choose the correct caseof the word **Atriorum**:

- A. Gen. Plur.**
- B. Nom. Plur.
- C. Acc.Sing.
- D. Abl.Plur.
- E. Acc. Sing.

19. Choose the correct caseof the word **Ligamenta**:

- A. Nom. Plur.**
- B. Gen. Plur.
- C. Acc. Sing.
- D. Abl. Plur.
- E. Nom. Sing.

20. Choose the correct caseof the word **Ligamenta**:

- A. Nom. Plur.**
- B. Gen. Plur.
- C. Acc.Sing.
- D. Abl.Plur.
- E. Gen. Sing

21. Determinewhich line with word combination **late tooth** is correct in Abl Sing.:

- A. *dente serotino***
- B. *dento serotino*
- C. *dente serotina*
- D. *dentis serotino*
- E. *denti serotino*

22. Which type of declension has thenoun**head** (caput, itis n):

- A. Consonant**
- B. Mixed
- C. In singularform declinesbyconsosnant model, in plural – by mixed model
- D. has special declension
- E. vowel

23. Which type of declension has the noun **bone** (os, ossisn):
A. **Mixed**
B. Consonant
C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
D. has special declension
E. vowel
24. Determine which line with word combination **white flower** is correct in Abl Sing.:
A. **flore albo**
B. flori alba
C. floris albo
D. flore albi
E. flori albo
25. Which type of declension has the noun **heart** (cor, cordis n):
A. **Mixed**
B. Consonant
C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
D. has special declension
E. vowel
26. Which type of declension has the noun **liver** (hepar, atisn):
A. Vowel
B. Mixed
C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
D. has special declension
E. Consonant
27. Determine the case of the word-combination **pulmones inistro**:
A. **Abl. Sing.**
B. Dat. Pl.
C. Acc. Sing.
D. Nom. Pl.
E. Gen. Pl.
28. Determine which line with word combination **broad head** is correct in Abl Sing.:
A. **capite lato**
B. capitl lato
C. capitls lato
D. capite lata
E. capute lato
29. Determine which line with word combination **right foot** is correct in Abl. Sing.:
A. **pede dextro**
B. pedi dextro
C. pede dextra
D. pedi dextra
E. pes dextro
30. Determine the case of the noun **nervo**:
A. **Dativus**

- B. Accusativus
 - C. Ablativus
 - D. Nominativus
 - E. Genetivus
31. Detemine the case and number of the word-combination **lineas superiores**:
- A. **Accusativus Pl.**
 - B. Genetivus Sing.
 - C. Dativus Sing.
 - D. Nominativus Pl.
 - E. Ablativus Pl.
32. Detemine the case of the noun **fibulam**:
- A. **Accusativus**
 - B. Genetivus
 - C. Dativus
 - D. Nominativus
 - E. Ablativus
33. Choosethecorrecttranslationoftheword-combination**under the shoulder blade**:
- A. **sub scapulam**
 - B. sub scapula
 - C. in scapula
 - D. in scapulam
 - E. pro scapula
34. Choose the line with preposition in**Ablativus**:
- A. **in aqua**
 - B. ad hypertoniam
 - C. honoris causa
 - D. per telam
 - E. amicitiae gratia
35. Choosethecorrecttranslationoftheword-combination**around gums**:
- A. **circumgingivas**
 - B. sub gingiva
 - C. ad gingivam
 - D. per gingivae
 - E. in gingivis
36. Choosethecorrecttranslationoftheword-combination**with roots**:
- A. **cumradicibus**
 - B. cum radicis
 - C. cum radix
 - D. cumradico
 - E. cum radices
37. Choose the line with preposition in**Ablativus**:
- A. **in gingivis**
 - B. inter costas
 - C. sub linguam
 - D. ante cenam

- E. ad aegrotam
38. Choose the line with preposition in**Accusativus**:
- A. **inter vertebrae**
 - B. sub aqua
 - C. pro officina
 - D. honoris causa
 - E. de costis
39. Choose the line with preposition in**Accusativus**:
- A. **ante cenam**
 - B. sub aqua
 - C. in tabulettis
 - D. ex ollis
 - E. honoris causa
40. Choose the line with preposition in**Accusativus**:
- A. **per telam**
 - B. cum aqua
 - C. pro patria
 - D. a vertebra
 - E. amicitiae gratia
41. Determine which line with word-combination **palatine artery** is correct in b Abl Sing.:
- A. **arteria palatina**
 - B. arteriae palatine
 - C. arterias palatinas
 - D. arteriarum palatinarum
 - E. arteriis palatinis
42. Which type of declension has the noun**mouth**(os, oris)n
- A. **Consonant**
 - B. mixed
 - C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
 - D. has special declension
 - E. vowel
43. Which type of declension has the noun**tooth**(dens, dentis)m:
- A. **Mixed**
 - B. Consonant
 - C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
 - D. has special declension
 - E. vowel
44. Determine which line with word-combination **blind foramen** is correct in Abl Sing.:
- A. **foramine caeco**
 - B. foraminis caeco
 - C. foramina caeca
 - D. foramin caeco
 - E. foramen caecum

45. Which type of declension has the noun **apex** (apex, icism):
A. **Consonant**
B. Mixed
C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
D. has special declension
E. vowel
46. Which type of declension has the noun **rete** (rete, isn):
A. vowel
B. Mixed
C. In singular form declines by consonant model, in plural – by mixed model
D. has special declension
E. consonant
47. Determine the case of the word-combination **dentecarioso**:
A. **Abl. Sing.**
B. Dat. Pl.
C. Acc. Sing.
D. Nom. Pl.
E. Gen. Pl.
48. Determine which line with word-combination **adipose body** is correct in Abl. Sing.:
A. **corpore adiposo**
B. corpora adipose
C. corporis adiposi
D. corpus adiposum
E. corporibus adiposis
49. Determine which line with word-combination **right cheek** is correct in Abl. Sing.:
A. **bucca dextra**
B. buccarum dextrarum
C. buccae dexterae
D. buccas dextras
E. buccam dextram
50. Determine the case of the word **giving**:
A. **Accusativus**
B. Dativus
C. Ablativus
D. Nominativus
E. Genetivus
51. Determine the case and number of the word-combination **denturas inferiores**:
A. **Accusativus Pl.**
B. Genetivus Sing.
C. Dativus Sing.
D. Nominativus Pl.
E. Ablativus Pl.
52. Determine the case of the word **suturæ**:
A. **Genetivus**
B. Accusativus

- C. Dativus
 - D. Nominativus
 - E. Ablativus
53. Choosethecorrecttranslationoftheword-combination**into the pulp**:
- A. **inpulpam**
 - B. sub pulpa
 - C. inpulpa
 - D. sub pulpam
 - E. pro pulpa
54. Choose the line with preposition in**Ablativus**:
- A. **in fossa**
 - B. ad alveolam
 - C. apud tempores
 - D. per basim
 - E. per os
55. Choosethecorrecttranslationoftheword-combination**on the teeth**:
- A. **in dentibus**
 - B. sub dentes
 - C. ad dentes
 - D. perdentes
 - E. a dentibus
56. Choosethecorrecttranslationoftheword-combination**from plates of cartilage**:
- A. **de laminis cartilaginis**
 - B. de laminam cartilaginis
 - C. de laminarum cartilaginis
 - D. de laminae cartilaginis
 - E. de laminas cartilaginis
57. Choose the line with preposition in**Ablativus**:
- A. **in foramine**
 - B. inter oculos
 - C. sub denti
 - D. ante alveolam
 - E. ad gingivam
58. Choose the line with preposition in**Accusativus**:
- A. **inter dentes**
 - B. sub costa
 - C. sine causa
 - D. de costis
 - E. ex herbis
59. Choose the line with preposition in**Accusativus**:
- A. **apud collum**
 - B. sub lingua
 - C. in tabulettis
 - D. ex ollis
 - E. honoris causa

60. Choose the line with preposition in **Ablativus**:

- A. **ex herbis**
- B. contra malarium
- C. ad ollam
- D. intra venam
- E. ante cenam

61. Choose the case of the word **retibus**:

- A.Dat. Plur.**
- B. Acc.Plur
- C. Gen. Sing.
- D. Dat.Sing.
- E. Nom. Plur.

62. Choose the case of the word **articulationes**:

- A.Nom. Plur**
- B. Gen. Plur.
- C. Acc. Sing.
- D. Abl. Sing.
- E. Nom. Sing.

63. Choose the line with endings of III declension nouns of masculine gender in Nom.Sing.:

- A.-o, -or, -os, -er, -es, -ex**
- B. -a, -ae
- C. -us, -um, -on
- D. -onis, -oris, -etis, -icis
- E. -s, -m, -n

64. Determine the stem of the noun **foramen**:

- A.foramin-**
- B. foraminis-
- C. foram-
- D. forame-
- E. forami-

65. Choose the case of the noun **dentes**:

- A.Nom.Plur.**
- B. Dat. Plur.
- C. Acc.Sing.
- D. Abl.Sing.
- E. Dat. Sing

66. Choose the case of the noun **phalangium**:

- A.Gen. Plur.**
- B.Acc. Plur.
- C. Abl. Sing.
- D. Dat.Plur.
- E. Nom. Sing.

67. Determine the stem of the noun **frons**:

- A.front-**

- B. fron-
- C. frontis-
- D. frons-
- E. fronti-

68. Determine the stem of the noun **rete**:

- A. **ret-**
- B. rete-
- C. rent-
- D. retes-
- E. retis-

69. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination **blind foramen**:

- A. **foramen caecum**
- B. foramen caeca
- C. foraminis caeci
- D. caecum foramen
- E. foraminis caecum

70. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination **arterial rete**:

- A. **rete arteriosum**
- B. rete arteriosus
- C. rete arteriosa
- D. arteriosa rete
- E. arteriosae retae

71. Choose the line with endings of III declension nouns of feminine gender in Nom. Sing.:

- A. **-as, -es, -is, -us, -do, -go, -io**
- B. -a, -ae
- C. -o, -or, -os, -er, -es, -ex
- D. -onis, -oris, -etis, -icis
- E. -os, -r, -s, -x

72. Determine the case of the word **foramine**:

- A. **Abl. Sing**
- B. Abl. Plur.
- C. Gen. Sing
- D. Gen. Plur.
- E. Gen. Sing

73. Determine the case of the word **apicem**:

- A. **Acc. Sing.**
- B. Abl. Plur.
- C. Gen. Sing
- D. Gen. Plur.
- E. Nom. Plur.

74. Determine the stem of the noun **tempor**:

- A. **tempor -**
- B. temp-
- C. tem-
- D. tempo-

E. tempor-i-

75. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination **deep root**:

- A. **radix profunda**
- B. radix profundus
- C. radix profundum
- D. profundum radix
- E. radicis profundae

76. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination **heel tendon**:

- A. **tendo calcaneus**
- B. tendines calcanei
- C. calcaneus tendo
- D. tendinis calcaneus
- E. tendinis calcanei

77. Choose the line with endings of III declension nouns of neuter gender in Nom. Sing.:

- A. **-ma, -e, -c, -l, -en, -ut**
- B. -onis, -oris, -etis, -icis
- C. -us, -um, -on
- D. -as, -es, -is, -us, -do, -go, -io
- E. -us, -di, -go, -oi

78. Determine the stem of the noun **cartilago**:

- A. **cartilagin** -
- B. cartilag-
- C. cartilago-
- D. cartil-
- E. cartilagi-

79. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination **long head**:

- A. **caput longum**
- B. caput longa
- C. caput longi
- D. caput longus
- E. capitis longi

80. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination **peripheric system**:

- A. **systema periphericum**
- B. sistema peripherica
- C. systematis periphericum
- D. sistema periphericus
- E. systemae peripherici

81. Choose the correct form of the word «**facies**» in Abl. singularis:

- A. **facie**
- B. facierum
- C. faciorum
- D. faciem
- E. faciei

82. Choose the correct form of the word «**facies**» in Dat. pluralis:

- A. faciorum
- B. faciei
- C. **faciebus**
- D. faciem
- E. facie

83. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination «**posterior articular surface**»:

- A. **faciesarticularis posterior**
- B. faciesarticulare posterior
- C. faciesarticulares posterior
- D. faciearticularisposterioris
- E. facies posterior articularis

84. Determine the case of the word «**scabiem**»:

- A. **Accusativus**
- B. Ablativus
- C. Dativus
- D. Nominativus
- E. Genetivus

85. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination «**facies dorsales digitorum**»:

- A. Dorsal surface of the finger
- B. **Dorsal surface of the fingers**
- C. Of the dorsal surface of the finger
- D. On the dorsal surface of the finger
- E. Surfaces of the dorsal finger

86. Determine the case of the word «**rabierum**»:

- A. Nominativus
- B. Dativus
- C. Ablativus
- D. **Genetivus**
- E. Accusativus

87. Choose the line with the nouns of V declension:

- A. **species, superficies, res, caries**
- B. dies, cortex, fornix, vertex
- C. tuber, pes, pyramis, axis
- D. fascia, ren, cutis, foramen
- E. gaster, pelvis, tuber, lien

88. Choose the correct translation of the word «**of the surfaces**»:

- A. **facierum**
- B. faciei
- C. facees
- D. facies
- E. faciea

89. Determine the correct form in Nom. and Gen. Pluralis «**articular surfaces**»:

- A. **faciesarticulares – faciērumarticulare**
- B. faciesarticulare – faciērumarticulare
- C. faciesarticulares – faciēiarticulare

- D. faciesarticularis – faciēiarticulārium
- E. faciesarticulara – faciērumarticulērum

90. Determine the correct form in Acc.pluralis of the word «**caries**»:

- A. **caries**
- B. carierum
- C. cariebus
- D. cariei
- E. carie

91. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination «**deep caries**»:

- A. **caries profunda**
- B. carieprofundum
- C. caries profundum
- D. caries profundus
- E. cariebumprofundarum

92. Determine the case of the word «**cariem**»:

- A. **Accusativus**
- B. Nominativus
- C. Dativus
- D. Ablativus
- E. Genetivus

93. Choose the line with the nouns of V declension:

- A. **facies, rabies, species, scabies**
- B. dies, series, teres, biceps
- C. canalis, pleura, vomer, carotis
- D. cerebellum, nervus, ganglion, apertura
- E. cor, porus, vertex, ala

94. Determine the correct form of the word «**species**» in Dat.singularis:

- A. **speciei**
- B. specierum
- C. species
- D. speciorum
- E. speciebus

95. Choose the correct translation of the word «**scabies**» in Genitive case:

- A. **scabiei**
- B. scabies
- C. scabie
- D. scabierum
- E. scabierus

96. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination «**antiasthmatic species**»:

- A. **species antiasthmatica**
- B. specieantiasthmatica
- C. specie antiasthmaticae
- D. specierumantiasthmaticorum
- E. specie antiasthmatica

97. Determine the correct form of the word «**superficies**» in Abl. pluralis:

- A. **superficiebus**
- B. superficiei
- C. superficie
- D. superficierum
- E. superficies

98. Determine the case of the word «**specie**»:

- A. **Ablativus**
- B. Accusativus
- C. Dativus
- D. Genetivus
- E. Nominativus

99. Determine the case of the word «**facierum**»:

- A. **Genetivus**
- B. Ablativus
- C. Dativus
- D. Accusativus
- E. Nominativus

100. Choose the correct translation of the word-combination «**tongue surface**»:

- A. **facieslingualis**
- B. facierumlingualium
- C. facieslinguales
- D. facieilinguales
- E. facieilingualis

Section V «Clinical Diagnosis»

1. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis “**tuberculosis of lymphatic glands**”:

- A. tuberculosis nodorum lymphaticorum**
- B. tuberculosis pulmonis inistri
- C. tuberculosis articulationis genussimistri
- D. haemorrhagia subarachnoidalis cerebralis
- E. sarcoma haemorrhagicum multiplex

2. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis «**veins obstruction of the left lung**»:

- A. thrombosis venarum pulmonis sinistri**
- B. venae retinae thrombosis
- C. nervus neuritis optici
- D. thrombosis lobulidextra pulmonis cavernosa
- E. phlebectasis inferiorum membrorum

3. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis “**urethritis acuta**”:

- A. acute inflammation of urinary tract**
- B. acute inflammation of ureter
- C. acute inflammation of urinary tracts
- D. chronic inflammation of urinary tracts
- E. inflammation of kidney

4. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis “**herpeszoster**”:

- A. shingles**
- B. inflammation of ureter
- C. kidney
- D. obstruction
- E. lymphatic glands

5. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis “**perforation peritoneal inflammation**”:

- A. peritonitis perforans**
- B. peritonitis canceromatosa
- C. peritonitis diffusa
- D. peritonitis gangrenosa
- E. hernia diaphragmatica

6. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis “**secondary infection**”:

- A. infectio secundaria**
- B. infectio primaria
- C. infectio chirurgica
- D. infectio epidemica
- E. infectio focalis

7. Select correct option for clinical diagnosis “**myelocele**”:

- A. hernia medulla spinalis**
- B. hepatographia radioisotopica
- C. ruptura cordis
- D. cancer pylori
- E. angina pectoris

8. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**gastritis**”:

- A. inflammatio ventriculi**
- B. endometriosis infectiosa
- C. stenocardia
- D. hypopituitarismus
- E. ruptura vaginae

9. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**angioneurosis**”:

- A. dystonia vegetovascularis**
- B. hepatitis acuta
- C. angina pectoris
- D. neurosis iatrogena
- E. hernia medullae spinalis

10. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**cardiorrhesis**”:

- A. ruptura cordis**
- B. hepatographia radioisotopica
- C. ruptura uteri
- D. carcinoma stromatis hepatis
- E. hernia medullae spinalis

11. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**stenocardia**”:

- A. angina pectoris**
- B. hepatographia radioisotopica
- C. cancer uteri
- D. hernia medullae spinalis
- E. dystonia vegetovascularis

12. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**radiohepatographia**”:

- A. hepatographia radioisotopica**
- B. angina pectoris
- C. cancer hepatis diffusus
- D. hernia medullae spinalis
- E. dystonia vegetovascularis

13. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**metrocarcinoma**”:

- A. cancer uteri**
- B. hepatographia radioisotopica
- C. angina pectoris
- D. hernia medullae spinalis
- E. dystonia vegetovascularis

14. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Canc... pulmon... diffus...**”:

- A. -ae, -arum, -e**
- B. -e, -um, -a
- C. -er, -um, -us
- D. -i -orum, -i
- E. -es. – um, -es

15. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Morb.. haemorrhagic... neonat...**”:

- A. -us, -us, -orum**

- B.-us,-Ii, -orum
- C.-a, -a, -i
- D.-orum, -es, um
- E. -i, -i, ae

16. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Degenerat... retin... pigmentos..**”:

- A.-io, -ae, -a**
- B.-a, -io, -us
- C.- um,- es, -a
- D.-er, -us, -a
- E.-ae, -uum, -arum

17. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Neuri... nerv... acoustic... bilateral..**”:

- A.-is, -i, -i, -is**
- B.-us, ae, -um, --is
- C.-is,- um, -i, -orum
- D.-ae, - is, -um, -ae
- E.-i, -orum, -us, -uum

18. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Ruptur... traumatic... membran... tympan...**”:

- A.-a, -a, -ae, -i**
- B.-ae, -is, -um, arum
- C.-a, -is, is, -ium
- D.- es, - ium, - is, -is
- E.- ua, -erum, -orum, -ium

19. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Myo... submucos... cav.. uter...**”:

- A.-ma, -um, -i, -i**
- B.-erum, -orum, -arum, -o, -e
- C.-io, - us, -a, -ium, -i
- D.-i, - o, -a, -us
- E.- ae, -arum, -is, es

20. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Haemato... subdural... acut...**”:

- A.-ma, -e, -um**
- B.-um, -a, -e
- C.-e, -um, -a,
- D.-ae, - um, - us
- E.-us, -a, um

21. Select correct endings for the clinical diagnosis “**Asth... bronchial... infectiosoallergic...**”:

- A.-ma, -e, -um**
- B. -e, -um, ma
- C.-um, -us, -erum
- D.-is, -is, -e
- E.-us, -a, um

22. Select Latin term that corresponds to the Greek diagnosis “**acutum**”:

- A. carcinomapulmonumacut...**
- B. otitis media catarrhalis acut...
- C. infarctus myocardii acut...

D. abscessus retropharyngeus acut...

E. morbus respiratorius acut...

23. Select correct option of the translation of clinical diagnosis “**hepatic cirrhosis of viral etiology**”:

- A. cirrhosis hepatitis aethiologiae viralis**
- B. cirrhosis hepatica viralis aethiologia
- C. hepaticus cirrhosis aethiologiae viralae
- D. cirrhosis aethiologia viralis hepatitis
- E. virala aethiologia hepatitis cirrhosis

24. Select option with the correct diagnosis:

- A. Abscessus hepatitis lymphogenes**
- B. atrophia ductus cysticae
- C. cholecystitis gangrenosus
- D. eczema dyshidrotica
- E. cholecystitis purulentus

25. Select option with incorrect diagnosis:

- A. insufficientia circulatio sanguinis**
- B. morbus cordis ischaemicus
- C. endocarditis bacterialis subacuta
- D. dermatitis eczematica infectiosa
- E. dermatitis herpetica palpebrae

26. Select option with incorrect diagnosis:

- A. eczema solaris**
- B. tetraparesismixta
- C. eczema allergicum
- D. eczemainfantile
- E. abortusincompletus

27. Select option with incorrect diagnosis:

- A. fractura clausus brachii sinistri**
- B. cancer cervicis uteri
- C. anaemia sideropenica posthysterorrhagiam
- D. ulcus duodeni
- E. gastritis erosiva

28. Select correct option of the translation of clinical diagnosis “**verrucous dermatitis**”:

- A. dermatitis verrucosa**
- B. dermatitis eczematica
- C. dermatitis subcornealis
- D. dermatitis herpetica
- E. dermatitis allergica

29. Select correct option of the translation of clinical diagnosis **insufficientia valvulae mitralis**:

- A. mitral valve insufficiency**
- B. aortic insufficiency
- C. valve insufficiency
- D. cardiac insufficiency
- E. valvular defect

30. Select option with grammatically incorrect diagnosis:

- A. gastritis diffusus**
- B. tuberculosis laryngis infiltrata
- C. hydraemia pathologica
- D. anaemiasideropenica
- E. pleuropneumoniacomplcata

31. Select option with grammatically correct diagnosis:

- A. appendicitis simplex**
- B. carcinoma centralis pulmonis
- C. angina lacunare
- D. ren accessorium
- E. gastritischronicus

32. Select option with grammatically incorrect diagnosis:

- A. insufficienciarenalis**
- B. febriscontinuum
- C. Eczemasicca
- D. decursusgravismorbi
- E. traumatica perforatiooculi

33. Select option with grammatically correct diagnosis:

- A. sclerosisendocardiidiffusa**
- B. tuberculosispulmoni
- C. odontoma apicale
- D. necrosisossisasepticus
- E. rhinitisacutum

34. Select correct option for *cancer ... sinistri*:

- A. oculi**
- B. labii
- C. cutis
- D. gastris
- E. recti

35. Select option with grammatically incorrect diagnosis:

- A. appendicitis phlegmonosus**
- B. cystorrhesis traumatica
- C. pancreatitis haemorrhagica
- D. intoxicatiotuberculosa
- E. gastritisatrophica

36. Select option with grammatically correct diagnosis:

- A. vitium renum acquisitum**
- B. vulnus morsa recens
- C. ulcus peptica gastris
- D. functio laesa heparis
- E. graviditas complicatus

37. Select option with grammatically incorrect diagnosis:

- A. oedemacutanea**

- B. asthmabronchialeatopicum
- C. ectopiaviscerumabdominis
- D. arthrosisposttraumaticaacuta
- E. ulcuschronicum

38. Select option with grammatically incorrect diagnosis:

- A. graviditas bigeminale primaria**
- B. hepatitis toxica cum necrosi hepatis
- C. hepatopathia chronica sine cholestasi
- D. partus prolongatus primarius
- E. vulnus contusum femoris dextri

39. Select option with correct diagnosis:

- A. fracturapedisdextriaperta**
- B. situs inversus viscera
- C. herniainguinalarimincarcerata
- D. decursusmorbiprotracta
- E. gastritisacutum

40. Select option with grammatically incorrect diagnosis:

- A. ascaridosis, stadiumintestinalis**
- B. erosiocervicisuteri
- C. rupturalienis
- D. traumacraniiclausum
- E. ulcusterculosum

Section VI «Clinical Terms – Stem Formation. Greek Terminoelements»

1. Select correct terminoelements that correspond to the word “**heart**”:

- A. cardio-, -cardium**
- B. arthro-
- C. stomato-
- D. glosso-, glossia
- E. odonto-, odontia

2. Select correct terminoelements that correspond to the word “**head**”:

- A. kephalo-, cephalo-, cephalia**
- B. somato-, -soma
- C. acro-, -acria
- D. stetho-
- E. spondylo-

3. Select correct terminoelements that correspond to the word “**cheek**”:

- A. cheilo-, -cheilia**
- B. urano-
- C. ul-, ulo-
- D. melo-
- E. gnatho-, -gnathia

4. Select correct terminoelement that corresponds to the word combination “**uterine tube**”:

- A. salpingo-**
- B. colpo-
- C. oophoro-
- D. oo-
- E. trachelo-

5. Select correct terminoelement that corresponds to the word combination “**blind intestine**”:

- A. typhlo-**
- B. metro-, -metra, -metrium
- C. hystero-
- D. omphalo-
- E. cholangio-

6. Select correct terminoelement that corresponds to the word “**lung**”:

- A. pneumo-**
- B. entero-
- C. laparo-
- D. procto-
- E. nephro-

7. Select correct terminoelement that corresponds to the word combination “**internal organs**”:

- A. splanchno-**
- B. gastro-, -gastria
- C. entero-
- D. oophoro-
- E. salpingo-

8. Select correct terminoelements that correspond to the word “**testis**”:

- A. **orchi-, orchidi-, -orchidia, -orchia**
- B. entero-
- C. salpingo-
- D. trachelo-
- E. oo-

9. Select correct terminoelement that corresponds to the word combination “**chest measurement**”:

- A. **stethometria**
- B. spondylometria
- C. hepatologia
- D. spondylodynia
- E. rhinoscopia

10. Select correct term:

- A. **retrognathia**
- B. hyperthermaniaesthesia
- C. cholemia
- D. histolisis
- E. hondrodystrophia

11. Select correct term:

- A. **brachypodia**
- B. polyfagia
- C. hemiparaesis
- D. macroheilia
- E. blefaritis

12. Select correct term:

- A. **blepharoptosis**
- B. hypertrofia
- C. xantopsia
- D. metrorexis
- E. encephalomoloacia

13. Select correct term that corresponds to the word combination “**disease of blood**”:

- A. **anaemia**
- B. anuria
- C. haematocolpos
- D. myalgia
- E. hyradenitis

14. Select correct term that corresponds to the word combination “**inflammation of lymphatic gland**”:

- A. **lymphadenitis**
- B. hyradenitis
- C. sialadenitis
- D. adenitis
- E. parotitis

15. Select correct translation of the term «**phlebosclerosis**»:

- A. venous sclerosis
- B. venous inflammation
- C. loss of memory
- D. inflammation of veins
- E. disease of veins

16. Select correct translation of the term «**tendon suturing**»:

- A. Tenorrhaphia**
- B. Tenotomy
- C. Tenostenosis
- D. Histolysis
- E. Tenorrhesis

17. Which of the mentioned terminoelements has no doublet equivalent:

- A. Hepat-**
- B. Stomat-
- C. Nephro-
- D. Cheilo-
- E. Leuc-

18. Select correct translation of the term “**hernia**”:

- A. Hydrocele**
- B. Megalocephalia
- C. Splenomegalias
- D. Cardioplegia
- E. Sialorrhoea

19. Select correct translation of the term «**hysterographia**»:

- A. X-ray study of metra**
- B. X-ray study of gall bladder
- C. malformation of tissues
- D. suture of stomach
- E. examination of metra

20. Select correct translation of the term «**concretion**»:

- A. Odontolithus**
- B. Megalocytus
- C. Ureterolysis
- D. Hyperplasia
- E. Coprostasis

21. Select correct translation of the term «**haemopyopericardium**»:

- A. Наявність крові та гною у перикарді**
- B. Наявність крові та повітря у перикарді
- C. Відсутність крові чи гною у перикарді
- D. Наявність крові та відсутність жовчі в перикарді
- E. Відсутність кровеносних судин у серці

22. Select correct translation of the term «**surgicat removal of metra**»:

- A. Metrectomia**
- B. Hystoectomy

- C. Oophoroectomy
- D. Salpingoectomy
- E. Ectometria

23. Select correct translation of the clinical term «**xeroophtalmia**»:

- A. dry eye**
- B. grey-out
- C. hyperpigmentation of an eye
- D. removal of an eye
- E. eye redness

24. Select correct translation of the clinical term «**morbid fear of cancer diseases**»:

- A. Carcinophobia**
- B. Carcinophilia
- C. Acrophobia
- D. Androphobia
- E. Claustrophobia

25. Select correct clinical term «**pus in ovary**»:

- A. Pyoophritis**
- B. Myodynia
- C. Colostomia
- D. Ovariotomy
- E. Pyorrhoea

26. Select correct translation of the clinical term «**keratotomy**»:

- A. dissection of cornea**
- B. inflammation of cornea
- C. dissection of eye
- D. cornea suture
- E. fixation of cornea

27. Select correct translation of the term «**morbid fear of serious disease**»:

- A. Pathophobia**
- B. Agoraphobia
- C. Androphobia
- D. Arachnophobia
- E. Topophobia

28. Select correct translation of the term «pulse»:

- A. Asphygma**
- B. Splanchnologia
- C. Dysphagia
- D. Dysplasia
- E. Uloatriphia

29. Select correct translation of the term «**sialorrhoea**»:

- A. salviaefflux**
- B. Процес виділення поту
- C. Наявність каменів у нирках
- D. Графічний запис слинних залоз
- E. Збільшення кількості виділення сечі

30 Select correct translation of the term «**bone marrow**»:

- A. **Osteomyelitis**
- B. Arthrosis
- C. Osteogenesis
- D. Leptomeningitis
- E. Osteoporosis

31. Select correct translation of the term «**cholecystoectomy**»:

- A. **removal of gallbladder**
- B. ostomy of gallbladder
- C. gallbladder drainage
- D. ectasia of gallbladder
- E. ectasia of bladder

32. Select correct translation of the word combination «**relating to lymph**»:

- A. **Chyluria**
- B. Urocholia
- C. Choluria
- D. Acholia
- E. Cholecystitis

33. Selectan option for correct translation of the word «**prosection**»:

- A. **autopsia**
- B. allergia
- C. neoarthrosis
- D. pseudostenosis
- E. heteroplasia

34. Selectan option for correct equivalent of the word combination «**disproportionate jaw**»:

- A. **anisognathia**
- B. isometria
- C. panhidrosis
- D. barognosia
- E. heterotopias

35. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**injury caused by pressure of heavy thing**»:

- A. **barotrauma**
- B. hemiparesis
- C. telepathia
- D. necrophobia
- E. brachypnoë

36. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**fast heartbeats**»:

- A. **tachycardia**
- B. hemianaesthesia
- C. xeroderma
- D. bradycardia
- E. brachycephalia

37. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**discreased pulse**»:

A. bradysphygia

- B. xerophthalmia
- C. barotherapy
- D. orthodontia
- E. thermoplegia

38. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**lack of sensitivity**»:

A. bathyaesthesia

- B. panophthalmitis
- C. microcephalia
- D. tachypnoë
- E. isometria

39. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**mental deficiency**»:

A. oligophrenia

- B. macrocytus
- C. megacolon
- D. polyphagia
- E. autolysis

40. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**heat stroke**»:

A. thermoplegia

- B. erythrodermia
- C. orthopaedia
- D. allogenesis
- E. homodontia

41. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination «**dry skin**»:

A. xeroderma

- B. panophthalmitis
- C. megaloglossia
- D. polyvitaminosis
- E. macrodactylia

42. Selectan option for correct translation of the word combination “**retinopexy with cold temperature**”:

A. cryoretinopexia

- B. thermoplegia
- C. xerophilus
- D. xenotransplantatio
- E. necrobiosis

43. Selectan option for the term that contains terminoelement «**gray**»:

A. poliotrichia

- B. chromatophorus
- C. leucodermia
- D. chlorosis
- E. melanoglossia

44. Selectan option for the term that contains terminoelement «**yellow**»:

A. xanthodermia

- B. cyanodermia

- C. melanodermia
- D. leucodermia
- E. erythrodermia

45. Selectan option for the term that contains terminoelement «**green**»:

- A. chlorodontia**
- B. xanthosis
- C. cyanosis
- D. melanoma
- E. poliomyelitis

46. Selectan option for the term that contains terminoelement «**blue**»:

- A. cyanuria**
- B. chloropsia
- C. chromatophorus
- D. melanoblastus
- E. leucopathia

47. Selectan option for the term that contains terminoelement «**red**»:

- A. erythema**
- B. polioencephalitis
- C. leucomyelitis
- D. melanodontia
- E. chloroma

48. Selectan option for the term that contains terminoelement «**white**»:

- A. leucolysis**
- B. erythropsia
- C. cyanuria
- D. melancholia
- E. chromocystoscopia

49. Selectan option for the opposite of the terminoelement «**brady-**»:

- A. tachy-**
- B. brachy-
- C. pachy-
- D. pyr-
- E. hemi-

50. Selectan option for the opposite of the terminoelement «**xer-**»:

- A. hydr-**
- B. iso-
- C. cryo-
- D. macro-
- E. poly-

51. Selectan option for the opposite of the terminoelement «**lepto-**»:

- A. pachy-**
- B. brady-
- C. brachy-
- D. oligo-
- E. megal-

52. Selectan option for the opposite of the terminoelement «**dolicho-**»:

- A. brachy-**
- B. hetero-
- C. allo-
- D. bathy-
- E. platy-

53. Selectan option for the opposite of the terminoelement «**cryo-**»:

- A. pyr-**
- B. xer-
- C. hydr-
- D. bathy-
- E. megal-

54. Selectan option for the opposite of the terminoelement «**pan-**»:

- A. hemi-**
- B. iso-
- C. necro-
- D. oligo-
- E. neo-

55. Selectan option for the second part of the Greek term «**sweet flavor**» («**glyco-**»):

- A. -geusia**
- B. -orexia
- C. -acusia
- D. -osmia
- E. -phagia

56. Selectan option for the second part of the Greek term «**acute hearing**» («**hyper-**»):

- A. -acusia**
- B. -osmia
- C. -orexia
- D. -opsia
- E. -phonía

57. Selectan option for the first part of the Greek term «**drying eye**» («**- ophthalmia**»):

- A. xero-**
- B. pyr-
- C. cryo-
- D. thermo-
- E. ortho-

58. Selectan option for the first part of the Greek term «**accessory teeth**» («**- odontia**»):

- A. poly-**
- B. olig-
- C. macro-
- D. megal-
- E. allo-

59. Selectan option for the first part of the Greek term «**transplantation of an organ or tissue of animals**» («**- transplantatio**»):

A. xeno-

- B. allo-
- C. auto-
- D. hetero-
- E. aniso-

60. Select an option for the first part of the Greek term «**transplantation of a human organ or tissue**» («– **transplantatio**»):

A. allo-

- B. auto-
- C. xeno-
- D. homeo-
- E. neo-

61. Select Greek equivalent to the Latin term «**dura mater**»:

A. pachymeninx

- B. leptomeninx
- C. arachnoiditis
- D. meningomyelitis
- E. meningomyelocele

62. Select Greek equivalent to the Latin term «**pia mater**»:

A. leptomeninx

- B. meningitis
- C. pachymeninx
- D. meningismus
- E. meningocele

63. Select Latin equivalent to the Greek terminoelement «**dolicho-**»:

A. longus, a, um

- B. tardus, a, um
- C. parvus, a, um
- D. magnus, a, um
- E. transversus, a, um

64. Select Latin equivalent to the Greek terminoelement «**xanth-**»:

A. flavus, a, um

- B. frequens, ntis
- C. asper, ěra, ěrum
- D. albus, a, um
- E. ruber, bra, brum

65. Select Latin equivalent to the Greek terminoelement «**brachy-**»:

A. brevis, e

- B. longus, a, um
- C. sinister, tra, trum
- D. durus, a, um
- E. sacer, cra, crum

66. Select Latin equivalent to the Greek terminoelement «**leuc-**»:

A. albus, a, um

- B. flavus, a, um

- C. niger, gra, grum
- D. asper, ēra, ērum
- E. mollis, e

67. Select Latin equivalent to the Greek terminoelement «**erythr-**»:

- A. ruber, bra, brum**
- B. niger, gra, grum
- C. albus, a, um
- D. flavus, a, um
- E. parvus, a, um

68. Select correct option for the term «**congenital abnormality**»:

- A. polymastia**
- B. polyuria
- C. polyphagia
- D. polyangiitis
- E. polyarteritis

69. Select correct option for the term «**abnormal urine colour**»:

- A. chromaturia**
- B. glucosuria
- C. anuria
- D. haematuria
- E. chyluria

70. Select correct option for the term «**correct breathing**»:

- A. orthopnoë**
- B. apnoë
- C. hyperpnoë
- D. hypopnoë
- E. dyspnoë

71. Select correct option for the term «**fear of something new**»:

- A. neophobia**
- B. necrophobia
- C. erythrophobia
- D. panphobia
- E. xanthophobia

72. Select correct option for the term «**treatment with cold temperature**»:

- A. cryotherapy**
- B. thermotherapy
- C. thalassotherapy
- D. autohaemotherapy
- E. pharmacotherapy

73. Select correct option for the term «**treatment with atmospheric pressure**»:

- A. barotherapy**
- B. phytotherapy
- C. thalassotherapy
- D. balneotherapy
- E. heliotherapy

74. Select correct option for the term «**fear of strangers**»:

- A. xenophobia**
- B. xanthophobia
- C. necrophobia
- D. panphobia
- E. erythrophobia

75. Select correct option for the term «**blood in joint**»:

- A. haemarthrosis**
- B. haemotoxicosis
- C. haemochondritis
- D. haemorchondrosis
- E. haemarthritis

76. Select correct option for the term «**purulent inflammation of the ovary**»:

- A. pyoophoritis**
- B. pyosalpingitis
- C. pyotracelitis
- D. pyocolpitis
- E. pyometritis

77. Select correct option for the term «**tumor of the thymus gland**»:

- A. thymoma**
- B. typhloma
- C. blastoma
- D. pyeloma
- E. cholangioma

78. Select correct option for the term «**fungous disease**»:

- A. mycosis**
- B. thrombosis
- C. thyreotoxicosis
- D. fibrosis
- E. acidosis

79. Select correct option for the term «**increase of cells in blood**»:

- A. erythrocytosis**
- B. erythropenia
- C. erythrophobia
- D. thrombosis
- E. erythrophobia

80. Select correct option for the term «**noninflammatory disease of vessels and nerves**»:

- A. angioneurosis**
- B. neurosis
- C. adenoneurosis
- D. angioneuritis
- E. angiomas

81. Select correct option for the term «**degenerative disease of kidney**»:

- A. nephrosis**

- B. neurosis
- C. pyelonephrosis
- D. nephritis
- E. pyelonephritis

82. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «noninflammatory process in a lip»:

- A. cheilosis**
- B. cheirosis
- C. labiosis
- D. cheilitis
- E. melosis

83. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a gallbladder»:

- A. cholecystitis**
- B. dacryocystitis
- C. cholangitis
- D. cystitis
- E. choledochitis

84. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a stomach and intestinal tract»:

- A. gastroenteritis**
- B. pangastritis
- C. gastroproctitis
- D. gastrosplenitis
- E. gastroduodenitis

85. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of an ophthallos»:

- A. omphalitis**
- B. typhlitis
- C. oophoritis
- D. orchitis
- E. salpingitis

86. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a rectum»:

- A. proctitis**
- B. enteropathia
- C. proctalgia
- D. proctectasia
- E. splenitis

87. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «noninflammatory process in a knee-joint»:

- A. gonarthrosis**
- B. haemarthrosis
- C. gonchondrosis
- D. gonarthritis
- E. gonarthropathia

88. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «tumour of a sweat gland»:

- A. hidradenoma**
- B. anhidrosis

- C. hydrops
- D. hidradenectomia
- E. hidrangioma

89. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a pial membrane»:

- A. leptomeningitis**
- B. pachymeningitis
- C. arachnoiditis
- D. meningitis
- E. encephalitis

90. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a vein with a blood clot»:

- A. thrombophlebitis**
- B. phlebothrombosis
- C. thrombopenia
- D. vasoconstrictio
- E. thrombocytosis

91. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «caused by the disease of a pancreas gland»:

- A. pancreatogenus**
- B. pancreatitis
- C. pancreatalgia
- D. pancreatopathia
- E. pancreaticus

92. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a bone and joint»:

- A. osteoarthritis**
- B. osteochondrosis
- C. osteoarthrosis
- D. osteochondritis
- E. osteomyelitis

93. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a kidney pelvis»:

- A. pyelonephritis**
- B. neuritis
- C. pyeloneuritis
- D. nephritis
- E. nephroptosis

94. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of a brain tunic»:

- A. meningitis**
- B. encephalomeningitis
- C. leptomeningitis
- D. myelitis
- E. encephalitis

95. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «multiple angioma»:

- A. angiomatosis**
- B. angiodermatosis
- C. angiocytosis

- D. papillomatosis
- E. angioma

96 Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «inflammation of sclerotic coats»:

- A. panophthalmitis**
- B. exophthalmus
- C. ophthalmoplegia
- D. anophthalmia
- E. cryptophthalmus

97. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «respiratory status»:

- A.apnoe**
- B.aerophagia
- C.aerophobia
- D.spirotherapia
- E.pneumolysis

98. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «blood throughput»:

- A. haematopoesis**
- B. haematocrinia
- C. haematoplasia
- D. haematorrhoea
- E. haematoorrhagia

99. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «escape of blood»:

- A.gastrorrhagia**
- B.haematopoesis
- C.hepatoplasia
- D.haematocrinia
- E.haematorrhoea

100. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «nutrition»:

- A.dystrophy**
- B.aphagia
- C.dysplasia
- D.ectopia
- E.lipostatis

101. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «disease of blood»:

- A.anaemia**
- B.haematuria
- C.hematologia
- D.haematoma
- E.haemolysis

102. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «blood»:

- A.haemotonephrosis**
- B.leucoaemia
- C.anaemia
- D.empyema
- E.angiotomia

103. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «love»:

- A.paedophilia**
- B.haemophilia
- C.acrophobia
- D.lymphorrea
- E.atrophia

104. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «mental state»:

- A.schizophrenia**
- B.phrenicotomy
- C.meloschisis
- D.phacoma
- E.aethiologia

105. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «general weakness»:

- A.asthenia**
- B.anaesthesia
- C.spirometria
- D.aplasia
- E.dysopia

106. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «sensibility»:

- A.hypasthesia**
- B.anergia
- C.asthenia
- D.gastrocele
- E.hyperasthenia

107. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «air»:

- A.aerophobia**
- B.spirometria
- C.pneumonia
- D.pneumometria
- E.dyspnoe

108. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «secretion»:

- A.dyscrinia**
- B.odontorrhagia
- C.sialorrhoea
- D.pyuria
- E.europoesis

109. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «force»:

- A.hypodinamia**
- B.dyskinesia
- C.lymphocytus
- D.cholekinetics
- E.geriatria

110. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «elevated number of cells»:

- A.lymphocytosis**
- B.lymphocytopenia

- C.thrombocytus
- D.lymphocytus
- E.lymphadenitis

111. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «deficient number of cells»:

- A. leucocytopenia**
- B. leucocytosis
- C. lymphoma
- D. odontoma
- E.lymphorrhoea

112. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «propensity for»:

- A.haemophilia**
- B. hydrophilia
- C. paedophilia
- D. gynaecophilia
- E.androphilia

113. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «active state»:

- A. synergia**
- B. hypodynamia
- C. pyaemia
- D.aplasia
- E.myelosis

114.Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «stasis»:

- A. galactostasis**
- B. atonia
- C. amnesia
- D. psychosis
- E. neuritis

115. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «development»:

- A.cardiogenesis**
- B. atherosclerosis
- C. phrenicotomia
- D. hepatogenus
- E.cardiogenia

116. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «stroke»:

- A. cardioplegia**
- B. hypertonia
- C. hypotonia
- D.cardiologia
- E. cardiogramma

117.Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «knowledge»:

- A. agnosia**
- B. pharmacologia
- C. logologia
- D. logopaedia
- E. biologia

118. Select an option for the term «**pain in a tongue**»:

- A. **glossalgia**
- B. odontalgia
- C. pancreatodynia
- D. spondylodynia
- E. acroalgia

119. Select an option for the term «**science about diseases of liver**»:

- A. **hepatologia**
- B. acheiria
- C. rhinopharyngoscopia
- D. oesophagodynbia
- E. stomatologia

120. Select an option for the term «**general inflammation of joints**»:

- A. **arthropathia**
- B. enterologia
- C. encephalopathia
- D. rhinologia
- E. podalgia

121. Select an option for the term «**science about diseases of bones**»:

- A. **osteologia**
- B. osteoarthropathia
- C. stomatologia,
- D. somatoscopia,
- E. pathologia

122. Select an option for the term «**registration of a heart function**»:

- A. **cardiographia**
- B. stethometria
- C. hormonotherapy
- D. brachialgia
- E. logopathia

123. Select an option for the term «**absence of lower extremities**»:

- A. **apodia**
- B. osteogenus
- C. spondylographia
- D. hepatogenus
- E. gonalgia

124. Select an option for the term «**enlarged lower extremities**»:

- A. **macropodia**
- B. chirospasmus
- C. cheilodynbia
- D. ulodynbia
- E. gnathodynbia

125. Select an option for the term «**examination of nasal cavity**»:

- A. **rhinoscopia**

- B. hepatologia
- C. enteroscopus
- D. acropathia
- E. artrhrographia

126. Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «**blood**»:

- A. haemolysis**
- B. hydrotherapia
- C. hemialgia
- D. hepatologia,
- E. hemiopia

127. Select correct option for the terminoelement common to the terms «**odontalgia, orthodontia, odontoma, odontolithus**»:

- A. зуб**
- B. пухлина
- C. прямий, правильний
- D. камінь
- E. біль

128. . Select an option for the term containing terminoelement «**cell**»:

- A. cytotherapia**
- B. citrus
- C. citissime
- D. cheilodynbia
- E. cystoscopia

129. Select an option for the terminoelement «**efflux**»:

- A -rrhoea**
- B. -ectomia
- C. -logia
- D. -lysis
- E. -rraphia

130. Select an option for the Greek term «**spasm of muscles**»:

- A. myospasmus**
- B. hydrophobia
- C. encephalocele
- D. metrorrhagia
- E. rhiniatria

131. Select an option for the Greek term «**examination of oral cavity**»:

- A. stomatoscopia**
- B. somatologia
- C. stomatodynia
- D. stethometria
- E. osteologia

132. Select an option for the Greek term «**pain in a shoulder**»:

- A. brachialgia**
- B. rhinoscopia
- C. stethoscopus

- D. glossalgia
- E. hormonotherapy

133. Select an option for the Greek term «**pain in a lip**»:

- A. cheilodynbia**
- B. macropodia
- C. gnathodynbia
- D. odontalgia
- E. glossodynbia

134. Select an option for the Greek term «**general disease of brain**»:

- A. encephalopathia**
- B. rhinopharyngoscopia
- C. gonalgia
- D. logopathy
- E. rhinologia

135. Select an option for the Greek term «**caused by disease of liver**»:

- A. hepatogenus**
- B. spondylographia
- C. osteogenus,
- D. chirospasmus
- E. enteroscopus

136. Select an option for the Greek term «**inflammation of limbs**»:

- A. acropathia**
- B. hepatologia
- C. pancreatodynbia
- D. artrhrographia
- E. enterologia

137. Select an option for the Greek term containing terminoelement «**absence**»:

- A. apathia**
- B. paraphlebitis
- C. catarecta
- D. dysmnesia
- E. mesoderma

138. Select an option for the Greek term containing terminoelement «**increased level**»:

- A. hyperergia**
- B. hypotrophia
- C. supercilium
- D. synergia
- E. endometrium

139. Select an option for the Greek term containing terminoelement «**inside**»:

- A. endometrium**
- B. polydactilitis
- C. metacarpus
- D. monophtong
- E. perimetrium

140. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**normal**»:

- A. eupnoe**
- B.apnoe
- C.hyperpnoe
- D. hypotonia
- E. syndactilia

141.Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**middle**»:

- A. mesoderma**
- B. underderma
- C. epicardium
- D. eupnoe
- E. parapnoe

142.Select an option for the Greek term containing terminoelements «**many**»:

- A. polydactylia**
- B. perimetrium
- C. endometrium
- D. epicardium
- E. syndactilia

143. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**less than the norm**»:

- A. hypotrophia**
- B. paraphlebitis
- C. anamnesis
- D. asphyxia
- E. oligophrenia

144. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**one**»:

- A. monoplegia**
- B. anabiosis
- C. paraphlebitis
- D. mesoderma
- E. metaderma

145. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**recovery**»:

- A. anabiosis**
- B. acephalia
- C. catamnesis
- D. mesoderma
- E. hyperpnoe

146. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**direction from top to bottom**»:

- A. catamnesis**
- B. mesoderma
- C. hypertonia
- D. syndromum
- E. endocardium

147. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**under**»:

- A. epigastris**

- B. mesometrium
- C. pericardium
- D. endocardium
- E. myometrium

148. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**near**»:

- A. paraphlebitis**
- B. mesoderma
- C. dysmnesia
- D. eupnoe
- E. hyperpnoe

149. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**connection**»:

- A. syndromum**
- B. parametrium
- C. metametrium
- D. dysenteria
- E. parametrium

150. Select an option for the Greek term containing prefix «**movement**»:

- A. metastasis**
- B. paratyphus
- C. Dysenteria
- D. polynephritis
- E. eucariotus

Section VII «Names of Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Pharmaceutical Drugs»

1. Select corresponding ending of the pharmaceutical term «oleumTerebinthin...»

- A. -ae**
- B. -arum
- C. -i
- D. -is
- E. -um

2. Select corresponding ending of the pharmaceutical term «oleumOliv...»

- A. -arum**
- B. -i
- C. -ae
- D. -is
- E. -um

3. Select correct ending of the pharmaceutical term in an order line «oleumPin...»

- A. -i**
- B.-arum
- C. -ae
- D. -is
- E. -um

4. Select corresponding ending of the pharmaceutical term in an order line «buds»

- A. -arum**
- B. -as
- C. -ae
- D. -ebus
- E. -is

5. Select corresponding ending of the pharmaceutical term in an order line «gemm...»

- A. -i**
- B. -os
- C. -is
- D. -orum
- E. -ae

6. Select corresponding ending of the pharmaceutical term in an order line «unguent...»

- A. -a**
- B. -orum
- C. -is
- D. -os
- E. -is

7. Select the noun belonging to neutergender in the form of Accusativuspluralis:

- A. infusum**
- B. glandula
- C. herba
- D. decocta
- E. unguento

8. Select the noun belonging to masculine gender in the form of Genetivus pluralis:

- A. siruporum**
B. olea
C. specierum
D. extracta
E. tincturarum

9. . Select the noun belonging to feminine gender in the form of Genetivus singularis:

- A. choles**
B. collega
C. pastarum
D. lagenis
E. tabulettas

10. Select the noun belonging to masculine gender in the form of Nominativus pluralis:

- A. pueri**
B. pastae
C. flores
D. oculos
E. folia

11. Select the noun belonging to masculine gender in the form of Accusativus singularis:

- A. bacillum**
B. globulos
C. musculi
D. oculus
E. numero

12. Select the noun belonging to neuter gender in the form of Nominativus pluralis:

- A. decocta**
B. pasta
C. lagenae
D. infusis
E. oleo

13. Select the noun belonging to feminine gender in the form of Accusativus singularis:

- A. ampullam**
B. decocta
C. sirupum
D. capsulis
E. extracto

14. Select the noun belonging to neuter gender in the form of Genetivus singularis:

- A. amyrum**
B. capsuleae
C. species
D. magistra
E. sirpus

15. Select the noun belonging to feminine gender in the form of Accusativus pluralis:

- A. capsulas**

- B. tincturam
- C. gemmarum
- D. choles
- E. guttis

16. Select the noun belonging to feminine gender in the form of Ablativus singularis:

- A. aqua**
- B. tincturam
- C. infusa
- D. sirupum
- E. oleo

17. Select the noun belonging to the I declension in the form of Genetivus pluralis:

- A. pastarum**
- B. oleorum
- C. specierum
- D. unquentorum
- E. florum

18. Select the noun belonging to the II declension in the form of Ablativus singularis:

- A. decocto**
- B. capsulis
- C. chartam
- D. bacilli
- E. oleum

19. Select the noun belonging to the I declension in the form of Genetivus pluralis:

- A. pastarum**
- B. oleorum
- C. specierum
- D. unquentorum
- E. florum

20. Select the noun belonging to the II declension in the form of Ablativus singularis:

- A. decocto**
- B. capsulis
- C. chartam
- D. bacilli
- E. oleum

21. Select an option for the term «potent substance»

- A. heroica**
- B. anaesthetica
- C. analeptica
- D. cytostatica
- E. cardiaca

22. Select an option for the term «painkiller»

- A. antiemetica**
- B. antitussica
- C. thyreostatica
- D. anthelmintica

E. analgetica

23. Select an option for the term «**aperient**»

- A. purgativa**
- B. hypotensiva
- C. haemostatica
- D. sedativa
- E. spasmolytica

24. Select an option for the term «**urinative**»

- A. diuretica**
- B. heroica
- C. anaesthetica
- D. cytostatica
- E. cardiaca

25. Select an option for the term «**cholagogue**»

- A. cholagoga**
- B. hypoglykaemica
- C. thyreostatica
- D. antihelmintica
- E. antiemetica

26. Select an option for the term «**antiparasitics**»

- A. anthelminthica**
- B. hypotensiva
- C. haemostatica
- D. purgativa
- E. spasmolytica

27. Select an option for the term «**antimycotics**»

- A. fungicida**
- B. haemostatica
- C. spasmolytica
- D. bactericida
- E. purgativa

28. Select correct word order in the term «**lead plaster**»

- A.emplastrumPlumbisimplex**
- B.Plumbiemplastrumsimplex
- C.emplastrumsimplexPlumbi
- D.simplexemplastrumPlumbi
- E. Plumbisimplexemplastrum

29. Select correct word order in the term «**nitrate solutions of strychnine**»

- A. solutioStrychninitratis**
- B. nitratis Strychni solutio
- C. Strychni nitratis solutio
- D. Strychni solutio nitratis
- E. solutio nitratis Strychni

30. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**with buds of birch**»

A. cum gemmis Betulae

- B. per herbam
- C. ex herba Urticae
- D. sine tinctura Tormentillae
- E. degemmarumBetulae

31. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**for pilular mass**»

A. pro massa pilularum

- B. pro massam pilulae
- C. sine massae pilularum
- D. cum massa pilulis
- E. post massa pilularum

32. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**в настоянку лимонника**»

A. intincturamSchizandrae

- B. intincturaeSchizandrae
- C. intincturesSchizandrae
- D. intincturaSchizandrae
- E. intincturarumSchizandrae

33. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**в траві ефедри**»

A. inherbaEphedrae

- B. inherbamEphedrae
- C. deherbarumEphedrae
- D. proherbasEphedrae
- E. anteherbaEphedrae

34. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**у свічах і кульках**»

A. in suppositoriis et globulis

- B. in lagenis et globulis
- C. in tabulettis et pilulis
- D. in charta et cera
- E. in decoctis et infusis

35 Select correct option for the translation of the term «**take an extract of maize stigma**»:

A. Recipe: ExtractestigmatibusMaydis

- B. Recipe: ExtractiefuribusMaydis
- C. Recipe: ExtractierizomatibusMaydis
- D. Recipe: ExtractieseminibusMaydis
- E. Recipe: Extracti e stigmatis Maydis

36. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**add cold liver oil in a suffucient quantity**»:

A. Adde oleum jecoris Aselli quantum satis

- B. Addite oleum jecoris Aselli quantum satis
- C. Addat oleum jecoris Aselli quantum satis
- D. Addit oleum jecoris Aselli quantum satis
- E. Addatur oleum jecoris Aselli quantum satis

37. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**з пілюльною масою**»

A. cum massa pilularum

- B. pro massam pilulae

- C. sine massae pilularum
- D. pro massa pilulis
- E. postmassapilularum

38. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**dense extract of wood pine**»:

- A. extractum Pini silvestris spissum**
- B. extractum Solani tuberosi siccum
- C. extractum Filicis maris spissum
- D. extractum Hyperici perforati fluidum
- E. extractum Helianthi annui spissum

39. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**throughabsinthial herbage**»

- A. perherbamAbsinthii**
- B. inherbamGossypii
- C. deherbarumStramonii
- D. proherbasAbsinthii
- E. perherbamThymi

40. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**in dark glasses**»

- A. in vitrisfuscis**
- B. in lagenis et globulis
- C. in suppositoriis et globulis
- D. in charta et cera
- E. in lagenas rubras

41. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**dock acid**»

- A. acidumsalicylicum**
- B. acidumoxalicum
- C. acidumlacticum
- D. acidumsuccinicum
- E. acidusbenzoicus

42. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**amyl nitrite**»

- A. Amyliinitris**
- B.Amylnitritis
- C.Amylnitritum
- D.Amylumnitraticum
- E. Amylumnitrite

43. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**alcohol solution of acetic acid**»

- A. solutioAcidiaceticaethyli**
- B.liquor Acidi oxalici spiruosa
- C.liquor Ammonii caustici spirituosum
- D.suspension Acidi formicici spirituosum
- E. solutioAcidiformicicspirituosa

44. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**powder for external use**»

- A. pulveresprousuexterno**
- B.pulverum per uso interno
- C.pulveres pro usum externum
- D. pulveri per usu externu
- E. pulveraproususinternus

45. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**medical anesthetic ether**»:

- A. aethermedicinalispronarcosi**
- B. arther medicinalis pro narcosem
- C. aether medicinale ad narcosis
- D. aetheres medicinalia pro narcosim
- E. aetheri medicinali pro narcose

46. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**dry cough mixture for children**»:

- A. mixturasiccacontratussimproinfantibus**
- B. tincturasiccuspertussisproinfantes
- C. tincturasiccasinetussisproinfants
- D. extractumsiccumprotussideinfantos
- E. mixturasiccacontratussisproinfantibus

47. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**vitaminizing fish oil**»:

- A. oleumjecorisvitaminosum**
- B. oleum fellis vitaminica
- C. oleumjecurisvitaminicum
- D. oleum jecor in vitaminis
- E. oleum jecoris cum vitaminis

48. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**phenyl salicylate**»:

- A. Phenylisalicylas**
- B. Phenylsalicylatum
- C. Phenylsalicylat
- D. Phenylumsalicylatum
- E. Phenylsalicylas

50. Select correct option for the translation of the term «**calcium carbonate in sludge**»:

- A. Calciisubcarbonaspraecipitatus**
- B. Calciisupracarbonatiscinereum
- C. Calciibasicumcarbonatesdilutum
- D. Calciumsupercarbonaspraeparatum
- E. Calciisubcarbonaspraecipitatum

Section VIII «Structure of Prescription Ordering Line. Principles of Prescription Writing»

1. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp. : Tabulettas acidi lipoici obductas**
- B. Rp.: Tabulettas acidum lipoicum obductas
- C. Rp.: Tabulettas acidi lipoici obductae
- D. Rp. : Tabulettae acidi lipoici obductae
- E. Rp. : Tabulettam acidum lipoicum dilutum

2. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: UnquentiHydrargyrialbi**
- B. Rp.: UnquentumalbiHydrargyri
- C.Rp.: UnquentoHydrargyroalbo
- D. Rp.: UnquentiHydrargyrialbum
- E. Rp.: UnquentumHydrargyrialbi

3. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: ExtractiAloesfluidi**
- B. Rp.: ExtractumAloefluidum
- C. Rp.: ExtractiAloesfluidum
- D. Rp. : ExtractumAloesfluidi
- E. Rp. : ExtractiAloefluidi

4. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: EmplastriPlumbicompositi**
- B. Rp.: Emplastri Plumbum compositi
- C. Rp.: Emplastri Plumbi compositum
- D. Rp.: Emplastrum Plumbum compositum
- E.Rp. : EmplastrumPlumbicompositi

5. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: InfusiherbaeLeonuri**
- B. Rp.: InfusumherbamLeonuri
- C. Rp.: InfusiherbaeLeonuri
- D. Rp.: InfusumherbamLeonuram
- E. Rp.: InfusiherbaeLeonurus

6. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: HerbaeAdonidisvernalis**
- B. Rp.: Herbae Adonis vernalis
- C. Rp.: Herba Adonis vernalis
- D. Rp. : Herbam Adonidis vernalis
- E. Rp. : Herbarum Adonidis vernalis

7. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Solutionis Iodi spirituosa**
- B.Rp.: SolutioPontamini
- C. Rp.: SolutionisGlucosum
- D. Rp.: SolutionisNatriumchloridum

E. Rp.: Solutionis acidihydrochloricum dilutum

8. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Pulveris Streptocidi**
- B. Rp.: Solutionis Glucosum
- C. Rp.: Extractum Valerianae
- D. Rp.: Acidi Borici
- E. Rp.: Solutionis Natrium chloridum

9. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Infusifoliorum Salviae**
- B. Rp.: Infusum foliis Salviae
- C. Rp.: Infusifoliorum Salvia
- D. Rp.: Infusifolia Salvia
- E. Rp.: Infusum folium Salviae

10. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Solutionis Natrii chloridi isotonicae**
- B. Rp.: Solutionis chloridi Natrii isotonicae
- C. Rp.: Natrii chloridi isotonicae solutionis
- D. Rp.: Isotonicae Solutionis Natrii chloridi
- E. Rp.: Natrii chloridi solutionis isotonicae

11. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Unquenti Hydrargyrialbi**
- B. Rp.: Unquentum albi Hydrargyri
- C. Rp.: Unquento Hydrargyro albo
- D. Rp.: Unquenti Hydrargyrialbum
- E. Rp.: Unquentum Hydrargyrialbi

12. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Extracti Aloes fluidi**
- B. Rp.: Extractum Aloes fluidum
- C. Rp.: Extracti Aloes fluidum
- D. Rp.: Extractum Aloes fluidi
- E. Rp.: Extracti Aloes fluidi

13. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. Rp.: Solutionis Glucosi
- B. Rp.: Solutio Pontamini
- C. Rp.: Solutionis Iodi spiriuosa
- D. Rp.: Solutionis Natrium chloridum
- E. Rp.: Solutionis acidi hydrochloricum dilutum

14. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

- A. **Rp.: Pulveris Streptocidi**
- B. Rp.: Solutionis Glucosum
- C. Rp.: Extractum Valerianae
- D. Rp.: Acidi Boricum
- E. Rp.: Solutionis Natrii chlorido

15. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

A. Rp.: InfusifoliorumSalviae

- B. Rp.: InfusumfoliisSalviae
- C. Rp.: InfusifoliorumSalvia
- D. Rp.: InfusifoliaSalvia
- E. Rp.: InfusumfoliumSalviae

16. Choose a correct Prescription Ordering line:

A. Solutionis Glucosi

- B. Solutio Pontamini
- C. Solutionis Iodi spiriuosa
- D. Solutionis Natrium chloridum
- E. Solutionis acidi hydrochloricum dilutum

17. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe: *TabletsPhenacetini*

A. tabulettas

- B. tabulettarum
- C. tabulettae
- D. tabulettis
- E. tabuletta

18. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Misce, fiat *powder*

A. pulvis

- B. pulveris
- C. pulvera
- D. pulvem
- E. pulverum

19. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe: *Decocti of budsBetulae*

A. gemmarum

- B. foliorum
- C. gemmae
- D. renis
- E. gemmis

20. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe: *Suspension Benzylbenzoatis*

A. Suspensionis

- B. Suspensiae
- C. Suspensi
- D. Suspensionibus
- E. Suspensiarum

21. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe : *Decocti foliorum et cortexSambuci nigrae*

A. corticis

- B. corticum
- C. radicis
- D. radicum
- E. radices

22. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe: Decoctio *f*ruits Rhamnicatharticae

A. fructuum

B. fructis

C. fructibus

D. floris

E. fructu

23. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe : Specierum *p*ectoral 100,0

A. pectoralium

B. carminativa

C. pectoralis

D. pectorale

E. cholagogae

24. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe : Infusi herbae *Adonis vernalis*

A. Adonis vernalis

B. Thermopsis majalis

C. Sinapis officinalis

D. Adonis vernalis

E. Arachis vulgaris

25. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe: Decoctio *c*ortex Quercus

A. corticis

B. corticum

C. cortex

D. corticem

E. corticibus

26. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe : Specierum *sweated* 100,0

A. diaphoreticarum

B. carminativa

C. cholagogae

D. diaphoreticae

E. diaphoreticum

27. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe : Specierum *p*ectoral 100,0

A. pectoralium

B. carminativa

C. pectoralis

D. pectorale

E. cholagogae

28. Choose a correct latin equivalent for a noun (*italic* type):

Recipe: Suspension Benzylbenzoatis

A. suspensionis

- B. suspensiae
- C. suspensii
- D. suspensionibus
- E. suspensiarum

29. Choose a correct translation for a term «for internal use only»:

- A. pro usu interno**
- B. ad usum externum
- C. pro infantibus
- D. ad memoriam
- E. adcurationem

30. Choose a correct translation for a term «for external use only»:

- A. pro usu externo**
- B. ad curationem
- C. ad usum internum
- D. pro infantibus
- E. admemoriam

31. Choose a correct translation for a term «for children»:

- A. pro infantibus**
- B. pro inhalationibus
- C. ad mixturam
- D. pro narcosi
- E. ad usum internum

32. Choose a correct translation for a term «to make a mixture»:

- A. fiantspecies**
- B. fiatspecies
- C. fiatunquentum
- D. fiantglobuli
- E. fiantpilulae

33. Choose a correct translation for a term «dosistherapeutica»:

- A. overage dosage**
- B. intake dose
- C. *maximum dose*
- D. *minimum dose*
- E. daily dose

34. Choose a correct translation for a term «dosisprodosi»:

- A. intake dose**
- B. overage dosage
- C. *minimum dose*
- D. *maximum dose*
- E. daily dose

35. Choose a correct translation for a term «dosisletalisi»:

- A. lethal dose**
- B. *minimum dose*
- C. *maximum dose*
- D. intake dose

E. overage dosage

36. Choose a correct translation for a term «dosisprodie»:

- A. daily dose
- B. overage dosage**
- C. minimum dose
- D. maximum dose
- E. intake dose

37. Choose a correct translation for a line «Give such doses in number 5»:

- A. Da tales doses numero 5**
- B. Date tales doses numero 5
- C. Detur tales doses numero 5
- D. Da talis dosis numero 5
- E. Dentur tales doses numero 5

38. Choose a correct translation for a line «To give such doses in number 5»:

- A. Dentur tales doses numero 5**
- B. Date tales doses numero 5
- C. Detur tales doses numero 5
- D. Da talis dosis numero 5
- E. Da tales doses numero 5

39. Choose a correct translation for a line «Let it be given such doses in number 5»:

- A. Dentur tales doses numero 5**
- B. Date tales doses numero 5
- C. Detur tales doses numero 5
- D. Da talis dosis numero 5
- E. Da tales doses numero 5

40. Choose a correct translation for a line «Give such doses in number 10»:

- A. Da tales doses numero 10**
- B. Date tales doses numero 10
- C. Detur tales doses numero 10
- D. Dentur tales doses numero 10
- E. Da talis dosis numero 10

41. Choose a correct translation for a line «To give such doses in number 10»:

- A. Dentur tales doses numero 10**
- B. Date tales doses numero 10
- C. Detur tales doses numero 10
- D. Da tales doses numero 10
- E. Da talis dosis numero 10

42. Choose a correct translation for a line «Let it be given such doses in number 10»:

- A. Dentur tales doses numero 10**
- B. Date tales doses numero 10
- C. Detur tales doses numero 10
- D. Da tales doses numero 10
- E. Da talis dosis numero 10

43. Choose a correct translation for a line «Give such doses in number 6»:

- A. Da tales doses numero 6**
B. Date tales doses numero 6
C. Detur tales doses numero 6
D. Dentur tales doses numero 6
E. Da talis dosis numero 6

44. Choose a correct translation for a line «Let it be given such doses in number 6»:

- A. Dentur tales doses numero 6**
B. Date tales doses numero 6
C. Detur tales doses numero 6
D. Da tales doses numero 6
E. Da talis dosis numero 6

45. Choose a correct translation for a line «To give such doses in number 6»:

- A. Dentur tales doses numero 6**
B. Date tales doses numero 6
C. Detur tales doses numero 6
D. Da tales doses numero 6
E. Da talis dosis numero 6

46. Choose a correct translation for a line «*Lithium* subcarbonate»

- A. Rp.: Lithiisubcarbonatis**
B. Rp.: Lithiicarbonatis
C. Rp.: Lithiarbonas
D. Rp.: CarbonasLithii
E. Rp.: CarbonatisLithii

47. Choose a correct translation for a line «cholesteric mixture»

- A. Rp.: Specierumlaxantium**
B. Rp.: Speciei laxantie;
C. Rp.: Species laxantia;
D. Rp.: Speciebus laxantibus;
E. Rp.: Speciemlaxantem

48. Choose a correct translation for a line «Magnesium subcarbonate»

- A. Rp.: Magniisubcarbonatis**
B. Rp.: Magniumcarbonas
C. Rp.: CarbonasMagnii
D. Rp.: Magniicarbonatis
E. Rp.: CarbonatisMagnii

49. Choose a correct translation for a line «zinc oxyde»:

- A. Rp.: Zinci oxydi**
B. Rp.: Oxydi Zinci
C. Rp.: Zincum oxydum
D. Rp.: Oxydum Zincum
E. Rp.: Zinci oxydis

50. Choose a correct translation for a line «ointent Mercury amidochloride»:

- A. Rp.: UnquentiHydrargyriamidochloridi**
B. Rp.: UnquentumHydrargyriamidochloridum

- C. Rp.: UnquentiamidochloridiHydrargyri
D. Rp.: UnquentiHydrargyrumamidochloridum
E. Rp.: UnquentiHydrargyroamidochlorido

51. Choose a correct translation for a line «*Aloe with Ferrum Sirup*»:

- A. Rp.: Sirupi Aloes cum Ferro**
B.Rp.: Sirupus Aloe cum Ferro
C.Rp.: Sirupi Aloe cum Ferro
D.Rp.: Sirupi Aloes cum Ferrum
E.Rp.: Sirupus Aloes cum Ferri

52. Choose a correct translation for a line «concentrated acid of vinegar»:

- A. Rp.: Acidiaceticiconcentrati**
B.Rp.: Acidiaceticiconcentratae
C. Rp.: Acidiconcentratiacetici
D. Rp.: Acidumaceticumconcentratum
E. Rp.: Acidoaceticococoncentrato

53. Choose a correct translation for a line «suppository with Ichthyol»:

- A. Rp.: suppositorium cum Ichthyolo**
B. Rp.: suppositorium cum Ichthyolum
C. Rp.: suppositoria cum Ichthyolo
D. Rp.: suppositorium ex Ichthyolo
E. Rp.: suppositorium sine Ichthyolo

54. Choose a correct translation for a line «purified ethyl alcohol»:

- A.Rp.:Spiritusaethylicirectificati**
B. Rp.:Spiritiaethylicirectificati
C. Rp.:Spiritumaethylicumrectificatum
D. Rp.:Spirituethylicumrectificatum
E. Rp.:Spirituumethylicorumrectificatorum

55. Choose a correct translation for a line «precipitated calcium subcarbonate»:

- A. Calciisubcarbonaspraecipitatus**
B. Calcibasicumcarbonatesdilutum
C. Calciumsupercarbonaspraeparatum
D. Calciisupracarbonatiscinereum
E. Calciisubcarbonaspraecipitatum

56. Choose a correct translation for a line «tablets of nicotinic acid»:

- A. Rp.: Tabulettam acidi nicotinici**
B. Rp.: Tabulettas acidum nicotinicum
C. Rp.: Tabulettas acidi nicotinici
D. Rp.: Tabulettae acidi nicotinici
E. Rp.: Tabulettis acida nicotinica

57. Choose a correct translation for a line «Chamomile flowers powder»

- A. Rp.: Florum Chamomillae pulveratorum**
B. Rp.: Floris Chamomillae pulveratis;
C. Rp.: Florum Chamomillae praecipitatum;
D. Rp.: Floris Chamomillae pulverato
E. Rp.: Florum Chamomillae pulveratum;

58. Choose a correct translation for a line «concentrated vinegar acid»:

- A. Rp.: **Acidiaceticiconcentrati**
- B. Rp.: Acidiaceticiconcentratae
- C. Rp.: Acidiconcentratiacetici
- D. Rp.: Acidumaceticumconcentratum
- E. Rp.: Acidoaceticococoncentrato

59. Choose a correct translation for a line «infusion from the *herb of adonis*»

- A. Rp.:**InfusiherbaeAdonisvernalis**
- B. Rp.:InfusiherbaeThermopsismajalis
- C. Rp.:InfusiherbaeSinapisofficinalis
- D. Rp.:InfusiherbaeAdonisvernalis
- E. Rp.:InfusiherbaeArachisvulgaris

60. Choose a correct translation for a line «composed *liniment* containing *methyl salicylate* »

- A. Rp.:**Linimenti Methyl salicylatis compositi**
- B. Rp.:Linimentum compositus Methylsalicylati
- C. Rp.:Linimentum Methyli salicyli compositus
- D. Rp.:Linimenta Methyli salicylati compositi
- Rp.Linimentum Methyl salicylatis compositum

RECOMMENDED LITERATURE

1. Latin language for students of dental faculties [Текст] = Lingua latina ad usim stomatologiae studentium : national textbook for students of higher education establishments-medical universities, institutes and academies / O. M. Bieliaieva [et al.] ; ed. by.: O. M. Bieliaieva ; рец. М. Н. Сенів [ет аль.] . - Kyiv : AUS Medicine Publ., 2018. - 488 p.
2. The Latin Language and Medical Terminology Basics / Edited by Associate Professor, PhD L. Yu. Smolska. - Kyiv: AUS "Medicine", 2010. – 400 p.
3. The Latin Language and Medical Terminology Basics [Text] : textbook for students of institutions of higher medical education / L. Yu. Smolska [et al.] ; ed. by. L. Yu. Smolska. - Kyiv : Medicine, 2010. - 400 p
4. Latin and Fundamentals of Medical Terminology. Handbook for the 1st year English-Speaking Students of the Medical Faculties / авт.-уклад. Т. В. Титієвська, О.В. Гордієнко, А.К. Куліченко, М.Є. Март'янова. – Запоріжжя : ЗДМУ, 2016. – 141 с.